



CONTENTS

| 517 | ATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION | 1 |
|-----|--|----|
| | NTEMENTS OF INCOME | |
| STA | NTEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | 5 |
| STA | NTEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY | 6 |
| STA | NTEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS | 7 |
| STA | STEMENTS OF ADDED VALUE | 8 |
| | | |
| NO | TES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION | 9 |
| 1. | OPERATING CONTEXT | 9 |
| 2. | BASIS OF PREPARATION | 10 |
| 3. | OPERATING SEGMENTS | 11 |
| 4. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 12 |
| 5. | MARKETING SECURITIES | 12 |
| 6. | RECEIVABLES FROM CUSTOMERS, TRADERS AND CONCESSION HOLDERS | 13 |
| 7. | RECOVERABLE TAXES | 13 |
| 8. | INCOME AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION TAXES | 14 |
| 9. | ESCROW DEPOSITS | 15 |
| | REIMBURSEMENT OF TARIFF SUBSIDIES | |
| 11. | CONCESSION FINANCIAL AND SECTOR ASSETS AND LIABILITIES | 16 |
| 12. | CONCESSION CONTRACT ASSETS | 18 |
| 13. | INTANGIBLE ASSETS | 18 |
| | SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS | |
| | LEASING | |
| | SUPPLIERS | |
| | TAXES PAYABLE AND AMOUNTS TO BE REFUNDED TO CUSTOMERS | |
| 18. | LOANS AND DEBENTURES | 21 |
| | REGULATORY CHARGES | |
| | POST-EMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS | |
| | PROVISIONS | |
| | EQUITY AND REMUNERATION TO SHAREHOLDERS | |
| | REVENUE | |
| | OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES | |
| | FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES | |
| | RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS | |
| | FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT | |
| | PERIODIC TARIFF REVIEW | |
| 29. | RISKS RELATED TO COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS | 46 |
| FIN | ANCIAL RESULTS | 48 |
| REF | PORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION - ITR (FREE TRANSLATION) | 56 |



STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022 ASSETS

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Note | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| Circulante | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 899,048 | 440,700 |
| Marketable securities | 5 | 671,821 | 279,717 |
| Receivables from customers, traders and concession holders | 6 | 3,047,560 | 2,761,370 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | 6 | 348,870 | 333,642 |
| Recoverable taxes | 7 | 986,261 | 1,828,665 |
| Income tax and social contribution recoverable | 8a | 30,960 | - |
| Inventories | | 27,940 | 30,259 |
| Public lighting contribution | | 232,583 | 207,286 |
| Reimbursement of tariff subsidies payments | 10 | 117,184 | 90,923 |
| Low-income subsidy | | 64,727 | 62,479 |
| Concession sector assets | 11b | 458,615 | 746,031 |
| Others assets | | 280,150 | 209,817 |
| TOTAL CURRENT | | 7,165,719 | 6,990,889 |
| NON-CURRENT | | | |
| Marketable Securities | 5 | 1,067 | 1,052 |
| Deferred Income tax and social contribution tax | 8c | 1,998,584 | 2,119,494 |
| Recoverable taxes | 7 | 626,843 | 540,281 |
| Income tax and social contribution tax recoverable | 8a | 83,409 | 76,278 |
| Escrow deposits | 9 | 653,081 | 651,279 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | 6 | 40,907 | 43,386 |
| Others assets | | 16,686 | 17,327 |
| Concession sector assets | 11b | 432,194 | 198,059 |
| Financial assets related to infrastructure | 11a | 1,538,165 | 1,369,652 |
| Contract assets | 12 | 2,785,768 | 1,849,852 |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 11,409,347 | 11,314,918 |
| Leasing - right of use assets | