

### Disclaimer



Some statements in this presentation are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the US Securities Acts and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements are forecasts that may differ from the final numbers and are not under our control. For a discussion of the risks and uncertainties as they relate to the Company, please refer to our Form 20F of 2008, and in particular Item 3, containing "Basic Information – Risk Factors".

All figures are in BR GAAP.



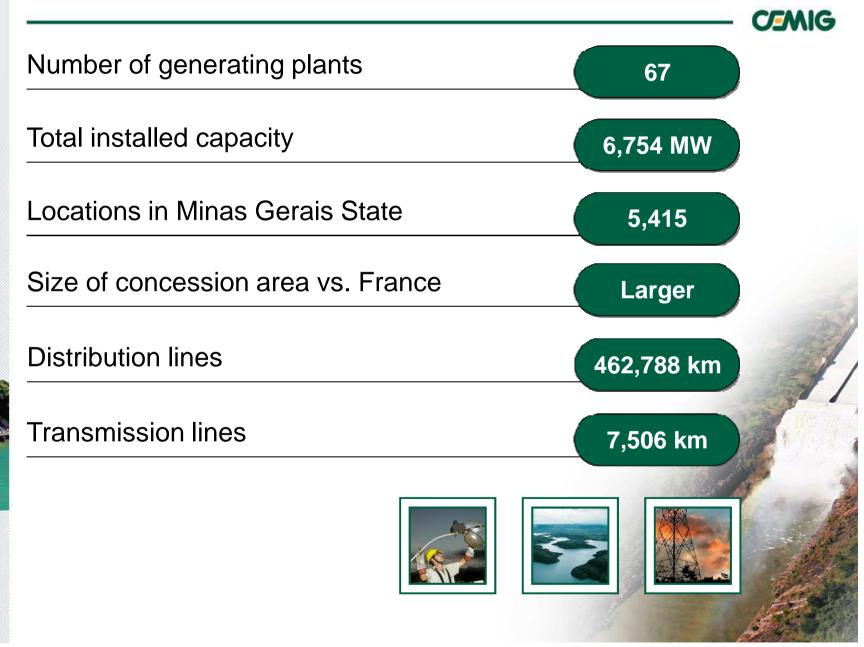


### **Brazil's Leading Power Utility**

3



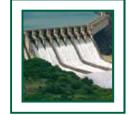
### Cemig: Strength in Numbers

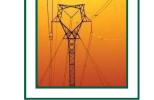


### Cemig at a Glance

- Based in State of Minas Gerais, controlling shareholder
   growing throughout Brazil and Chile
- Strong financial profile 2008<sup>(1)</sup>
  - Net revenues: R\$ 10.9B
  - EBITDA: R\$ 4.1B
- Highest liquidity in sector
  - listed on 3 stock exchanges: New York, São Paulo, Madrid
  - >116,000 shareholders in 44 countries
  - Average Daily Trading:
    - R\$48M in Bovespa
    - \$27M in NYSE
- Solid dividend policy
  - 50% payout ratio, minimum
- Strong growth outlook
  - repricing of energy contracts
  - acquisitions











Note 1: US\$1=R\$ 1.76 as of Dec. 15th 2009

# The Cemig Story – Agenda

CEMIG

### The positioning

The performance

The growth







# Cemig is Uniquely Positioned



1	The Brazil advantage

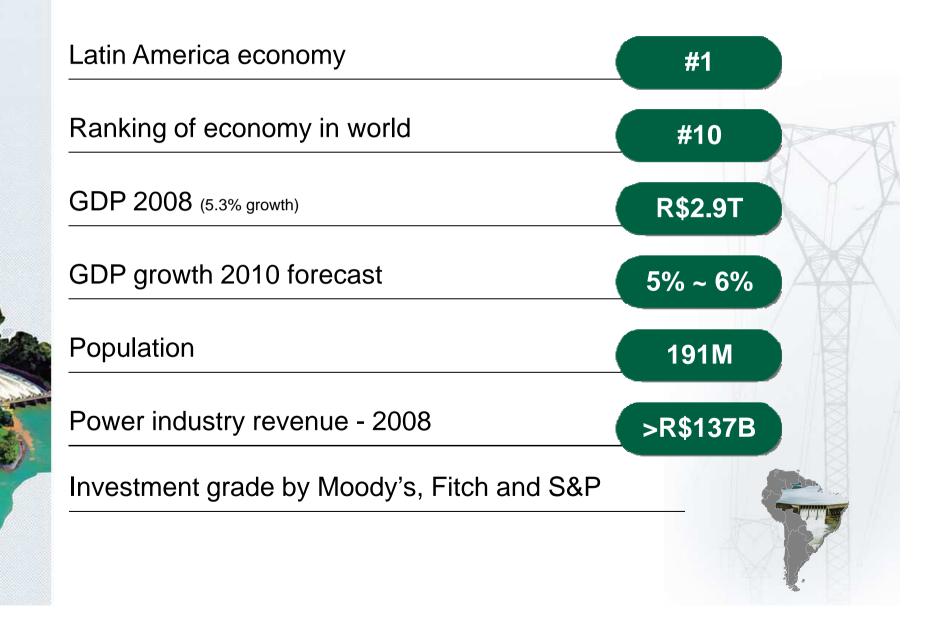
2 Unmatched scale

3 Diversified portfolio

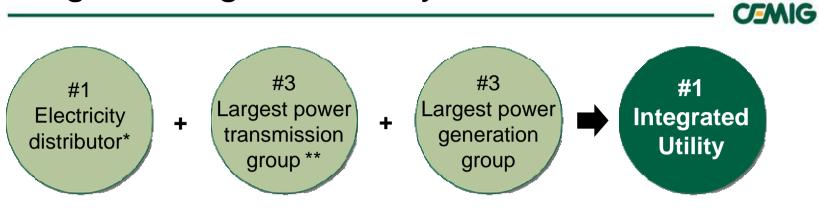
4 Leader in renewable energy

5 Strong governance

# An Emerging Powerhouse Economy



### Largest Integrated Utility in Brazil



- Generation
   Generation (under construction)
   Transmission
   Transmission (under construction)
   Distribution
   Cemig "Free Consumer" Clients
   Purchase of Energy
   Wind Generation
  - Wind Generation (under construction)
  - Gas Distribution

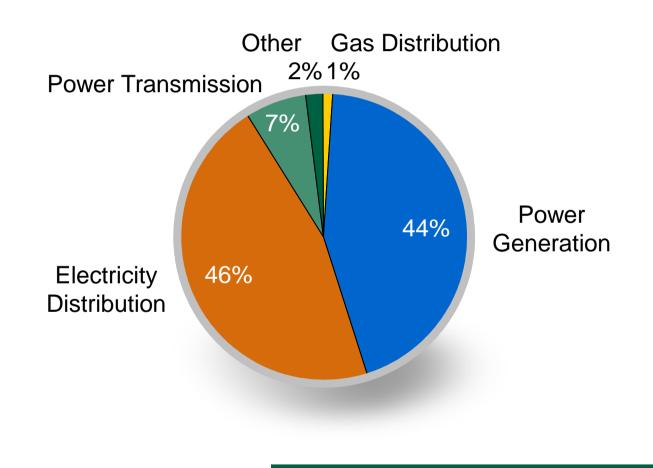
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\* in terms of length of distribution lines\*\* includes Terna

10

# Diversified, Low Risk Business Portfolio



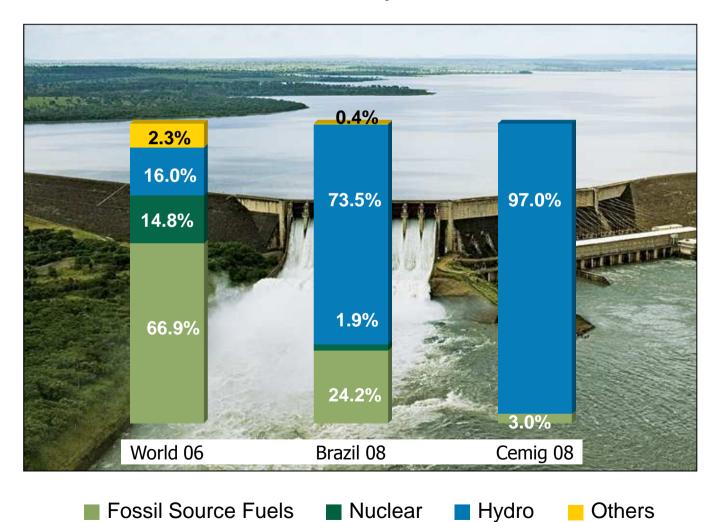


Most of revenues are inflation protected

11

### Leader in Renewable Hydro Energy

**Generation by Source** 



# **Best-in-Class Corporate Governance**



- ✓ Minas Gerais, controlling shareholder a positive influence
  - one of fastest growing, investor-friendly states in Brazil
  - growth and profitability interest aligned with minority shareholders
  - 6 from a total of 14 members are appointed by minority shareholders
- ✓ Pro-market corporate bylaws include
  - Minimum 50% dividend payout
  - Capex limited to 40% of EBITDA
  - Net debt limited to 2.5x EBITDA
  - Net debt limited to 50% of total cap.
- Leader in sustainability
  - only Latin American utility in DJSI since 1999

Prime

✓ Present in the Global Dow Index

Responsibility

oekom research



rated by

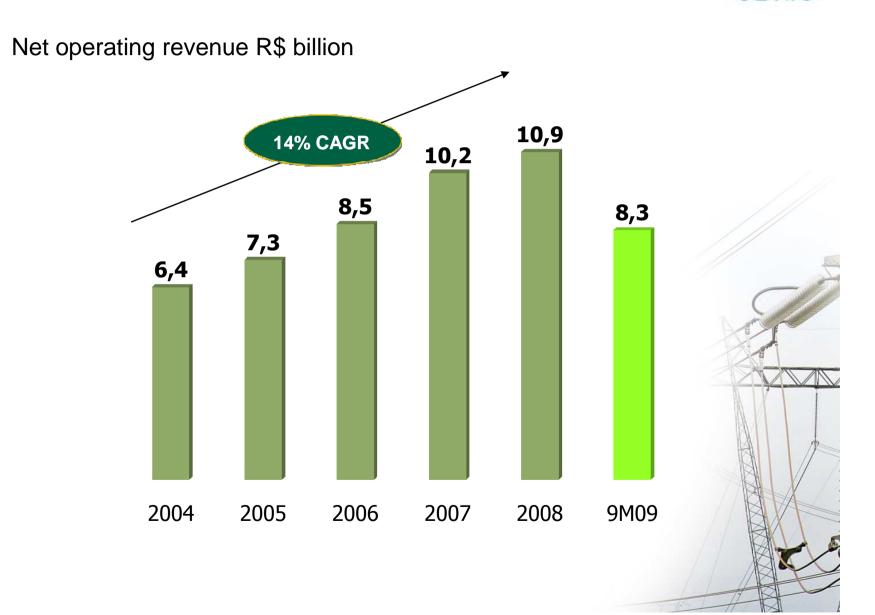




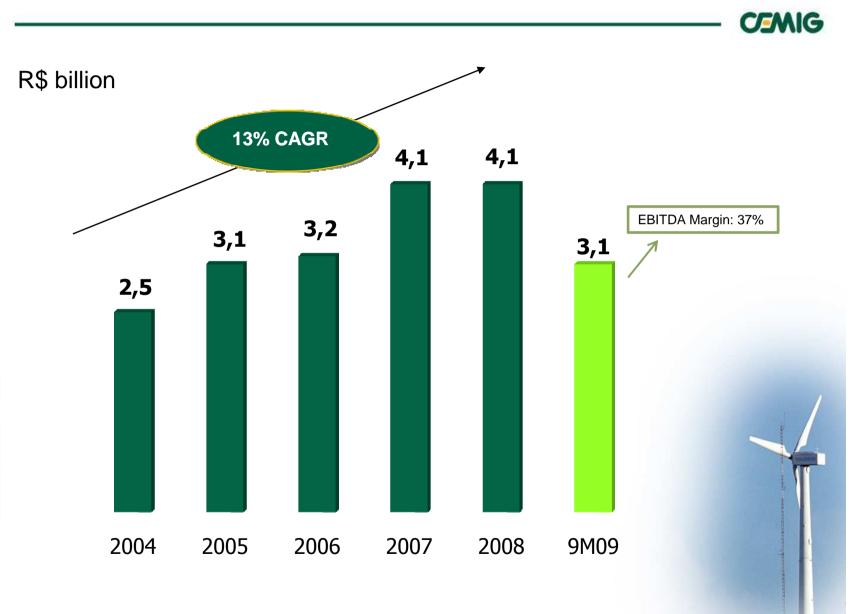


### Strong Revenue Growth

14

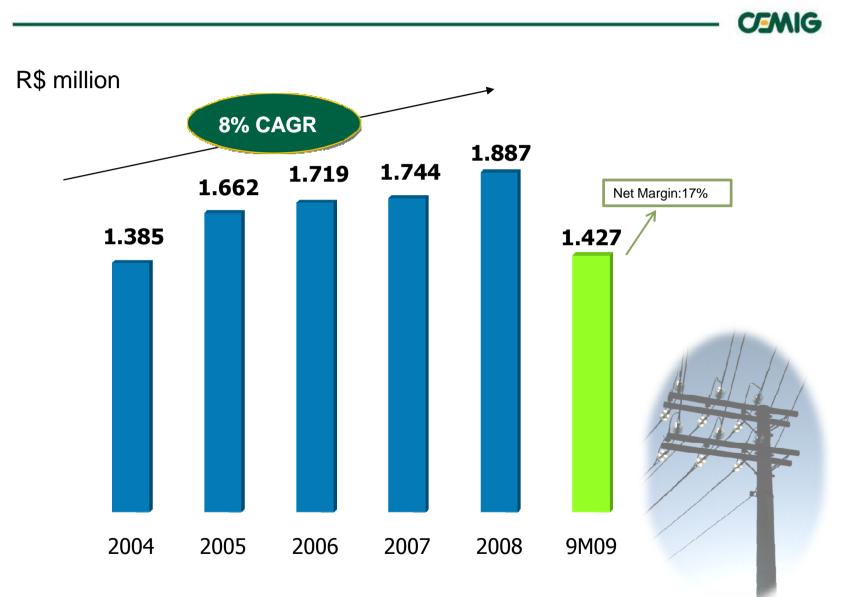


### Similar Growth in EBITDA



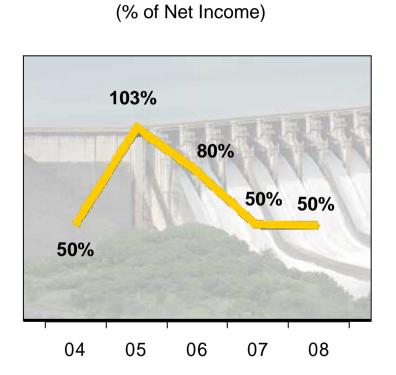
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### Net Income Continues to Expand

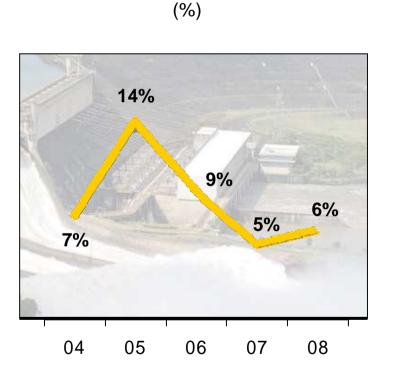


### Attractive and Secure Dividend Payout

CEMIG



**Dividend Payout** 

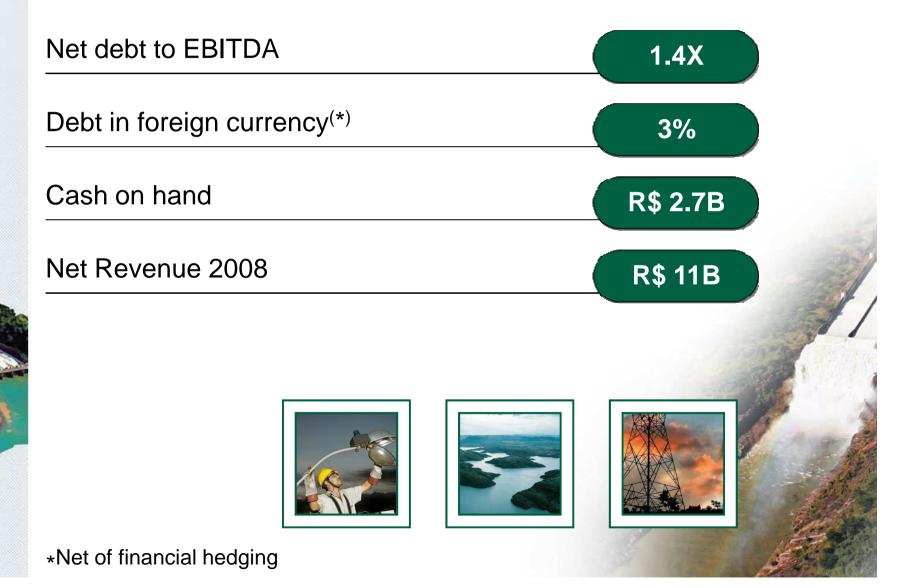


**Dividend Yield** 

### Strong Balance Sheet to Support Growth

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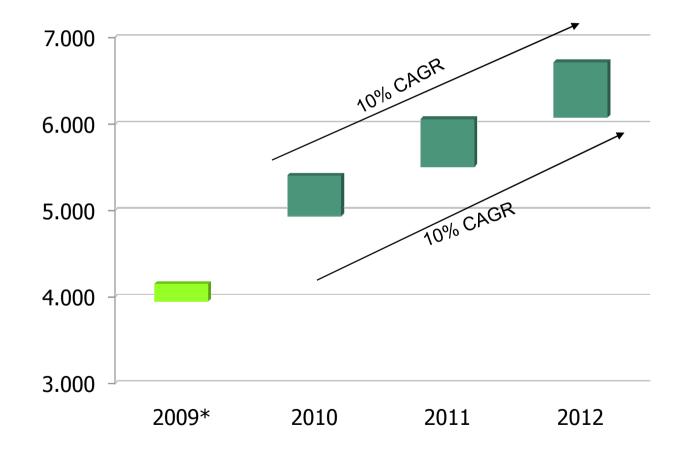
(September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2009)



### Growth Set to Continue

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**EBITDA guidance**<sup>(1)</sup> **2009-2012 R\$ million** (upper + lower limits of range)



\* The EBITDA guidance for 2009 was reviewed in December

(1) Constant currency as of June 2009. Considers just the existing assets

### The Cemig Story – Agenda

CEMIG



### The growth

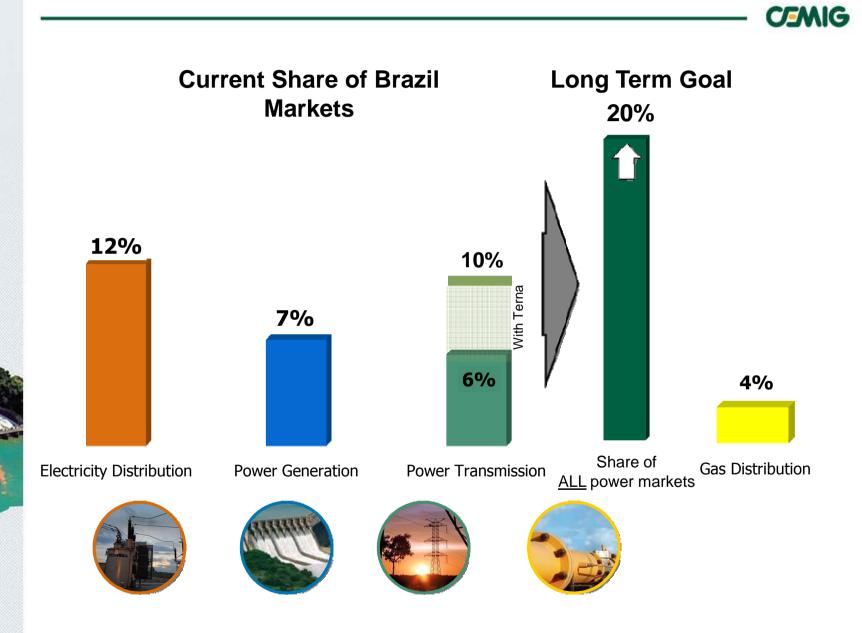








### **Clear Long Term Goals**









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Improve operating efficiency



### **Geographic Expansion**

CEMIG

#### **Geographic focus**

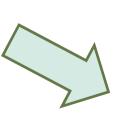
Within Brazil and selected international investments

#### **Business focus**

Businesses we know – power generation and transmission, electricity distribution, gas

#### **Type of investments**

- Acquisitions main driver of short term growth
- Greenfield projects vehicle for long term growth









Disciplined investment criteria

24

# **Record of Successful Acquisitions**

#### **Disciplined Approach**

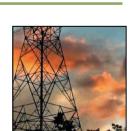
 Record of 5 acquisitions in last 5 years totaling R\$ 4.9B (excluding debt)

#### Case Study: Light (Disco)

- A stake was bought for R\$ 172M in 2006 (with full payback in 2 years)
- Cemig doubled its stake in Light in 2009: R\$785 million for 13.03%
  - IRR of the transaction for the shareholder is 11% in real

#### Case Study: TBE (Transco)

- Acquired TBE stake for R\$ 348M in 2006
- Cemig successfully concluded increase of stake in TBE: R\$ 505M paid in June 2009 (Return >13% real, 91% EBITDA margin)
- In October 2009 Cemig acquired another stake in TBE: R\$ 100M, approximately









#### GROWTH DRIVER #1

### **Record of Successful Acquisitions**

#### Case Study: Wind Farms in Ceara (Genco)

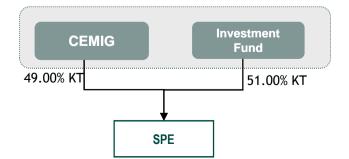
- Acquired 49% stockholdings in three wind farms in February 2009
- Price paid for the shares: R\$ 213 million

#### Case Study: Terna (Transco)

- Acquired 32% stake in 3,753 Km of transmission lines
- Payment of R\$ 1.05 billion in November 2009
- IRR of 10.6% for the base case and 12.5% including additional gains

#### Case Study: New Business Model

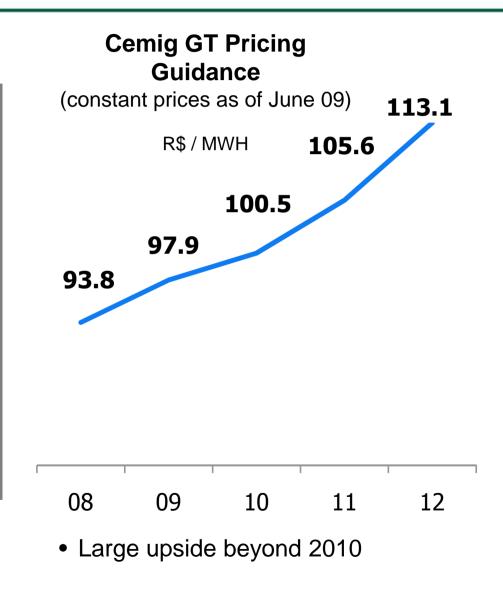
- Partnerships with Investment Funds in recent acquisitions (Terna and Light) creates a new growth driver
- Minority stake allows Cemig to mantain a strategic and competitive position







# Re-Pricing of Power Sales Contracts (\*)



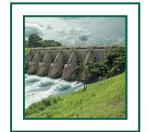
CEMIG

(\*) Cemig Geração e Transmissão

# Continually Improving Operating Efficiencies

- Continuous technological improvement
- Cost reduction program
  - 150 cost cutting initiatives
  - Voluntary Retirement Programs:
    - From 2008 to 2011: 1,500 employees
  - Automatization, new processes
  - Centralization of activities
  - Expense reduction related to materials, services and other expenses







### **Clear Priorities for 2010**



### Why Invest in Cemig

Leading power utility in Brazil

Powerful drivers fueling growth

Sound Balance Sheet

Consistent profitable track record

**Strong Dividend Policy** 

World Leader in Sustainability







### •Background

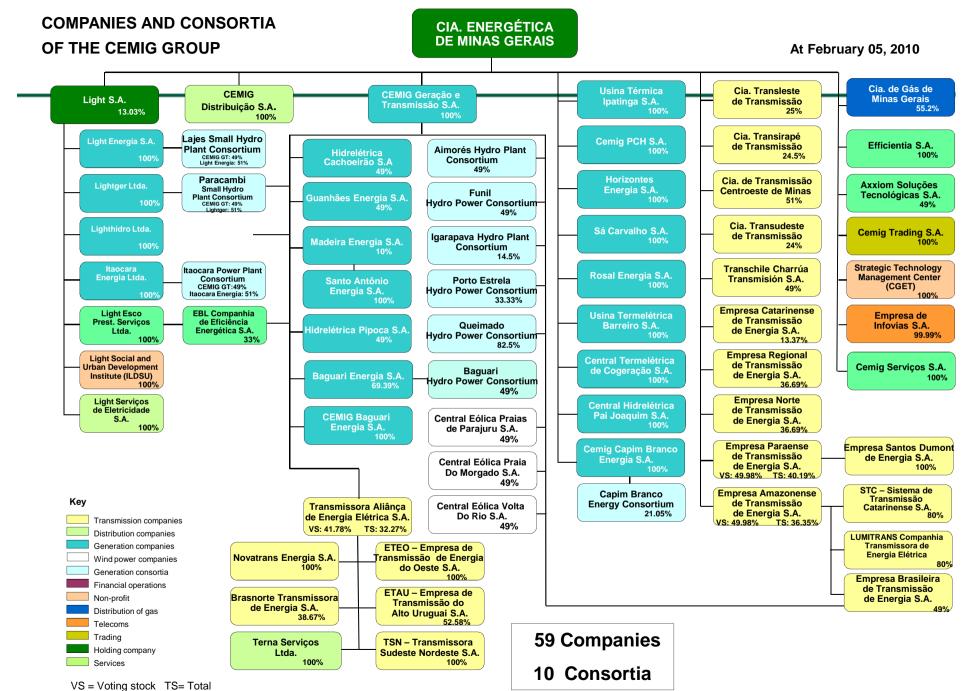
•Strategy Overview

•Business Outlook

•Our Strategy shows Solid Results

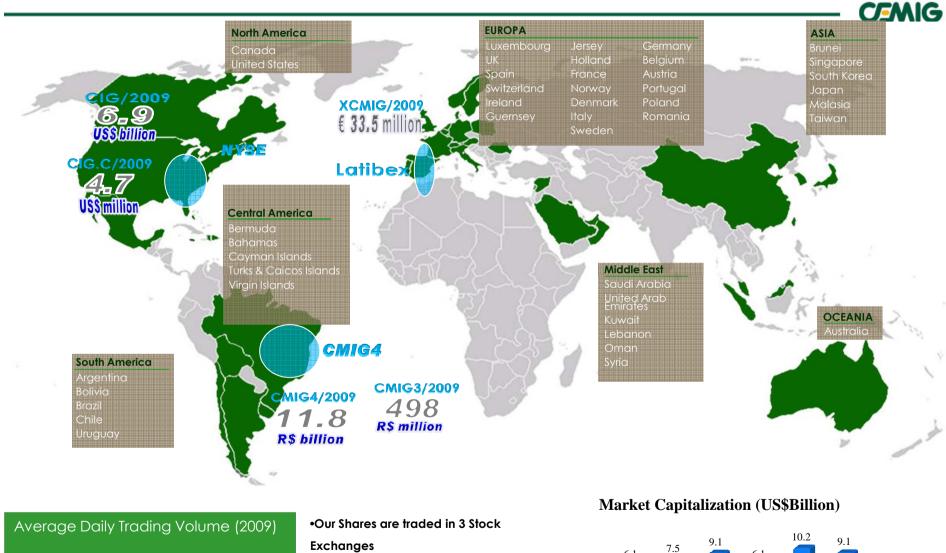
Market Recognition

Regulatory Framework



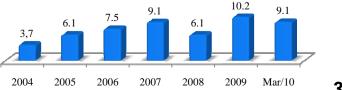
stock

### Strong shareholders base assures liquidity



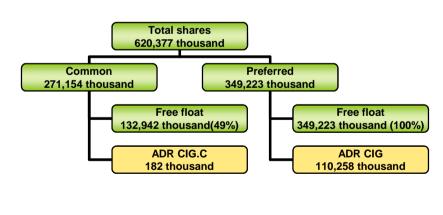
**Bovespa**: R\$ 48 million NYSE: US\$ 27 million

•117,000 shareholders over 44 countries



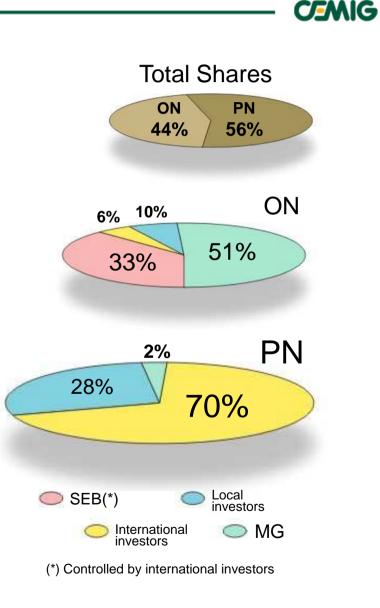
### The blend of shareholders provides long term perspective

- Our shareholder diversity provides a global business management vision focused on sustainability of the company's activities
- Listed in major stock exchanges
  - BOVESPA (Brazil)
  - NYSE (USA)
  - LATIBEX (Spain)



Share nominal value = R\$5.00

ADR outstanding approximately 17% of total shares 1 ADR = 1 share in Bovespa

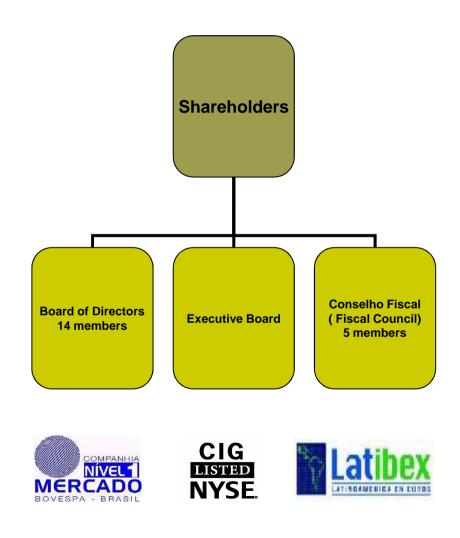


### Corporate Governance: implementation of best practices

CEMIG

#### <u>Highlights</u>

- Code of ethics;
- 6 BoD members appointed by minority shareholders;
- BoD approves all investments above R\$14mn;
- BoD approves nomination of external auditors;
- Executive Board coordinates external auditor selection process (in compliance with the Brazilian Procurement Legislation for state owned companies);
- Fiscal Council plays Audit Committee key role, including:
  - Accounting practices;
  - Dividend policy;
  - Prevention of fraud;
  - Financial statements analysis.
- SOX compliance:
  - Sections 302 and 404 Certification;
- BOVESPA level 1;
- NYSE listed company practices.



CEMIG

- Social and Environmental responsibilities
- Long-term vision commitment
- To guarantee the preservation of our activities
- Prevent undue costs to be passed to the society through a balanced relationship with the environment and the community
- Recognition of our actions to ensure sustainability:
  - Selected member of Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for the tenth time in

a row, now world leader in Utilities "Supersector"

- Selected member of Corporate Sustainability Index of the Sao Paulo Stock

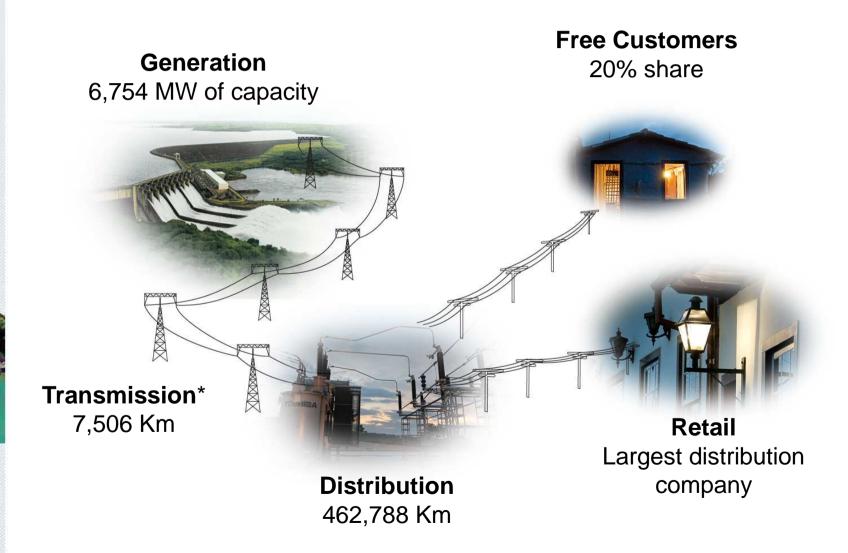
Exchange (Bovespa) for the **fourth** year in a row.





# The Largest Integrated Utility in Brazil

CEMIG



37

## Long Term Strategic Plan addresses sustainable growth...

- Broadening of CEMIG's area of activity, focusing on the electric industry
  - Growth within Brazil's geographical area
  - First steps towards international investments
  - Expansion in line with Brazilian regulatory limits and sustainable growth
  - Invest only in the power industry and gas distribution related business
- Addressing shareholders' long-term interests:
  - Dividend policy: minimum a 50% of net income payout and extraordinary dividends, provided cash availability (stated in the bylaws)
  - Corporate governance focused on transparency and respect of minority shareholders' interests
- Incorporation of our goals and commitments to our bylaws secures stability of the company's long-term planning
  - Capex limited to 40% of EBITDA:
  - Net Debt limited to 2x EBITDA (2.5 x with acquisitions)
  - Net Debt limited to 40% of Total Capitalization (50% with acquisitions)

**Investment policy** to guarantee sustainable growth...

- Pillars of our activity:
  - Focus on electricity sector and related activities
  - Profitability: return compatible with each business
  - Partnerships with strategic investors: corporate governance
- Growth through new projects, long-term vision
  - Opportunities in electricity generation and transmission
- Acquisitions, drivers for short-term growth
- Investment Criteria Selection:
  - Investments that add value to our shareholders
  - Continuous technological and operational improvement
  - Best management practices
- Guarantees to ensure profitability (stated in the bylaws):
  - Investment only in power generation, transmission and distribution and gas&oil projects that offer rates of return compatible with the risk of each business but higher than the level projected in the Strategic Plan, with the exception of legal obligations.

CEMIG

• Operational expenses and revenues of electricity distribution companies, must be kept aligned to the tariff adjustments and reviews. **39** 

# **Basic Economic Figures**

Income Statement – consolidated (R\$ million)	3Q09	3Q08	3Q09/ 3Q08	9M09	9M08	9M09/ 9M08	2008
Net Revenue	2,993	2,755	8.64	8,335	8,135	2.46	10,890
EBITDA	1,073	1,090	(1.56)	2,888	3,151	(8.35)	4,099
EBITDA Margin %	36%	40%	(9.39)	35%	39%	(10.55)	38%
Net Income	567	516	9.88	1,427	1,606	(11.15)	1,887
Net Margin %	19%	19%	0	17%	20%	(13.28)	17%

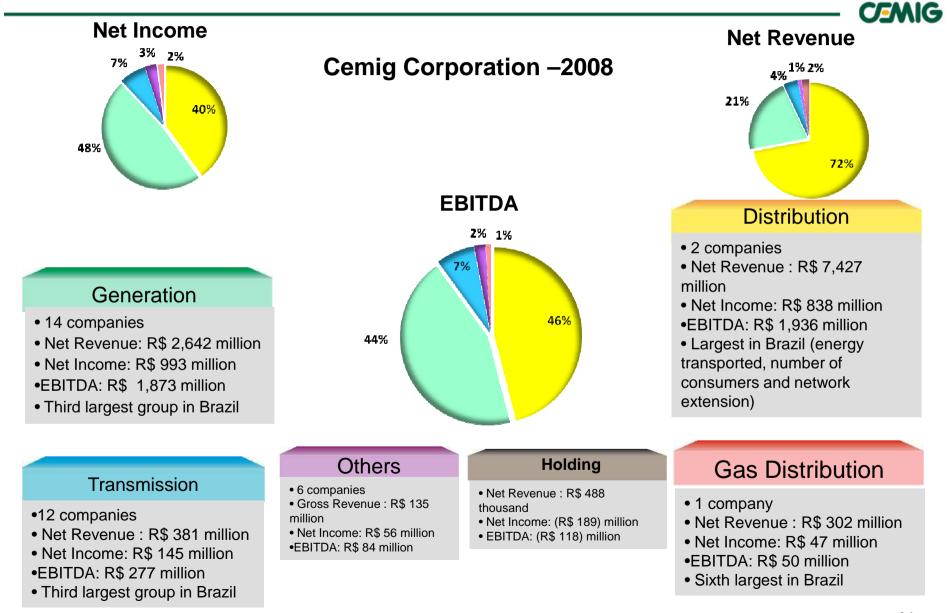
Balance Sheet – consolidated (R\$ million)	3Q09	2Q09
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,769	2,706
Total Assets	26,919	25,127
Total Financial Debt	8,069	7,577
Shareholders' Equity	10,768	9,688
Net Debt (1)	5,300	4,871
Net debt / (stockholders' equity + net debt)	33%	33%

- ✓ Fundamentals remain solid
- ✓ Financial discipline
- ✓ Financial Management focused on long term

(1) Net Debt = Total Debt - Cash and Cash Equivalents

# Business portfolio seeks low risk exposure and ensures

proper return - most of revenues are inflation protected



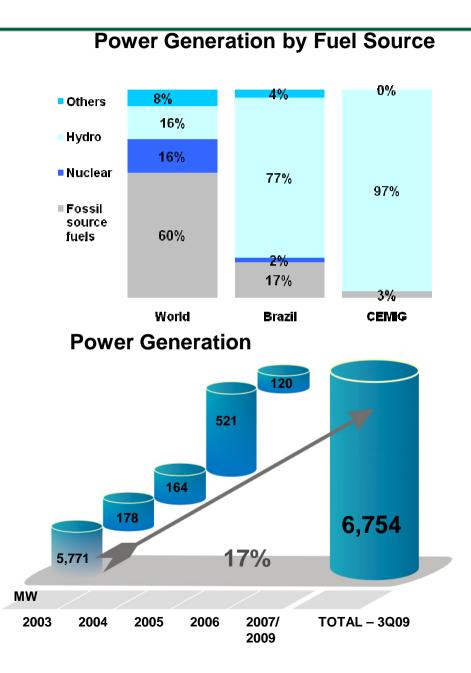


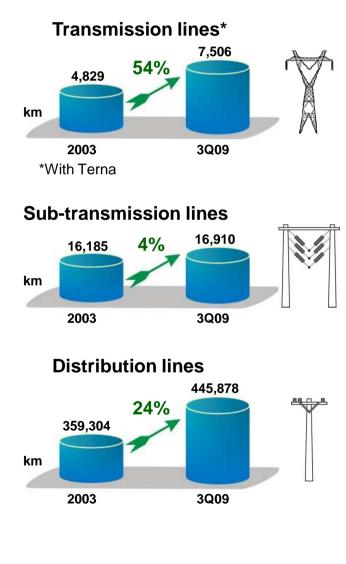
Net Income per Company			
Company	2008	2007	2008/2007
Cemig Distribuição	709	774	-8%
Cemig Geração/Transmissão	986	752	31%
RME (Light)	129	147	-13%
Gasmig	47	46	2%
Infovias	23	56	-60%
TBE	36	29	26%
Cemig Holding	(189)	(176)	7%
Others	99	71	39%
Cemig Consolidated	1,887	1,743	8%

#### Ebitda per Company

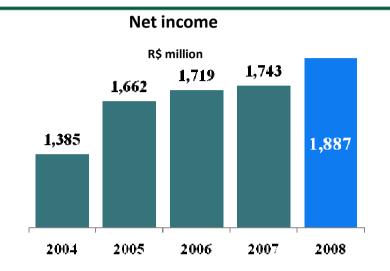
Company	2008	2007	2008/2007
Cemig Distribuição	1,606	1,824	-12%
Cemig Geração/Transmissão	1,924	1,694	14%
RME (Light)	329	247	34%
Gasmig	50	56	-10%
Infovias	52	93	-44%
ТВЕ	74	61	21%
Cemig Holding	(118)	(48)	146%
Others	126	85	47%
Cemig Consolidated	4,100	4,062	8%

# Our power matrix ensures higher operational margins and low environmental impacts

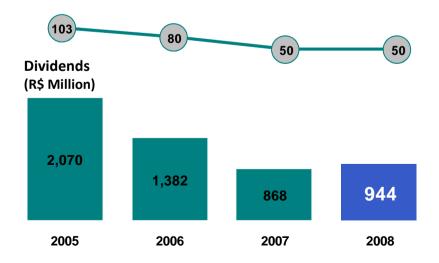


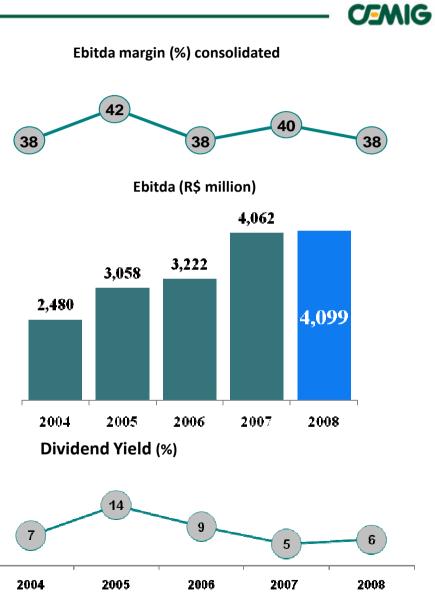


# **Financial highlights**



Dividend pay-out (% of Net income)

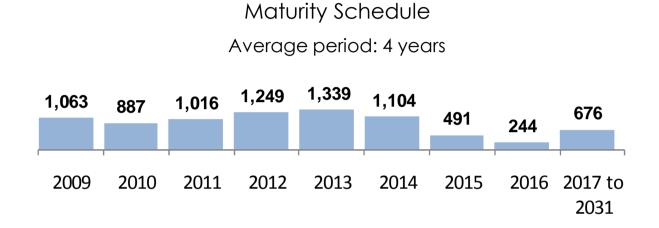




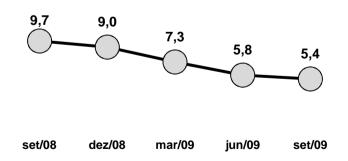
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# Extended debt profile with cost reduction

CEMIG



 $\checkmark$  Captured basic interest rate reduction



#### Consolidated Debt 9/30/2009

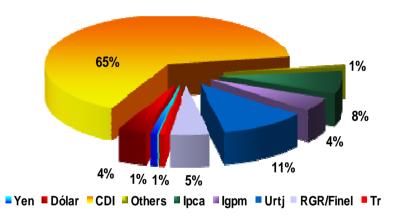
Description	CEMIG consolidated		CEMIG GT		CEMIG D	
Total Debt	8,069		3,464		2,614	
Debt in foreign Currency	405	5%	113	3%	206	8%
Net Debt	5,300		2,049		2,101	
EBITDA/Interest	5.49		7.15		3.69	
Net Debt/ EBITDA	1.38		0.91		2.19	
Net Debt/ (Equit + Net Debt)	32.98%		32.15%		44.31%	

# **Financial discipline** to lower debt cost and reduce FX exposure

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Main indexors

September 2009



Banco do Brasil	R\$ 1,803 (23%)
Debt Holders	R\$ 1,831 (24%)
Banco Itaú BBA(*)	R\$ 1,072 (14%)
Bradesco (*)	R\$ 734 (9%)
BNDES	R\$ 662 ( 9%)
Unibanco	R\$ 560 ( 7%)
Eletrobrás	R\$ 401(5%)
Votorantim	R\$ 157 (2%)
ABN Amro Bank	R\$ 126 ( 2%)
Banco do Nordeste	R\$ 73 (1%)

**Main Creditors** 

(\*) – Includes FIDC

Superior credit capacity recognized by the major rating agencies

FitchRatings A+.bra Cemig H, Cemig GT and Cemig D National scale



Aa1.br	Cemig GT and Cemig D	National scale
Aa2.br	Cemig H	National scale
Baa3	Cemig GT and Cemig D	Global scale
Ba1	Cemig H	Global scale

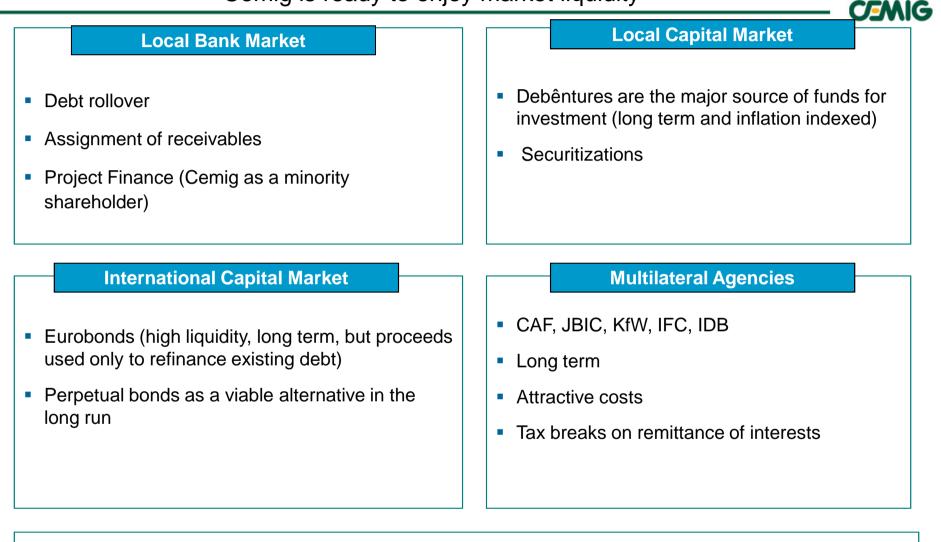


brAA-Cemig GT and Cemig HNational scalebrAACemig DNational scaleBBCemig H, Cemig GT and Cemig DGlobal scale

Solid fundamentals assured by excellent financial management, stable profitability, strong cash generation and robust corporate governance.

## Opportunities of raising funds to finance expansion

### Cemig is ready to enjoy market liquidity



• Eletrobrás: long term, attractive costs, but restricted to rural electrification



- Company's structure oriented towards electricity sector consolidation
- Operational excellence aligned with costs reduction
- Investment criteria defined by Strategic Plan to add value
- Risk management ensures reliable processes
- Corporate governance as a corporate value constantly evolving
- Financial management to improve credit quality and cost reduction
- Sustainability and governance contained in Company's bylaws
- Committed to provide investors' return on investment



Background

# •Strategy Overview

•Business Outlook

•Our Strategy shows Solid Results

Market Recognition

Regulatory Framework

### Expansion:

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## Increased participation in TBE

- ✓ Approved by the Board of Directors on October 29
- ✓ Seller: MDU Resources Luxembourg II LLC, S.à.r.I
- ✓ Approximate amount: R\$100 million referring to September 30, 2009. Final amount depends on whether or not the partners exercise their right of first refusal
- $\checkmark$  Shares in the following companies will be acquired:

Company	Voting Capital	Total Capital
ENTE	13.3%	13.3%
ERTE	13.3%	13.3%
ECTE	Up to 10%	Up to 10%

- ✓ The operation still depends on approval by ANEEL, BNDES and other financing entities
- ✓ This acquisition shows Cemig's growth strategy through minority shares, ensuring partners the right of first refusal



CEMIG

# Cemig advances in the transmission sector

- ✓ Segment with greatest cash flow predictability and stability
- ✓ Long-duration contracts readjusted for inflation
- ✓ After the expanded participation in TBE and acquisition of Terna, contribution of the transmission business to the Company's consolidated EBITDA would have been close to 14% in 2008 (pro forma)
- ✓ New installed transmission capacity will reach 7,455 Km
- ✓ Grid with national reach: presence in 13 Brazilian states and in the Federal District
- ✓ Potential for synergies to be explored

# ✓ Expansion:

### New generation projects: continuous growth

- ✓ Start Up of Baguari Hydroelectric Plant
  - Installed Capacity: 140 MW
  - Cemig's Participation: 34%
  - 120 days earlier than the initial schedule
- ✓ Start Up of Parajuru Wind Plant
  - 28.8 MW of installed capacity
  - Cemig's Participation: 49%
- $\checkmark\,$  Presence in the wind sector is strategic
  - Brazilian potential estimated to be 140 GW
  - By the end of the year, an additional 70.8 MW will be inaugurated by Cemig
  - We are studying more than 400 MW in new projects through partnerships
- ✓ Cemig's new installed generation capacity: 6,754 MW

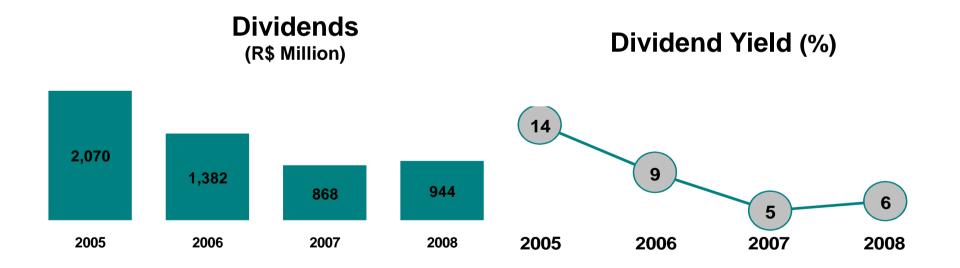






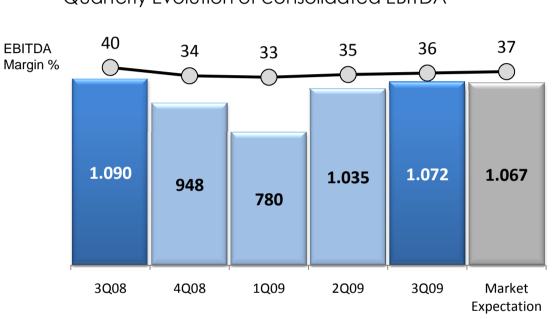
# ✓ Dividends:

 R\$ 472 million were paid on June 09 and other R\$ 472 million were paid in December 2009, representing 50% of 2008 Net Income



### ✓ Solid Financial Situation:

CEMIG

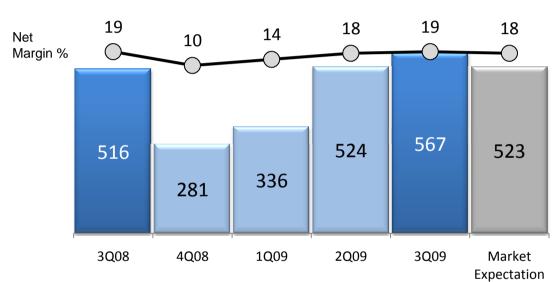


Quarterly Evolution of consolidated EBITDA

- ✓ EBITDA margin grows for the second consecutive quarter, reaching 36%
- ✓ EBITDA remains stable in relation to the pre-crisis period (3Q09/3Q08)
- ✓ Value realized in line with market expectations

### ✓ Solid Financial Situation:

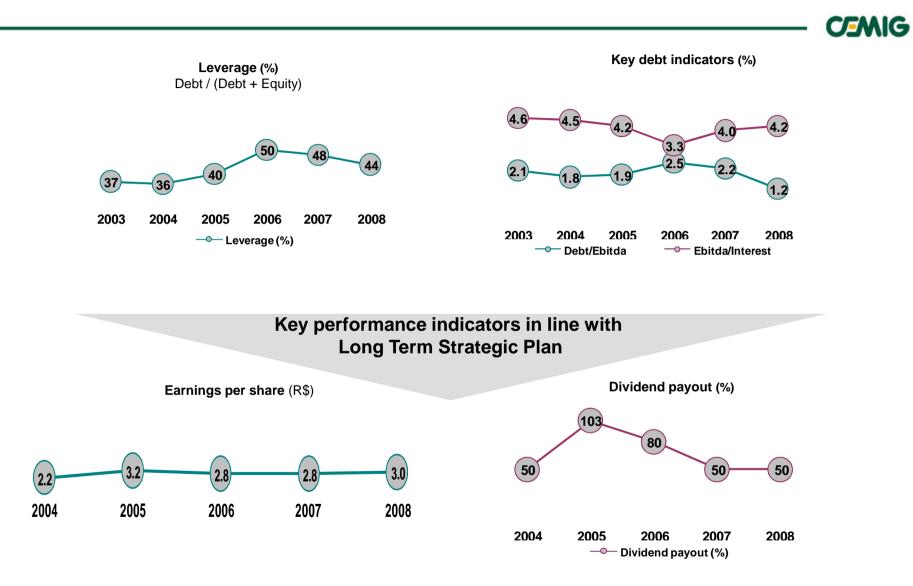
CEMIG



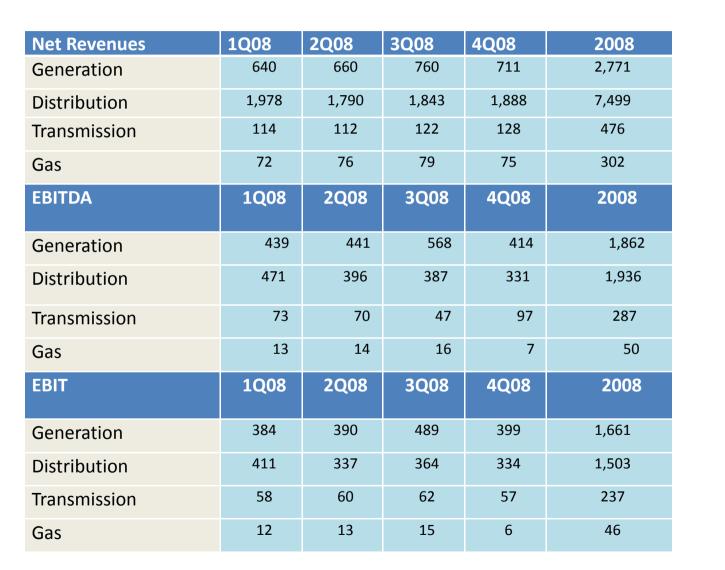
#### Quarterly Evolution of consolidated Net income

- ✓ We attained our best Net Income in the last 4 quarters
- ✓ Results driven by growth in all operations
- Commercial strategy and balanced business portfolio resulted in Net Margin reaching 19%

# Continuous improvement of our KPI



# Results from operations (R\$ Million)





•Background

•Strategy Overview

# •Business Outlook

•Our Strategy shows Solid Results

Market Recognition

Regulatory Framework

# Basics of our business portfolio



- Power generation
  - More competitive environment
    - Regulated market : long term contracts with distributors sales through public auctions.
    - Un-regulated market : medium term contract with large clients. Contract terms bilaterally negotiated.
- Power transmission
  - Most successful regulation
  - Stable cash flow: fixed income alike investment
- Electricity distribution
  - Strongly regulated
    - Operating expenses: Full pass-through mechanism. Yearly adjustment for non controllable costs and inflation.
    - 5 year rate setting review: sharing productivity gains with users
    - Revenues come from grid use and sales to captive market
- Natural gas distribution
  - Same concession area of Cemig Distribuição
  - Partnership with Petrobrás (Petrobrás 40% and Cemig 55%)
- Telecommunication backbone services
  - Synergy: usage of power transmission lines for fiber optics cables
    - 60% of capacity used by Cemig Group

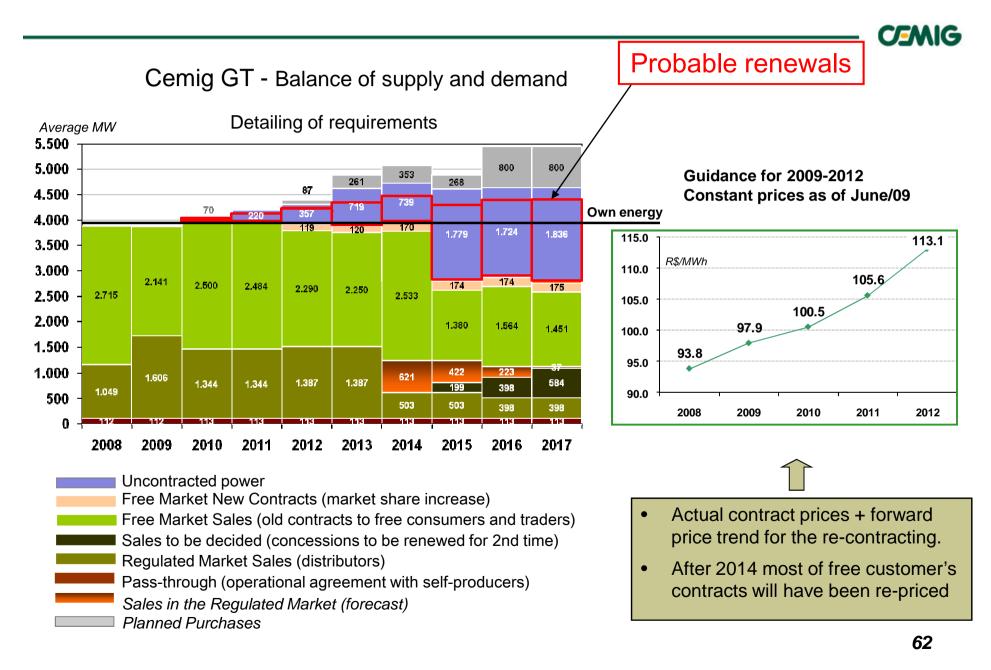
CEMIG

### Cemig's consolidated generation assets (September/09)

Plant	Installed capacity (MW)	Efective Power (MW Average)
Largest hydroelectric plants		
São Simão	1,710	1,281
Emborcação	1,192	497
Nova Ponte	510	276
Jaguara	424	336
Miranda	408	202
Três Marias	396	239
Volta Grande	380	229
Irapé	360	206
Aimorés	162	84
Light Geração (13,06%)	112	70
Others	901	511
Total hydro-electric	6,555	3,932
Total thermal	184	83
Wind	15	7
Total	6,754	4,021

• Cemig provides 7% of Brazil's generation capacity and supplies 20% of Brazil's free customers market

## Our power generation contracts start re-pricing in 2010

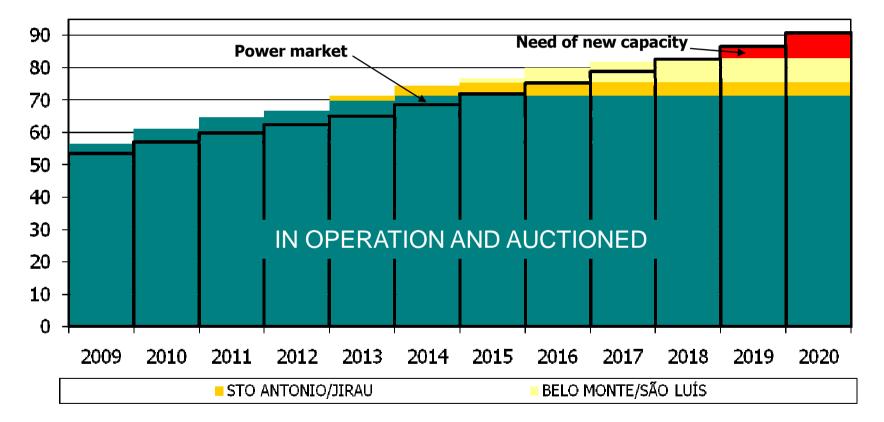


# Supply–Demand balance in the Brazilian System



#### Structural electricity balance

(Assuming: restrictions on supply of natural gas according to Petrobrás commitment term)



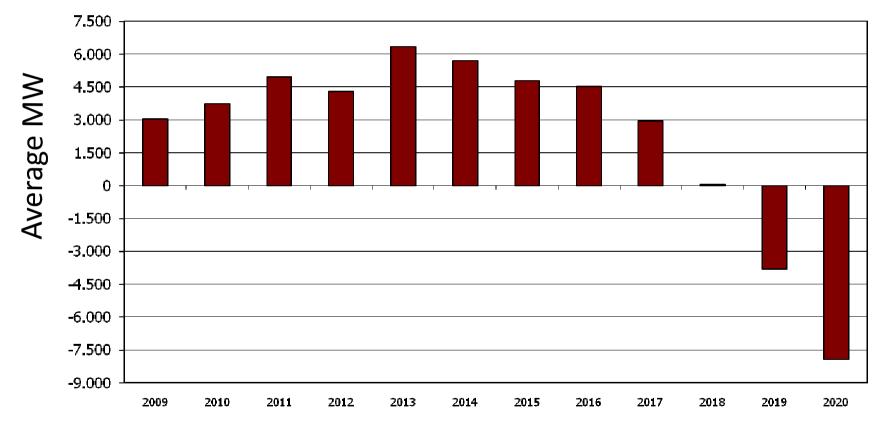
Sources: PMO Nov 2009, Cemig research.

GDP growth of 0.5% in 2009, 5,5% in 2010 and 4,0% in 2011+, average market growth of 4.5% (1.2% in 2009). Belo Monte (Xingú RIver – 11,233 MW and São Luiz (Tapajós River) 8,381 MW

CEMIG

#### Structural electricity balance (surpluses and deficits)

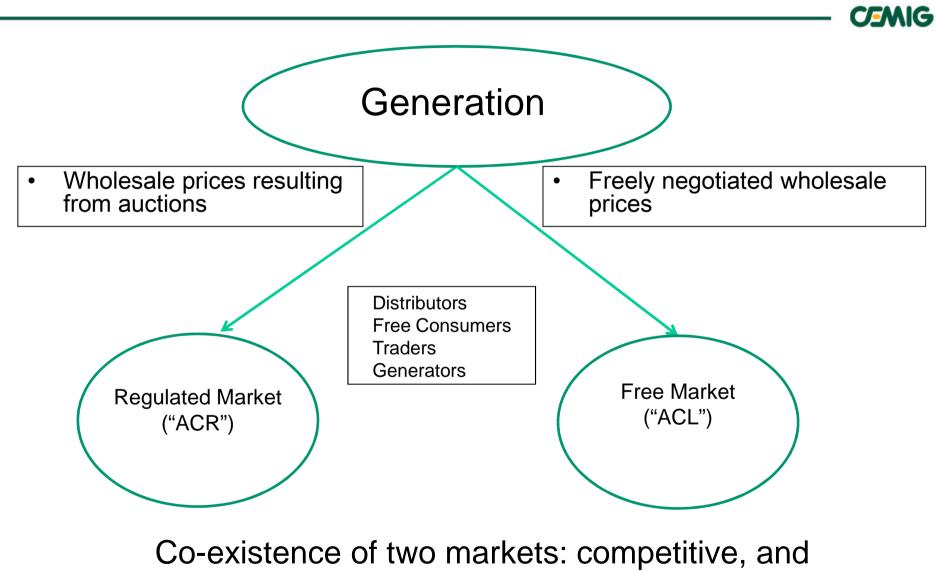
(Assuming: restrictions on supply of natural gas according to Petrobrás commitment term)



Sources: PMO Nov 2009, Cemig research.

GDP growth of 0.5% in 2009, 5,5% in 2010 and 4,0% in 2011+, average market growth of 4.5% (1.2% in 2009).

# Brazil's electricity markets



regulated

# Types of contracting in the Regulated Market

	A–5 New Energy Auctions	A–3 New Energy Auctions	A–1 Existing Generation Auctions	Local Generation Auctions	Adjustment Auctions
Objective	Expansion	Expansion	Existing load	Existing load	Adjustment of current situation
Duration of contract	15 to 30 years	15 to 30 years	5 to 15 years	No standard	Up to 2 years
Market	Regulated	Regulated	Regulated	Regulated	Regulated
Restrictions	None	2% of the load in A–5	Depends on the replacement amount, that is to say the amount of electricity that is being de- contracted in the year the auction is held.	Up to 10% of the load. Passthrough limited by the Reference Value, that is to say the limit for passthrough to the tariff.	Up to 1% of the demand contracted in A
Source (Usual)	Hydro	Hydro and Thermal	Hydro	Hydro, Thermal and alternative sources	Hydro

# Power Generation Auctions:2008/2009

- New Energy Regular Auctions:
  - 2008 Auction (last one)
    - A-5 September, 30<sup>th ,</sup>
      - 3,125 MWAvg from 2011
      - Thermo Price: R\$145.47/MWh
      - Hydro price: R\$ 98.98/MWh
- Adjustment Auction:
  - 2009 Auction
    - February, 20<sup>th</sup>
      - 990 MWAvg in 10 and 4 months long contracts
      - Average price: R\$ 145.67/MWh
      - Cemig GT sold 262 Avg MW @ R\$ 145.73 / MWh
- Existing Generation Auctions:
  - A-1 November, 30th
    - Price cap of R\$ 100/MWh
    - No sales

- 2009 New Energy Auctions:
  - A-3 : August 27th
    - 11 MWAvg in 15 and 30 years long term contracts
    - Average price: R\$ 144.54/MWh
    - Power will be delivered from 2012
  - Wind Generation: December 14<sup>th</sup>
    - 783 MWAvg in 20 years long term contracts
    - "Reserve type " auction
    - Power will be delivered from 2012
    - Average price: R\$ 148.39/ MWh
  - A-5: December 21<sup>th</sup> Canceled
    - Canceled due to delays in the issuance of environmental licenses from the enrolled Hydroelectric Power Plants
    - 15 year long thermo contracts and 30 years long for hydro
    - Power would be delivered from 2014
    - Price Cap: R\$ 144 / MWh
- Special Auctions: Belo Monte
  - 2010
  - 11,233 MW
  - 30 years long contracts

#### Current status

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# **Business Opportunities: Small Hydros Program**

CEMIG Short-term supply alternative Successful funding format: 5 PCHs 60.60 MW 30% Equity \_ 1 PCH • Cemiq 49% 22.5 MW 79 PCHs Private Investor 51% 951.86 MW 70% Debt \_ BNDES Current status: Cachoeirão Small Hydro Power 35 PCHs Plant (27 MW) in commercial operation; 323.52 MW Pipoca Small Hydro Power Plant (20 MW) estimated to start operation in the 1<sup>st</sup> half of 2010; 04 Small Hydro Power Plants (44 MW) construction is estimated to begin in the 1<sup>st</sup> half of 2010 (Fortuna II, Dores de Guanhães, Senhora do Porto e Jacaré); 49 PCHs 109 PCHs 05 Small Hydro Power Plants (77 422.91 MW 1365.73 MW MW) construction is estimated to 56 PCHs begin in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2010. 12 PCHs 473.81 MW 38.60 MW PCH = Small Hydro Power Plant

# Business Opportunities: biomass cogeneration

### CEMIG

# Sugar and ethanol potencial in Minas gerais

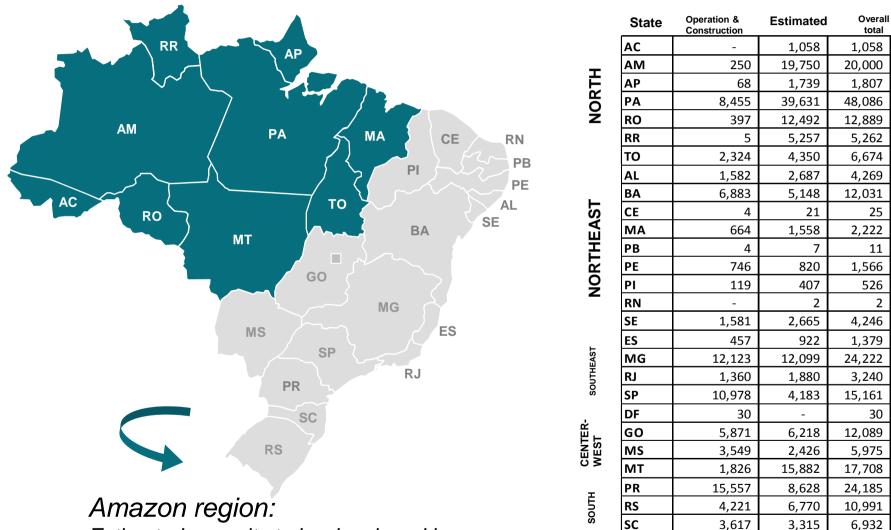
Plants	Quantity*	Generatn. (MWa**)	Surplus (MWa**)
Existing	12	750	300
Expected	22	2,416	1,631
Total	34	3,166	1,931

\* Just includes plants available to generate and sell power \*\*Average generation in 6 months of the year

- ✓ Approximately 75% of the plants are located in the heavy-industry region known as the Minas Triangle
- ✓ Generation available from April to September, the dry season for the hydro power plants
- ✓ Solutions offered by Cemig through its subsidiaries:
  - Connection of Plants to the national electricity grid.
  - Sale of excess electricity generated not consumed by the Plant itself.
  - Formation of corporate partnerships, creating Special-purpose Companies, to

implement or retrofit thermal plants.

# Brazilian hydroelectric power generation potential



Estimated capacity to be developed is 63% of the total available

Source: Eletrobrás (SIPOT).

82,671

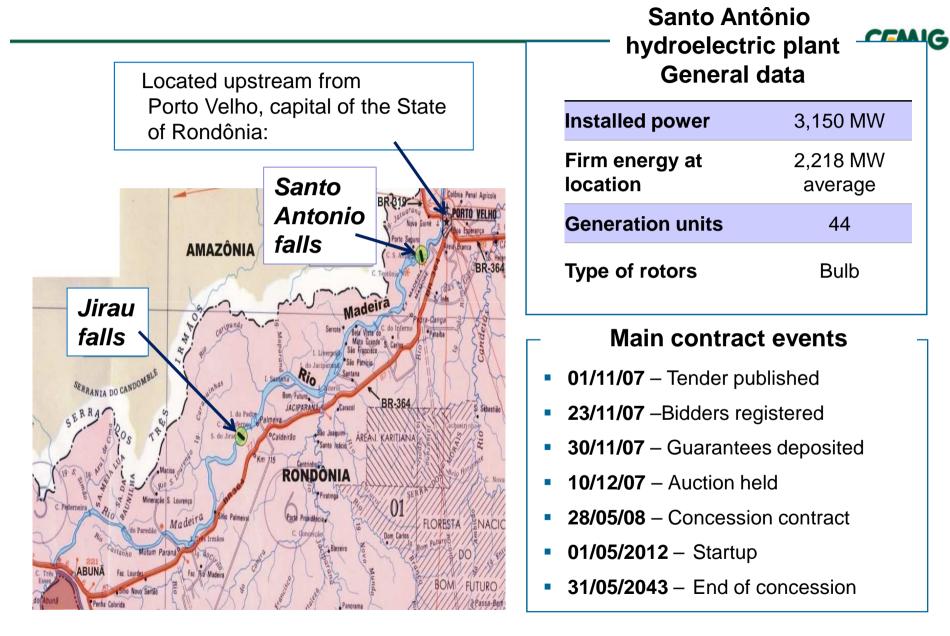
159,915

Total

#### Situation as of June 2009, MW

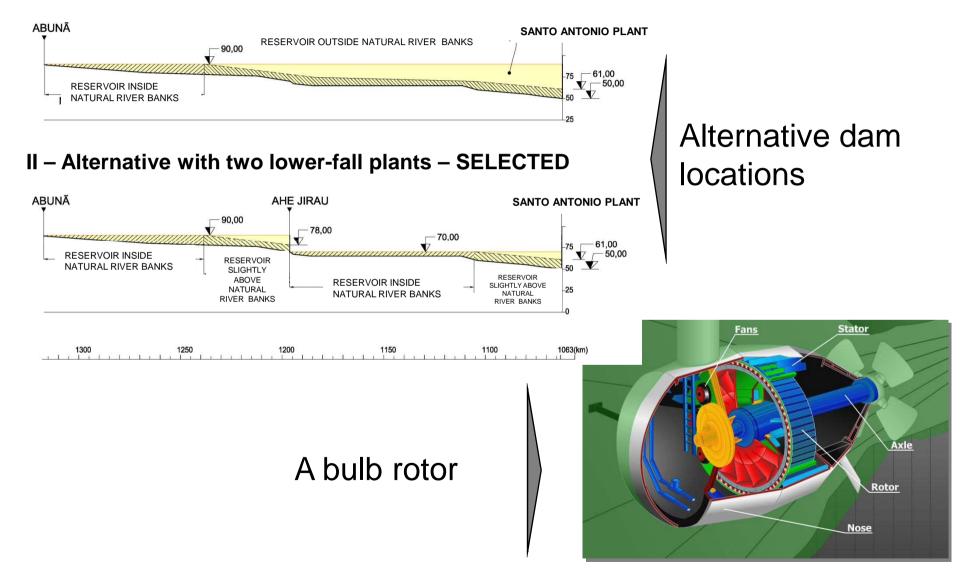
242,586

# The Madeira River generation complex



# Madeira River generation complex

### - I – Single plant alternative – rejected by a close margin



# Santo Antônio hydro plant – basic information

CEMIG

- Low-fall plant (13.9 m), average estimated flow 568 m<sup>3</sup>/s, lake 271 km<sup>2</sup>, resulting in lower ratio between reservoir area and total energy generated than in other Amazon region plants: index of 0.09
  - Balbina (250 MW, 2,360 km<sup>2</sup> reservoir): index 9.44
  - Samuel (217 MW, 584 km<sup>2</sup> reservoir): index 2.69
  - Manso (210 MW, 387 km<sup>2</sup> reservoir): index 1.84
  - Tucuruí (4,000 MW, 2,414 km<sup>2</sup> reservoir): index 0.61
  - Belo Monte (11,000 MW, 440 km<sup>2</sup> reservoir): index 0.04
- Low population on banks of Madeira River:

1,762 people affected ,in 415 homes

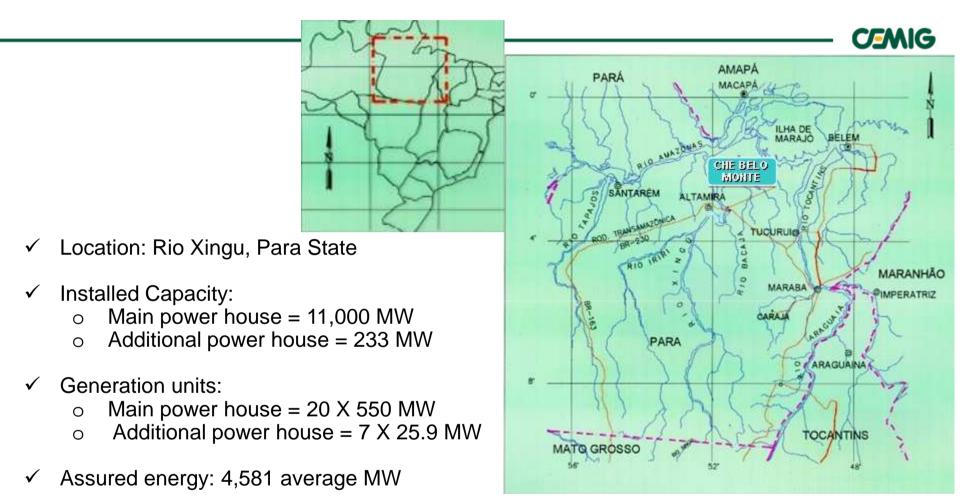
- Management of construction: Furnas and Cemig (being decided)
- EPC Group
  - Construction leaders:
    - Norberto Odebrecht and Andrade Gutierrez
  - Manufacturers of rotors and generators:
    - Alstom, VA Tech Hydro and Voith

- 3,150 MW of installed capacity
- 2,218 MWAverage of energy > Capacity Factor (CF) of 69%;
- Price: R\$78.87/MWh (equivalent to R\$99/MWh for a traditional 55% CF Hydro Power in Brazil)
- Winner consortium:
  - 10% Cemig
  - 39% Furnas
  - 20% FIP (Investment Fund) Amazônia Energia
  - 18.6% Odebrecht
  - 12.4% Andrade Gutierrez
- Start-up schedule:
  - 140 MW in 2012; 860 MW in 2013; 860 MW in 2014; 860 MW in 2015 and 430 MW in 2016
- Installation license granted on 08/12/08

### Santo Antônio Hydro Plant: model's assumptions

Scenario	Impact on IRR
IRR on initial base case — including bringing forward completion date	11.12%
A. Increase in assured energy – 2% (power gain)	+ 0.54%
Base case rate of return	11.66%
B. Releverage	+ 0.84%
Target return rate of the investment	12.50%
C. Additional Fiscal Credits	+ 1.23%
D. Additional increase in assured energy (for each 1% of additional gain, up to 10%)	+ 0.19%

### Belo Monte Hydro Plant – Basic information



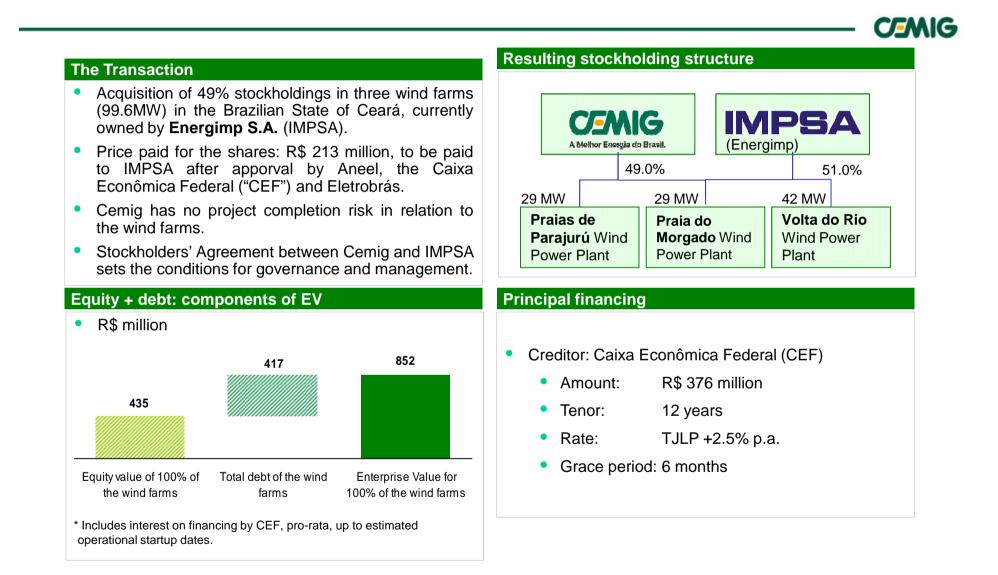
#### Auction expected for 2010

Flooded area: 440 Km2

✓ Construction time:

 $\checkmark$ 

- Initial Startup: 60 month
- o Full operation: 120 month



# Acquisition of holdings in wind farms: The Assets



	stalled capacity:28.8MWInstalled capacity:28.8MWbad factor:>45%Load factor :>45%hergy contracted :106.6GWh / yearEnergy contracted :115.6GWh / yearlient (Proinfa):EletrobrásClient (Proinfa):Eletrobrás		
Praias de Parajurú Wind	d Power Plant	Praia do Morgado Wind	Power Plant
-	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará	Location: Acaraú	
Location: Beberibe (	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each	<ul> <li>Location: Acaraú</li> <li>Equipment:</li> </ul>	(240km fromFortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each
Location: Beberibe ( Equipment:	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW	<ul> <li>Location: Acaraú</li> <li>Equipment:</li> <li>Installed capacity:</li> </ul>	(240km fromFortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW
Location: Beberibe ( Equipment: Installed capacity:	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45%	<ul> <li>Location: Acaraú</li> <li>Equipment:</li> <li>Installed capacity:</li> <li>Load factor :</li> </ul>	(240km fromFortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45%
Location: Beberibe ( Equipment: Installed capacity: Load factor:	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45% 106.6GWh / year	<ul> <li>Location: Acaraú</li> <li>Equipment:</li> <li>Installed capacity:</li> <li>Load factor :</li> <li>Energy contracted :</li> </ul>	(240km fromFortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45% 115.6GWh / year
Location: Beberibe ( Equipment: Installed capacity: Load factor: Energy contracted :	102km from Fortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45% 106.6GWh / year Eletrobrás	<ul> <li>Location: Acaraú</li> <li>Equipment:</li> <li>Installed capacity:</li> <li>Load factor :</li> <li>Energy contracted :</li> <li>Client (Proinfa):</li> </ul>	(240km fromFortaleza), Ceará 19 rotors of 1,516KW each 28.8MW >45% 115.6GWh / year Eletrobrás

### Power Transmission: Cemig

	2005	2006	2007	2008	3Q09
525-Kv lines	0	0	0	51	56
500-kV lines	2.165	2.592	2.488	2.788	2.860
345-kV lines	1.976	1.969	2.001	2.001	2.001
230-kV lines	751	803	824	915	1.444
Sub-Total	4.892	5.364	5.313	5.755	6.361
Terna (32,27%)					1.094
Total	4.892	5.364	5.313	5.755	7.455

- Start-up of Furnas Pimenta transmission line in 2009:
  - 345 kV, 75 km
- Start-up of Charrúa Nueva Temuco transmission line in 2010:
  - 220 kV, 205 km
- With acquisition of Terna Participações S.A
  - Cemig Corporation will stand for 12% of Brazil's transmission capacity and
  - will be the third second transmission company.
- Acquisition of the interest held by Brookfield in TBE

### Power Transmission tariff review and auctions



- Allowed return on asset approach (existing assets in 1995):
  - Benchmark WACC: currently 8.45%;
  - Tariff review: WACC enlarged to 9.18%;
  - Asset base review every 10 years (2 cycles)

#### 2008 Auctions

- June 27<sup>th</sup> auction results:
  - Estimated total investment Cemig's consortia won a set of 5 lines, with 775 km and 2 substations, operating at 230 kV, annual revenue of R\$ 26 million (EBTE)
- October 3<sup>rd</sup> auction results:
  - Average discount of 37.62%
  - 356 km (6 lines and 7 substations) to be added to the National Grid among 6 Brazilian States
  - Estimated total investment of R\$ 500 million
  - Operational start-up ranging from 16 to 24 months
- November 30<sup>th</sup> auction results (Madeira complex transmission lines)
  - Average discount of 7.15%
  - 2,300 km of transmission lines
  - Estimated total investments of R\$ 7 billion

#### 2009 Auctions

- May, 8th
  - 12 lots totaling 2,492.5km of lines
  - 19 transmission lines and 8 substations
  - Total RAP (max): R\$ 229.4 million
- Cemig won, through ETEP, the Santos Dumont Substation
  - 345/138 KV
  - RAP: R\$ 8.32 million
  - Startup: November 2010
- November, 27th
  - 8 lots totaling 1,079Km
  - 11 transmission lines and 8 substations
  - Total RAP (max): R\$ 170.8 million

# THE 1<sup>st</sup> TRANSMISSION TARIFF REVIEW

CEMIG

The criteria of this Tariff Review were set by Aneel Normative Resolution 257/07, the principal ones being:

- **a. WACC:** 9.18% p.a.
- **b. Operational Costs:** Defined by application of efficiency parameters, obtained by the DEA benchmarking method, to companies' real costs.

With the valuation opinion for the assets, Aneel put the results of the first Tariff Review to public consultation AP-17/2009, effects to be backdated to June 2005. The amounts proposed are in Technical Note (NT) 165 – SRE of May 13, 2009.

The result of the public consultation will **substitute** the figures homologated by Aneel Homologating Resolution 493/2007, of June 26, 2007.

# THE 1<sup>st</sup> TRANSMISSION TARIFF REVIEW



Aneel's proposal to the public consultation is:

DESCRIPTION	PREVIOUS VALUE (R\$)	REVIEW VALUE (R\$)
Total Annual Permitted Revenue (RBSE + RBNI)	316,107,885.62	360,192,923.44
Tariff Repositioning	g Percentage	5.35%

- R\$ 44 million added to the RAP for 2005.
- Backdated payment, including monetary updating: R\$ 158 million.
- RAP for 2009 (without charges/taxes) goes from to R\$ 475 million.
- Gross base: R\$ 2.5 billion
- Net base: R\$ 1.1 billion

The financial effects of this review are taken into account in Cemig's Guidance for 2009.

# Description of TBE group



Company	Line/Substation	Length (Km)	Capacity(kV)	Start-up
EATE	Tucuruí (PA) a Presidente Dutra (MA)	927	500	mar/03
ECTE	Blumenau (SC) a Campos Novos (SC)	253	525	mar/02
ENTE	Tucuruí (PA) a Açailândia (MA)	458	500	fev/05
ERTE	Vila do Conde (PA) a Santa Maria (PA)	155	230	set/04
ETEP	Tucuruí (PA) a Vila do Conde (PA)	324	500	ago/02
STC	Barra Grande (SC) a Rio do Sul (SC)	184	230	nov/07
LUMITRANS	Machadinho (SC) a Campos Novos (SC)	40	525	out/07
EBTE	LT Juína-Maggi	775	230	jun/10
TOTAL		3,115		

\*\* Resolução Aneel 843 of 06/25/2009

#### **Expansion of TBE Group**

CEMIG %	2008	2009	2010
65.73			775
		-	775
			509
			509
			65.73

\* EBTE: Cemig GT holds a 51% interest in EBTE and EATE detains the remaining 49% stake.

### Acquisitions: Increase in the TBE stake



#### TBE after acquisition of Brookfield

#### %TOTAL EQUITY

	EATE	ECTE	ENTE	ERTE	ETEP
Alupar	35.35%	40.01%	50.01%	50.01%	39.34%
Eletrobrás	29.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	21.33%
Celesc	0.00%	21.62%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Cemig	35.34%	13.37%	36.69%	36.69%	39.33%
MDU	0.00%	25.00%	13.30%	13.30%	0.00%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

TBE	after	acquisition of MDU	
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#### %TOTAL EQUITY

	EATE	ECTE *	ENTE	ERTE	ETEP
Alupar	35.36%	53.35%	50.01%	50.01%	39.35%
Eletrobrás	29.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	21.33%
CELESC	0.00%	28.83%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
CEMIG	35.34%	17.82%	49.99%	49.99%	39.33%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

\* Considers that all partners will exercice prefference rights from MDU stake

✓ The leverage participation of CEMIG in TBE will be 46,8% in common shares and 38,13% of Capital Total. After buying all eletrobras shares, the participation in the Total Equity and Common shares will be 46,8%.

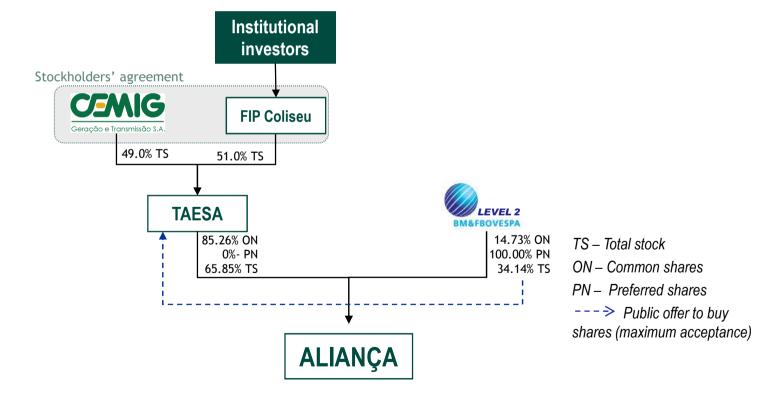
EBITDA (pro-forma)	9M09	2008
EATE	182,126	208,432
ECTE	36,910	45,999
ENTE	83,832	104,495
ERTE	14,556	18,111
ETEP	36,094	45,547
Total	353,518	422,584
CEMIG stake	161,061	71,125

# Terna acquisition - Transaction Summary

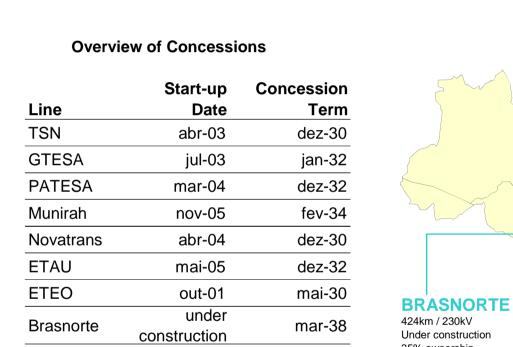
- ✓ Power Transmission Company with 3,753 km of lines in 11 Brazilian
   States
- ✓ Payment of R\$ 2.15 billion on November 3, 2009
  - The operation involved the purchase of 85.26% of the voting capital, and 65.85% of the total capital
    - Price paid is equal to R\$ 37.14 per "unit" (2 preferred shares + one common share)
    - Represents a multiple of nearly 7.6 times EBITDA
- ✓ Acquisition in partnership with Investment Fund FIP Coliseu
  - Largest FIP created to invest in the Brazilian electricity sector: R\$ 1.33 billion
    - Attractive to investors, as it comprises assets already in operation
- ✓ Innovative acquisition structure enables Cemig to use it in other expansion opportunities, in line with its long-term Strategic Plan

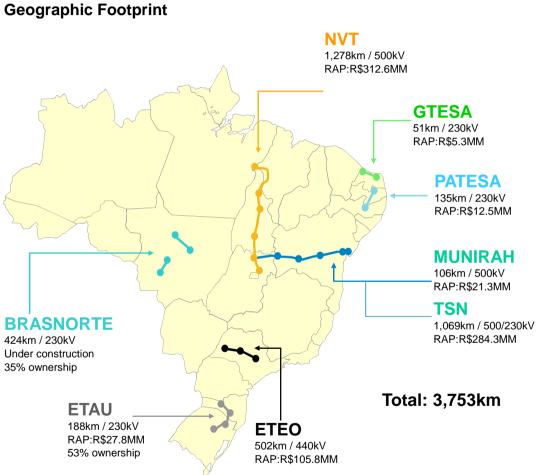
# FIP Coliseu: efficient vehicle for growth in the transmission sector

- On November 4. 2009. Cemig GT acquired, jointly with FIP Coliseu, 65.85% of Terna Participações S.A.. through Transmissora do Atlântico de Energia Elétrica S.A. – "Taesa"
- On the same date the name of Terna was changed to Transmissora Aliança de Energia Elétrica S.A. – "Aliança":



### Transmissora Aliança de Energia Elétrica S.A - Taesa Overview





- ✓ In line with the Long-term Strategic Plan
- ✓ IRR of 10.6% for the base case and 12.5% including additional gains
- $\checkmark$  Vehicle for growth in the transmission sector
- $\checkmark$  Synergies with Cemig's transmission assets, including TBE
- $\checkmark$  Operational and corporate gains
- ✓ Possibility of improving Ebitda margin (currently 87%)
- ✓ Partnership with an FIP reduces the disbursement on the acquisition, facilitating further acquisitions for Cemig – already in negotiation
- ✓ To ensure future increase of Cemig's share in the transmission sector up to the target specified by the Long-term Strategic Plan

CEMIG

#### Impacts to CEMIG Financials (Pro- forma)\*

Position as of Dec. 31, 2008 - In R\$ Million

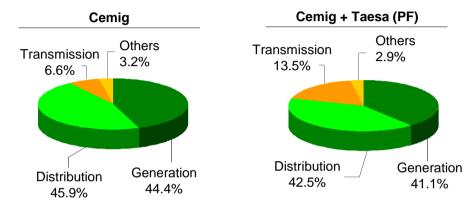
	CEMIG		CEMIG +
	Consol.	Taesa	Taesa
Operational			
Transmission Lines (km)	5,755	2,275	8,030
Income Statement			
Net Revenues	10,890	379	11,269
EBITDA	4,099	322	4,421
Net Income	1,887	114	2,001
Balance Sheet			
Gross Debt (2)	7,344	1,012	8,356
Net Debt (2)	5,060	829	5,889
Shareholders' Equity	9,352	895	10,247
Leverage Ratios			
Gross Debt/EBITDA	1.8x	3.1x	4.9x
Net Debt/EBITDA	1.2x	2.6x	3.8x
Net Debt/Capitalization	35.1%	48.1%	83.2%

#### Notes

- 1. Pro-forma numbers assuming the acquisition of ETEO had been effective on Jan. 1st, 2008, calculated as the sum of financials results of all Terna Part.'s subsidiaries
- 2. Net Debt including acquisition disbursement of R\$3,538 million, assuming minimum cash of R\$1,000 million after the closing of the transaction and 100% participation in mandatory tag along offer.

\* Assuming OPA's (special public offering) is 100% well succeded

#### EBITDA by Segment (2008)



**Source** Cemig e Terna Part.

#### Market Share (Based on 2008/2009 RAP)\*

Before th	ne Transac	tion	After the	e Transact	io
	R\$MM	%		R\$MM	
Eletrobras	4,902	47.0%	Eletrobras	4,902	4
CTCEEP	1,718	16.5%	CTCEEP	1,718	
Terna	756	7.2%	CEMIG	1,020	
Plena	638	6.1%	Plena	638	
CEMIG	562	5.4%	Abengoa	432	
Abengoa	432	4.1%	Alusa	356	
Alusa	356	3.4%	CYMI	112	

Source ANEEL

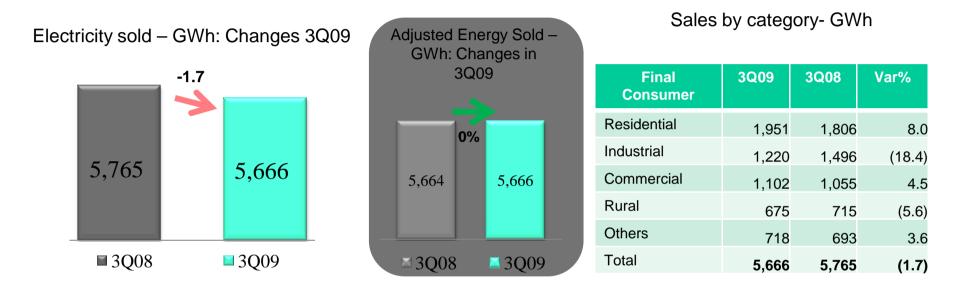


Cemig - Length of network, km	2005	2006	2007	2008	3Q09
SUB-TRANSMISSION	16,040	16,788	16,676	16,810	16,910
161-kV lines	55	55	55	55	55
138-kV lines	10,521	11,254	11,145	11,254	11,366
69-kV lines	4,481	4,513	4,510	4,535	4,534
Lines below 69 kV	983	966	966	966	955
DISTRIBUTION	379,400	402,539	429,560	442,749	445,878
Overhead distribution network	83,826	92,083	90,524	91,550	92,550
Underground urban distribution network	759	1,767	1,049	1,380	1,446
Overhead distribution network in rural areas	294,815	308,689	337,987	349,819	351,882
TOTAL	395,440	419,327	446,236	459,559	462,788

- Cemig supplies 10% of Brazil's captive market
- Largest distribution company (by km of lines, number of consumers and transported energy)

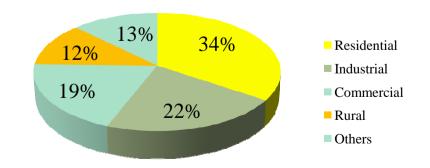
### Cemig Distribuição Captive Market Sales Breakdown 2008 and 2Q09

CEMIG



- Market at the same level of 3Q08, due to the performance of the residential and commercial sectors
- Drop in industrial consumption amplified by migration of load to the free market
  - Adjusted by this migration, this drop would be 13%
- ✓ Sales growth in 2009 signals recovery in each quarter:
   + 2.6% (3Q09/2Q09)

Participation by consumer category (%) - 3Q09



91

# Electricity Distribution tariff review

- Allowed return on asset approach:
  - Benchmark WACC: was 11.26%;
  - Tariff review: WACC of 9.95%.
- New Tariff Review methodology:
  - Reference company model disclosed:
    - Black box opened.
  - Asset base review every 10 years (2 cycles): CEMIG in 2013;
  - Regulatory energy losses and delinquency rate specific for each concession area;
  - Special obligation financed asset depreciation will be granted in the long run;
  - X Factor: excluded the influence of Consumers Satisfaction Index.
- Cemig Distribution 2<sup>nd</sup> tariff review:
  - 2008 Result: -12.24%
  - 2009 Final result: -13.66%
    - Regulatory Ebitda Margin: 21%
    - Losses coverage: sufficient
    - Market Growth: 3.17% p.a. (less risk than in 2003)
    - X Factor (Xe) : 0.14%

### Increasing stake in Light creates new opportunities

- ✓ Cemig D and Light represent almost 16% of electricity distributed in Brazil in 2008
  - Tradition and experience in Light and Cemig brought closer
  - Opportunity to capture synergy gains between assets and processes
- ✓ Cemig GT and Light have opportunities to jointly create value
  - Partnerships have already been made for construction of new hydro plants (PCH Paracambi is already feasible)
  - Opportunity to capture synergy gains in sales in the Free Market
  - Light's "assured energy" will be re-priced in 2013 and 2014, strong likelihood of increasing
- Cemig increases its exposure to one of Brazil's fastest-growing economies
  - Major increase in investment in the economy of Rio de Janeiro, due to pre-salt oil, and other industrial projects
  - Positive impact in the economy of Rio de Janeiro derived from the Olympics and Soccer World Cup

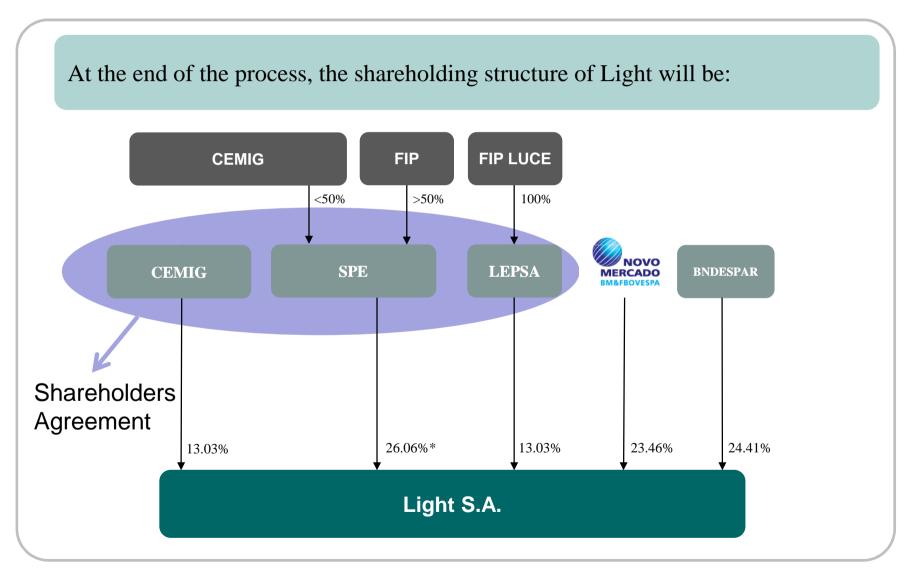
### Increasing stake in Light marks the beginning of a new era

- CEMIG
- ✓ The increase of Cemig's stake marks the beginning of a second stage in Light's history
  - With the selling of the financial partners' stakes it will be possible to increase the synergy between Cemig and Light
  - Corporate Governance structure will be preserved
  - A new era for Light will be marked by company's growth and improvement in its operational and technical standards, preserving the excellence, culture and values of Light's employees.
  - Market recognition shows that Light is in a growing path.
- ✓ Natural development from the acquisition made in 2006 (1st stage)
  - Turnaround achieved
    - Financial restructuring
    - The company became profitable and began to distribute dividends
    - Interest are aligned between shareholders
  - Acquired in partnership with three partners, through RME
- ✓ Adding value for all shareholders Light and Cemig
  - Regulated business with predictable revenue at each tariff cycle
  - Stable cash flow, with defensive profile

Strategy of growth through partnerships has been successful (Light, TBE, Terna)



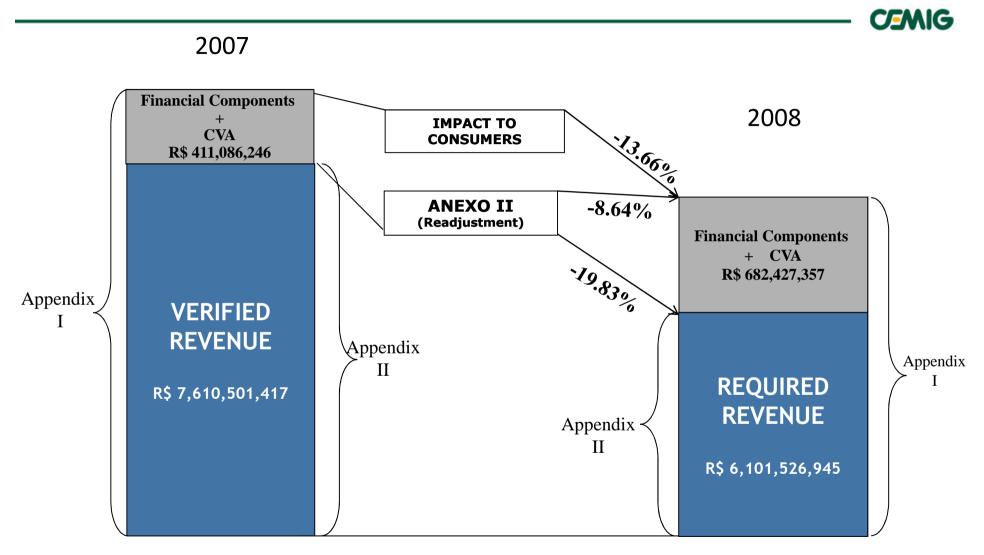




# Summary of the transaction

- Restructuring of the controlling shareholding block of Light
  - AG Concessões and PCP (Equatorial) will sell their stakes in Light
  - Equatorial will undergo a shareholding reorganization
  - Cemig will be a minority shareholder in a Special-purpose Company (SPC) constituted jointly with a new FIP
  - The SPC will hold a stake of up to 26.06% in Light
- Price of the transaction:
  - R\$ 785 million for each 13.03% block of Light, equivalent to approximately R\$ 29.54 per share
  - Payment to AG Concessões after any required approvals
  - Payment to PCP after approvals and the shareholding restructuring of Equatorial
  - Price updated by the Cetip CDI rate\*, from December 1, 2009
- Good returns and known level of risk:
  - IRR of the transaction for the shareholder is 11% in real terms
  - Price paid is 7.22 x 2009 Ebitda, and 6.36 x 2010 Ebitda, according to market consensus figures of November 2009.

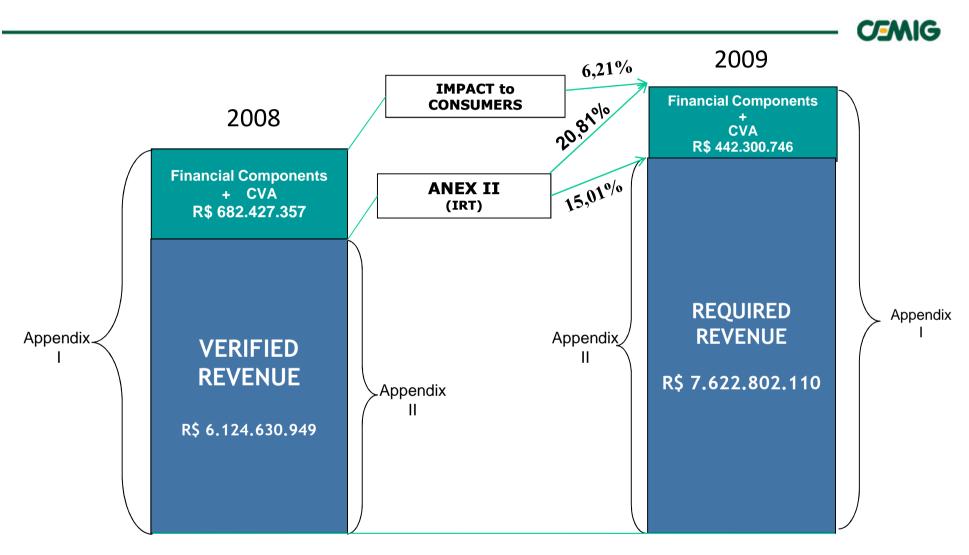
### Cemig D 2008 review final result and hypothetical Impact on Tariff



Appendix I: Tariffs billed to consumers, including RTE, CVA and financial components, without taxes.

Appendix II: Tariffs considered "clean", base for posterior readjustments, without taxes (ICMS, Pasep/Cofins)

### Cemig D 2009 readjustment and Impact on Tariff



Appendix I: Tariffs billed to consumers, including RTE, CVA and financial components, without taxes. Appendix II: Tariffs considered "clean", base for posterior readjustments, without taxes (ICMS, Pasep/Cofins)



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1 <sup>st</sup> Tariff Review 2003	2 <sup>nd</sup> Tariff Review 2008	2 <sup>nd</sup> Tariff Review 2009 Final
<ul> <li>Regulatory Ebitda Margin: 21.2%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regulatory Ebitda Margin: 21%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regulatory Ebitda Margin: 21%</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Losses coverage: inadequate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Losses coverage: sufficient</li> </ul>	Losses coverage:     sufficient
<ul> <li>Market Growth: 3.7% p.a. (with risk of being lower; at the time, was 2.0% p.a.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Market Growth: 3.17% p.a. (less risk than in 2003)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Market Growth: 3.17% p.a. (less risk than in 2003)</li> </ul>
• X Factor (Xe): 1.25%	<ul> <li>X Factor (Xe) : 0.84%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>X Factor (Xe) : 0.14%</li> </ul>

### Natural Gas Distribution - Gasmig

- ✓ 277 Clients (conventional), 2 Thermal power plants
- ✓ 220 employees
- ✓ 23 municipalities served
- ✓ 695 km of networks

Concession area: 586.523 km<sup>2</sup>

### Market:

Sales volume: <u>549,210,852 m<sup>3</sup>/year</u> Average: 1,504,687 m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### Major works:

Sul de Minas Project – Completed Vale do Aço project – 67% completed

Market: Equivalent in million BTU:

1,300,971 MBTU/year

3,564 MBTU/day

### Natural Gas Expantion: Cemig's consortium wins Brazilian Oil and Gas Bids

 Strategic initiative seeks means to ensure supply of natural gas for distribution, through Gasmig, and for thermal power generation

#### **Consortium Structure**

✓ Cemig's stake in the consortium of 24.5%

- ✓ Private partners provide expertise (51% as a whole)
  - ✓ Orteng Equipamentos e Sistemas
  - ✓ Comp Exploração e Produção de Petróleo e Gás
  - ✓ Delp Engenharia Mecânica
- Companhia de Desenvolvimento de Minas Gerais, 24,5%

#### Winning Bid

- Signature Bonus of R\$ 11.3 million to be paid as of the signature of the Concession Contracts (expected date: april/2009)
- Minimum Exploratory Program of R\$ 25.6 million. Represents a commitment, with the Oil and Gas National Agency, to investment over the next 4 to 5 years

Exploratory Block	Location	Characteristics	Expected Fluid	Signature Bonus (R\$ ´000)	Minimum Exploratory Program (R\$ ´000)	Total Bid	Qualified Operator
POT-T-603	Potiguar basin of the State of Rio Grande do Norte	Mature basin	Light crude oil	R\$ 2,001	R\$ 4,038	R\$ 6,039	SIPET
REC-T-163	Recôncavo basin of the State of Bahia	Mature basin	Light crude oil	R\$ 2,501	R\$ 4,470	R\$ 6,971	COMP
SF-T-104	São Francisco River basin of the State of Minas Gerais	New frontier	Dry gas	R\$ 4,000	R\$ 6,530	R\$ 10,530	COMP
SF-T-114	São Francisco River basin of the State of Minas Gerais	New frontier	Dry gas	R\$ 2,001	R\$ 6,530	R\$ 8,531	Orteng
SF-T-120	São Francisco River basin of the State of Minas Gerais	New frontier	Dry gas	R\$ 401	R\$ 2,000	R\$ 2,401	COMP
SF-T-127	São Francisco River basin of the State of Minas Gerais	New frontier	Dry gas	R\$ 401	R\$ 2,000	R\$ 2,401	Orteng

### CAPEX(R\$ Million)

Business (1)	2007	2008
Generation	279	205
Transmission	78	105
Distribution	734	715
RME	127	168
Sale of Way TV	(49)	-
Others	16	160
Total Invested	1,185	1,353

(1) Total amounts realized during the year, considering basic investments, holdings contributions and expansion

- ✓ Acquisitions in 2009:
  - Expanded participation in TBE to 38.13%: acquisition of Brookfield portion for R\$ 505 million, and participation in MDU for almost R\$ 100 million(\*)
  - Acquisition of 49% in three wind plants R\$ 213 million: payment in August
  - Acquisition of Terna Participações R\$ 1.05 billion (Cemig parcel does not include OPA): payment on Nov. 3, 2009

### **Basic Investment Program<sup>(1)</sup>**

Business	Through Sept 2 2009 <sup>(3)</sup>	2009 <sup>(2)</sup>	2010	2011	2012
CEMIG Generation and Transmission	24.6	132.8	87.7	88.6	100.9
Generation	16.8	72.2	47.8	55.5	65.0
Transmission	6.3	33.3	7.7	10.9	13.4
Environment	0.4	6.8	11.8	4.4	4.1
Others	1.1	20.6	20.4	17.7	18.4
CEMIG Distribution	394.1	836.8	608.7	551.6	570.8
Sub-Transmission	139.2	380.6	226.8	188.0	179.6
Distribution	238.0	331.1	271.0	255.0	260.6
Environment	2.9	5.8	10.1	10.3	11.0
Others	14.0	119.2	100.7	98.3	119.7
CEMIG Holding	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Others	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Total Investments	418.7	970.2	697.0	640.9	672.4

- (1) Estimated values as of 2009, in accordance with company planning, at prices from June 2009. These include routine basic investments for the Distribution, Generation, Transmission and Holding Companies (P1).
- (2) Includes the Cresce Minas Program
- (3) Does not include acquisitions

Power Generation Expansion									
Capacity, MW	CEMIG %	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Santo Antônio Hydro Plant	10				3,150				
Pipoca PCH	49		20						
Senhora do Porto PCH	49		12						
Dores de Guanhães PCH	49		14						
Jacaré JCH	49		9						
Fortuna II PCH	49		9						
Wind Farm - Ceará	49	70							
Itaocara	49					194			
Paracambi	49			25					
Lajes	49		18						
Capacity under construction		70	82	25	3,150	194			
Cemig stake (MW)		34	40	12	315	95			
CEMIG TOTAL		6,803	6,844	6,856	7,171	7,266			

#### Power Transmission Expansion

	•		
Length of transmission network/km	CEMIG %	2009	2010
Furnas – Pimenta – 345 Kv	49	75	
Charrua-Nueva Temuco - 220 KV	49	205	
EBTE	65.73		775
Km added		280	775
Cemig stake (Km)		137	509
CEMIG TOTAL		7,871	8,381



R\$ thousand

	2008	2009	2010	Total
Light for All Program - 2	211,819	254,181	-	466,000
Eletrobras CDE	78,999	94,810	-	173,809
Eletrobras RGR	67,150	80,588	-	147,738
Minas Gerais state	-	75,000	75,000	150,000
Own Funds	65,670	3,783	-	(5,547)
Target – number of consumers	25,000	30,000	-	55,000
R\$ per connection	8,472.76	8,472.70	-	8,472.73

(\*) Value of passthrough to tarrif being negotiated with Eletrobrás and Aneel

- Expansion of the Light for Everyone Program is made possible because of government subsidies.
- ✓ The values in this chart are indicative only and will be revised considering the real values of 2008



•Background

•Strategy Overview

•Business Outlook

# •Our Strategy shows Solid Results

Market Recognition

Regulatory Framework



### **Cash Flow Statement (Consolidated)**

#### Values in millions of Reais

	3Q09	3Q08
Cash at start of period	2,251	2,002
Cash from operations	1,363	1,331
Net income	567	516
Depreciation and amortization	173	170
Suppliers	36	85
Deferred Tariff Adjustment	-	99
Regulatory Asset - Transmission Tariff Review	21	-
Other adjustments	566	461
Financing activity	100	29
Financing obtained and capital increases	121	69
Payment of loans and financing	(9)	(40)
Interest on Own Capital and Dividends	(12)	-
Investment activity	(945)	(350)
Investments	(50)	(377)
Property, Plant and Equipment /Intangible	(895)	27
Cash at the end of period	2,769	3,012

✓ Cash position provides flexibility to financial management

### Consolidated net revenue



 ✓ Growth in net revenue reflects business diversification, and positive effects of acquisitions (RME/Light S.A. and TBE companies)

#### **Operating Revenues (consolidated)**

Values in million of Reais

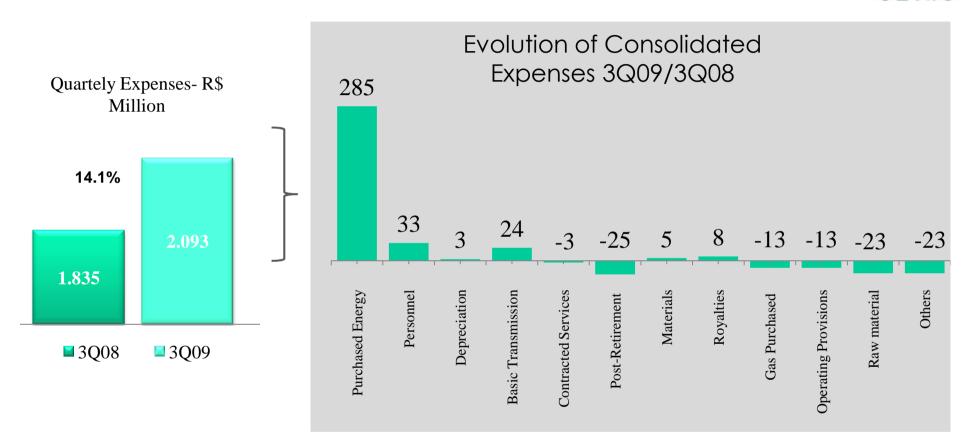
	3dr Q. 2009	2nd Q. 2009	Chge%	3dr Q. 2008	Chge%	9M09	9M08	Chge%
Sales to end consumers	3,193	3,146	1	3,007	5	9,258	9,256	0
TUSD	247	325	(24)	361	(10)	845	1,028	(18)
Effects of the Definitive Tariff Review	66	61	8	-	-	(137)	-	-
Subtotal	3,506	3,532	(1)	3,368	5	9,966	10,284	(3)
Supply + Transactions in the CCEE	403	464	(13)	375	24	1.227	995	23
Revenues from Trans. Network	278	298	(7)	183	63	755	530	42
Gas Supply	83	79	5	84	(6)	234	290	(19)
Others	131	64	105	113	(43)	383	268	43
Subtotal	4,401	4,437	(1)	4,123	8	12,565	12,367	2
Deductions	(1,408)	(1.461)	(4)	(1.369)	7	(4.230)	(4 232)	(0)
Net Revenues	2,993	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,754	8	8,335	,	, <i>í</i>



#### Operating Expenses (consolidated) Values in R\$ million

	3rd Q. 2009	2nd Q. 2009	Chge%	2nd Q. 2008	Chge%	9M09	9M08	Chge%
Purchased Energy	1,019	838	22	734	39	2,529	2,185	16
Personnel/Administrators/Councillors	278	449	(38)	245	13	1,024	823	24
Depreciation and Amortization	173	173	-	170	2	517	542	(5)
Charges for Use of Basic Transmission								
Network	198	211	(6)	174	14	613	531	15
Contracted Services	170	201	(15)	173	(2)	532	474	12
Forluz – Post-Retirement Employee Benefits	37	34	9	62	(40)	106	187	(43)
Materials	27	26	4	22	23	79	73	8
Royalties	42	37	14	34	24	115	98	17
Gas Purchased for Resale	44	46	(4)	57	(23)	129	168	(23)
Operating Provisions	39	(8)	(588)	52	(25)	89	176	(49)
Raw material for production	-	4	-	23	(100)	4	65	(94)
Other Expenses	66	102	(35)	89	(26)	226	204	11
Total	2,093	2,113	(1)	1,835	14	5,963	5,526	8

# Evolution of Consolidated Expenses - 2Q09/2Q08



- ✓ Increase in operating expenses due to non-controllable costs
  - Growth in energy purchases due to the 24% increase in the average tariff for energy purchased for resale

# Expansion of consolidated net income

- ✓ Result shows growth consistent with solid fundamentals
  - Growing productivity in all areas
  - Continuous improvement in operational margins
  - Diversification of the risk inherent to each business through integrated structure

Statement of Results (Consolidated) Values in millions of *reais* 

	3rd Q. 2009	2nd Q. 2009	Chge%	3rd Q. 2008	Chge%	9M09	9M08	Chge%
Net Revenue	2,993	2,976	1	2,755	9	8,335	8,136	2
Operating Expenses	(2,094)	(2,114)	(1)	(1,835)	14	(5,963)	(5,526)	8
EBIT	899	862	4	920	(2)	2,372	2,610	(9)
EBITDA	1,072	1,035	4	1,090	(2)	2,889	3,152	(8)
Financial Result	(10)	(28)	(64)	(123)	(92)	(81)	36	(325)
Provision for Income Taxes, Social Cont & Deferred Income Tax	(288)	(245)	18	(233)	24	(722)	(854)	(15)
Employee Participation	(26)	(45)	(42)	(22)	18	(99)	(66)	50
Minority Shareholders	(8)	(15)	(47)	(26)	(69)	(43)	(85)	(49)
Net Income	567	524	8	516	10	1,427	1,641	(13)



Values in millions of <i>reais</i>								
	3rd Q. 2009	2nd Q. 2009	Chge%	3rd Q. 2008	Chge%	9M09	9M08	Chge%
Net Revenue	1,761	1,589	11	1,517	16	4,537	4,628	(2)
Operating Expenses	(1,521)	(1,540)	(1)	(1,215)	25	(4,148)	(3,621)	15
EBIT	240	49	390	302	(21)	389	1,007	(61)
EBITDA	320	49	553	384	(17)	631	1,278	(51)
Financial Result	43	1	4,200	(36)	(219)	35	(13)	(369)
Provision for Income Taxes, Social Cont & Deferred								
Income Tax	(74)	17	(535)	(71)	4	(75)	(280)	(73)
Employee Participation	(19)	(19)	-	(16)	19	(70)	(48)	46
Net Income	190	48	296	179	6	279	666	(58)

#### Statement of Results (Consolidated) - CEMIG D

✓ A operational efficiency program was put in place and full results shall contribute do cost reduction by 2010



Values in millions of <i>reais</i>									
	3rd Q. 2009	2nd Q. 2009	Chge%	3rd Q. 2008	Chge%	9M09	9M08	Chge%	
Net Revenue	847	1,045	(19)	807	5	2,624	2,190	20	
Operating Expenses	(334)	(372)	(10)	(309)	8	(1,009)	(893)	13	
EBIT	513	673	(24)	498	3	1,615	1,297	25	
EBITDA	570	730	(22)	555	3	1,785	1,464	22	
Financial Result	(55)	(43)	28	(76)	(28)	(147)	(180)	(18)	
Provision for Income Taxes, Social Cont & Deferred									
Income Tax	(133)	(172)	(23)	(124)	7	(442)	(325)	36	
Employee Participation	(6)	(5)	20	(5)	20	(22)	(15)	47	
Net Income	319	453	1	293	3	1,004	777	89	

Statement of Results (Consolidated) - CEMIG GT

✓ Reduction in net revenue in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Q was expected as we concentrated sales to Disco's in the reserve auction, in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Q



•Background

•Strategy Overview

•Business Outlook

•Our Strategy shows Solid Results

Market Recognition

Regulatory Framework

# Market Recognition



Included in the DJSI for the 10th year running. Selected as worldwide leader of the Utilities "Supersector" in 2009.



Prêmio Anefac Transparency Trophy, 2008.



Included in The Global Dow Index as the only Latin American electricity company in this 150-company index, and one of the 10 selected to represent emerging markets.



CEMIG

Fiat Qualitas Award Best Worldwide Power Supplier





2008 Brazil's Corporate Standouts:

- Luiz Fernando Rolla, Best CFO

- Most Shareholder-Friendly Company

Included in Bovespa Corporate Sustainability Index.





✓ 36th Apimec Award

- Best publicly traded company
- Best IRO

- RME owns 52.247% stake on Light and, under the accounting rules, consolidates 100% of the financial statements of its subsidiary;
- Cemig owns 25% of RME, and thus consolidates 25% of Light, applying a 11.5% reduction in the line "Minority interest".
  - for the other companies in the group, figures are consolidated in proportion of Cemig's holding;
- In this presentation:
  - we have maintained the RME information compatible with the financial statements: 25%;
  - figures for the assets are labeled LIGHT S.A., and stake adopted is 13.06%;
  - figures for people number of employees, consumers are informed as 100% of Light and of TBE.

# Glossary



- Average outage frequency (FEC): Average number of outages suffered in a given period per consumer, in a given group of consumers.
- Debt coverage index: Ebitda divided by total financial expenses in the year. This gives a figure for the company's capacity to pay debt servicing.
- Deferred Tariff Adjustment (RTD): Every four years Aneel decides on a "periodic" tariff *review* for each electricity distributor, to adjust the level of annual adjustments to preserve the financial equilibrium of the concession contracts, coverage of efficient operational costs and adequate remuneration of investment. On April 8, 2003, this adjustment for Cemig was set provisionally at 31.53%, but the final adjustment decided was 44.41%, and the percentage difference of 12.88% will be applied to Cemig's tariffs in "deferred" format: i.e., as an addition to each of the annual tariff adjustments decided for the years 2004 through 2007, cumulatively. The difference between the adjustment to which Cemig Distribuição is entitled and the tariff in fact charged to consumers has been recognized in Cemig's financial reporting as a Regulatory Asset.
- •
- Ebitda: Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization a measure of a company's operational cash flow, providing an indicator of the cash flow generated by a company's principal business.
- Ebitda margin: Ebitda/net operating revenue. This provides a view of the company's cash generation capacity.
- Hedge: Financial mechanism for protection against fluctuations in prices e.g. of commodities -, or variables such as interest rates or exchange rates.
- Hydroelectric power plant: A generating plant that uses the mechanical energy of falling water to operate electricity generators.
- Manageable costs: Costs that essentially depend on the efficacy of corporate management, such as personnel expenses, materials, outsourced services, etc. also referred to as controllable costs.
- Net margin: Net income / Net operating revenue an indication of a business's profitability.
- Outage time per consumer (DEC): Average service outage time per consumer in a given group of consumers over the specified period.
- The Extraordinary Tariff Recomposition (RTE): This was a tariff adjustment granted by the government in December 2001 to the distributors and generators of the regions where rationing was imposed. It was one of the conditions of the *General Accord for the Electricity Sector*: an increase of 2.9% in the tariff of residential consumers (with the exception of Low-Income Residential Consumers), and an increase of 7.9% for other consumers. Its purpose was to make good the losses suffered by distributors and generators as a result of the reduction of consumption imposed by the government. The duration of the adjustment varies in accordance with the time necessary to recover the loss of each concession holder.
- The CCC (Fuel Consumption Account): This account was created to accumulate funds to cover the increase in costs associated with greater use of thermal generation plants in the event of drought since the marginal operating costs of thermal plants are greater than those of hydroelectric plants. All Brazil's electricity companies are obliged to make an annual contribution to the CCC, calculated on the basis of estimates of the amount of fuel likely to be required by the thermal plants in the following year.

# Glossary



- The CDE (Energy Development) Account: This is a source of subsidies to make alternative energy sources such as wind and biomass more competitive, and promote universalization of electricity services. It is funded by annual payments made by the concession holders for the use of public assets, and also from penalty payments imposed by Aneel for infringements.
- •
- The CRC (Results Compensation Account): Before 1993, electricity concession holders in Brazil were given a guarantee of a rate of return on their investment in the assets used in the provision of electricity to clients, and the tariffs charged to clients were uniform over the whole country. Profits generated by the more profitable concession holders were reallocated to the less profitable concession holders, in such a way that the rate of return on assets was equal to the national average for all of the companies. Though the results for the majority of Brazil's electricity concession holders were deficits, these were posted by the federal government as *assets* in the "CRC account" of each company. When the CRC Account, and the concept of guaranteed return, were abolished, concession holders that had positive balances in their "CRC accounts" were able to offset these balances against any liabilities owed to the federal government.
- ٠
- The CVA the Offsetting Account for Variations of "Portion A" items: "Portion A" is the list, used in the calculation of the electricity distributors' annual tariff adjustments, of the utility's cost items that are not under its own control. The CVA mechanism compensates for changes in the list's total over the year to the new tariff date. The variation positive or negative is passed on in the tariff adjustment .
- The Global Reversion Reserve (RGR): This is an annual amount included in the costs of concession holders to generate a fund for expansion and improvement of public electricity services. The amounts are paid monthly to Eletrobrás, which is responsible for the management of the resulting fund, and are to be employed in the Procel mechanism.
- Thermal power plant: A generating plant that converts chemical energy contained in fossil fuels into electricity.
- Total return to stockholders: Sum of the dividend yield and the percentage appreciation in the stock price.
- •
- TUSD Toll for Use of the Distribution System: This is paid by generation companies, and by Free Consumers, for the use of the distribution system belonging to the distribution concession holder to which the generator or Free Consumer is connected, and is revised annually in accordance with inflation and the investments made by the distributor in the previous year for maintenance and expansion of its network. The amount is: the quantity of energy contracted with the distribution concession holder for each link point, in kW, multiplied by a tariff in R\$/kW set by Aneel.
- Volt: Unit of the electrical potential at which energy is supplied.
- Voltage: For the purposes of efficient transport of electrical energy over transmission lines from the generating plant to the consumer, there are various levels of transmission voltage. Similarly, electricity is used by consumers at various different voltage levels.
- Watt (W): Unit of power required for a device to operate. 1,000 watts is a kilowatt (kW), 1 million watt is a Megawatt (MW), and 1 billion watts is a Gigawatt (GW).
- Watt-hour: Measure of energy (work done by electric power): The kilowatt hour, Megawatt hour, Gigawatt hour and Terawatt hour (KWh, MWh, GWh, TWh) respectively represent 1,000, 1 million, 1 billion and 1 trillion watt-hours.



•Background

•Strategy Overview

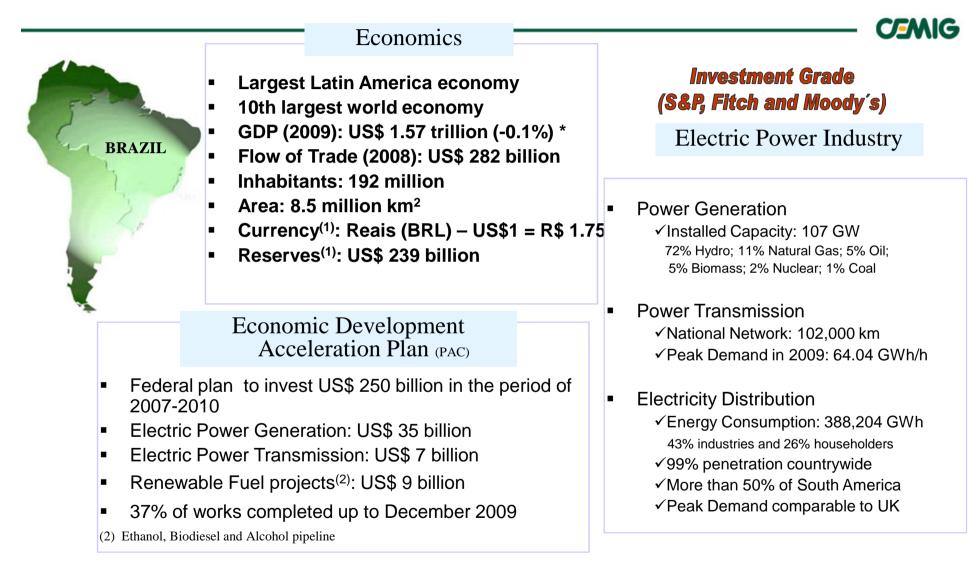
•Business Outlook

•Our Strategy shows Solid Results

Market Recognition

•Regulatory Framework

### Brazilian GDP growth is driven by domestic market



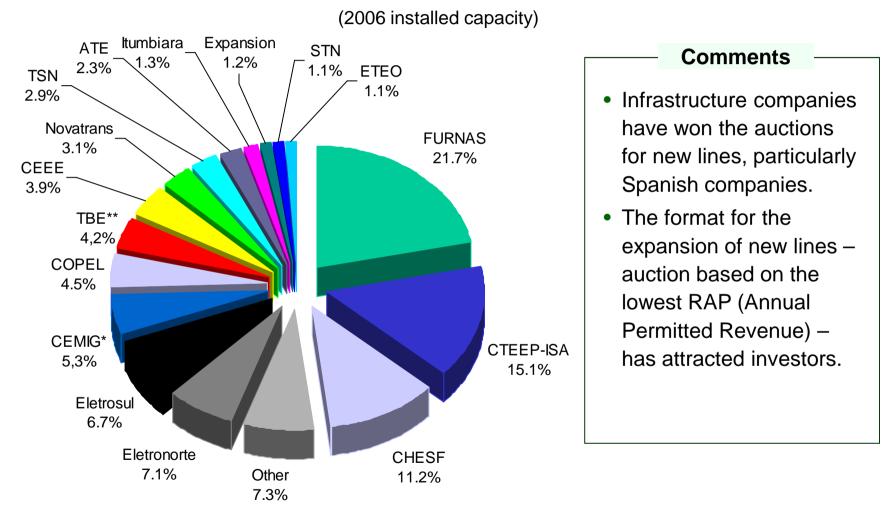
Source: Brazilian Institute for Geography and Statistics (IBGE), Brazilian Electricity Regulator (ANEEL), Brazilian Association of Transmission Companies (ABRATEE), Energy Research Company (EPE).

(1) As of December 31, 2009, (\*) Forecast

# Power Generators are the most exposed to risks

- Regulated market
  - Concessions granted based on the least price approach.
  - Power purchase contract:
    - Auctions organized by a Federal agency:
      - Final buyer : Electricity Distributors.
    - New capacity : longer term, no market risk, inflation adjusted;
    - Existing capacity: shorter term, volume reduction at the distributor discretion, inflation adjusted.
- Unregulated market (free market)
  - Target: large industrial clients, large businesses;
  - Price freely negotiated: conditions , term, inflation adjustment;
  - Usually take or pay contracts.

- Price will behave differently according to the nature of the contract to be auctioned by ANEEL:
  - Existing capacity (so called "old energy") contracts:
    - power to be supplied in a year from now;
    - Term of 8 years;
    - Imply distributor 's forecasted demand risk:
      - Contractual volume can be reduced.
  - New capacity (so called "new energy") contracts:
    - Power to be supplied in three or five years from now;
    - Term of 30 years;
    - No risk on the contractual volume reduction by distributors.



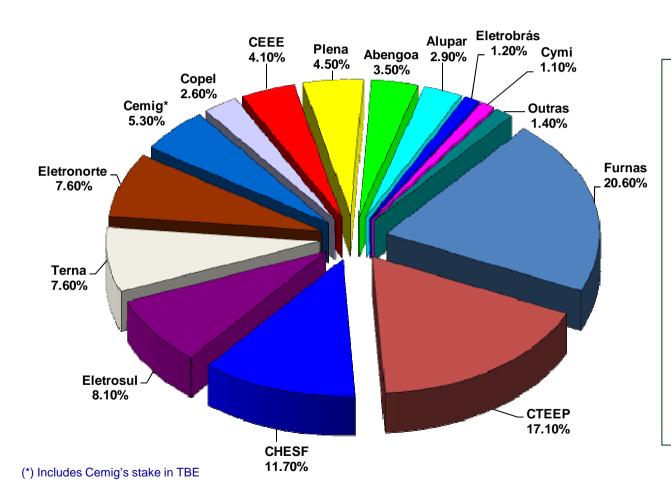
<sup>\*</sup> Includes the 21% stake in TBE;

Source: ANEEL (TECHNICAL NOTE No. 082/2006 - SRT/ANEEL of Jun-27-2006)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deducting the 21% stake in CEMIG

# Power Transmission: Brazil

(2008 Annual Permitted Revenue)



#### Comments

- Infrastructure companies have won the auctions for new lines, particularly Spanish companies.
- The format for the expansion of new lines – auction based on the lowest RAP (Annual Permitted Revenue) – has attracted investors.

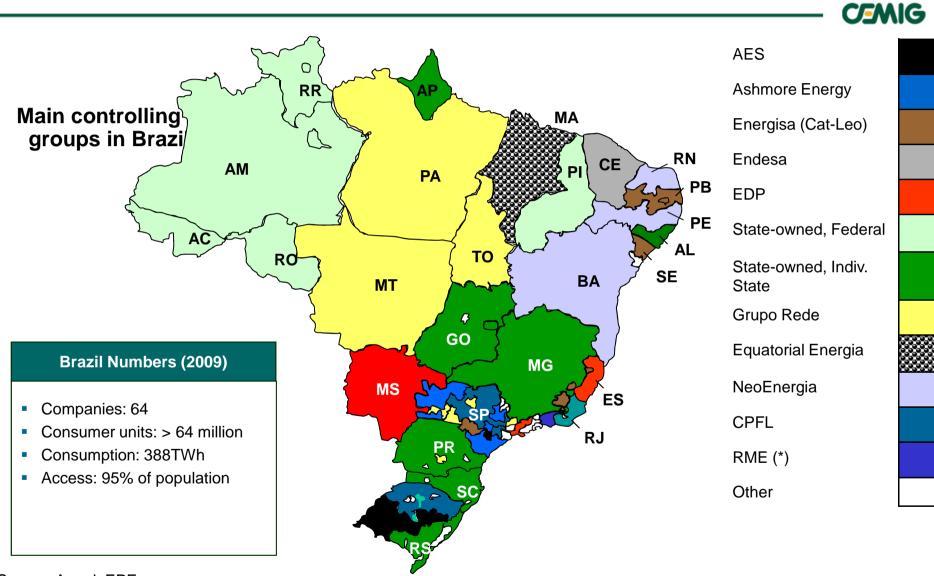
# Transmission regulation is the most successful one

- Competition for concession contract:
  - Cap price approach;
  - Allowed revenue: the winner bid is the lowest revenue earned from users;
  - 30-year long concession.
- Stable Cash flow
  - Guaranteed contracts signed with users:
    - Receivables pledged as guarantees;
    - Annual inflation adjustment;
    - Revenue secured regardless the use of the asset;
- Low operating risk:
  - Penalties are applied only in the case of bad maintenance or poor performance.
- Fixed income alike investment.

## Transmission network expansion

- Facilities built before 1995:
  - Concession will expire on July 8, 2015;
  - 20-year extension may be granted at ANEEL discretion;
  - Allowed return to be reviewed in a near future;
- Expansion projects can be carried out in three ways:
  - New concessions to be granted through auctions:
    - Projects are selected by the ONS in light of the National Grid needs;
    - Auctions are organized by ANEEL;
    - Contracts are standard and term is for 30 years;
    - Bids are made on annual revenue.
  - Authorization to build, directly requested by the ANEEL:
    - In certain cases, ANEEL may request any utility to build a transmission line or a substation of regional impact.
  - Acquisition of existing facility.

# **Electricity Distribution: Brazil**



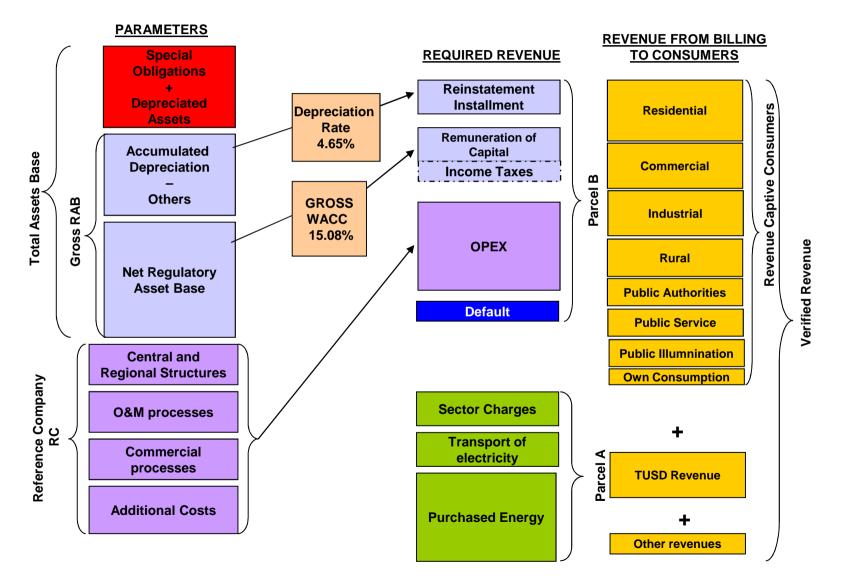
Source: Aneel, EPE

(\*) Cemig has 13%stake

### Electricity Distribution business is the most regulated one

- Allowed return on asset approach:
  - Benchmark WACC: currently 11.26%;
  - 2008 tariff review: WACC reduced to 9.95%.
- Operating expenses:
  - Full passed through mechanism:
    - Energy purchase expenses under certain circumstances.
  - Yearly inflation adjusted;
  - Tracking account for offsetting estimated expenses.
- Revenues come from:
  - Charges on D grid use by the access free users;
  - Sales to captive users.
- 5 year rate setting review:
  - Sharing productivity gains with users.
- Distributors are supposed to buy power to meet 100% of the forecasted demand, through auctions organized by Federal Agency – ANEEL:
  - In case a large consumption client (eligible as free consumer) chooses another supplier, distributor are allowed to reduce the contractual volume at the same amount;
  - If the growth is poor, contractual volume can be reduced by 4% yearly.

## **Tariff Review Process**



# The Collective Work Agreement for 2009–2010



- ✓ The conditions negotiated with the Unions took the following factors into account:
  - the Tariff Review of Cemig D (Cemig Distribution), which reduced its revenues by 20.81%;
  - the Tariff Review of Cemig GT's (Cemig Generation and Transmission) transmission assets, which increased its revenues by 5.35%; and
  - the lower volume of sales caused by the effects of the financial crisis on industrial clients.
- ✓ The Salary Agreement included:
  - increase of salaries by 4.88%;
  - employees' share in the profits for 2009 to total approximately R\$ 210 million; and
  - payment in March 2010 of an advance against the profit shares for that year, in the approximate amount of R \$60 million.
- Taking into consideration the tariff reviews and the reduction in sales volume, mentioned above, the payment of profit shares in 2009 is approximately R\$ 160 million less than in 2008, and R\$ 245 million less than in 2007.

# Main points of the 2008–9 Agreement

- Exclusion of Personnel Hiring Clause, which demanded reposition of 3% of the workforce each year.
- Reduction of the minimum number of employees to 9,000, without requirement for replacement of jobs in the event of employees leaving for the following reasons:
  - Voluntary dismissal plans
  - Retirement
  - Just cause
  - Spontaneous resignation
- Payment of productivity or awards at sight, instead of as a real-terms increase in salary.
- Indexation-related salary increase of the INPC inflation index for the last 12 months (7.26%).
- ✓ Measuring indicators for targets for 2009–2010:
  - Safety: Accident Frequency Rate
  - Financial: Operational Profit
  - Electricity System: Quality of supply (outage frequency / time)
  - Individual: absenteeism
- ✓ 17 clauses of previous Agreement eliminated.

# Shares in profit and results (PLR)

CEMIG

# PLR for compliance with and exceeding of targets

✓ Monitoring by BSC – Balanced Scorecard, through indicators of performance: corporate profit, safety, quality of service of the electricity system, and absenteeism.

✓ Total of 6% of the Concession Operational Profit (COP)\*, in the approximate amount of R\$ 195.9 million, comprising:

•3.0% of COP, already included in the Agreement for 2007–8 (accounted monthly), totaling approximately R\$ 97.1 million, to be paid in April 2009.

•3.0% of COP for exceeding targets, in the approximate amount of R\$ 98.8 million, with payment in December 2008.

\* Reflects the result of the service calculated accordingly to ANEEL's methodology. Similar to Operating Profit, before financial results.

# Shares in profit and results (PLR)



# PLR for productivity

✓Traditionally, the electricity companies market paid productivity as a percentage added to the salary.

✓In our 2008–9 agreement a payment at sight was negotiated for productivity instead of a salary increase, avoiding a permanent impact on payroll.

✓ Period of the calculation: November 2007 to October 2008.

✓ Total of R\$ 183.2 million, with payment in December 2008.

This investment will produce an internal rate of return of 14.37%
Average time for calculation: 18 years.



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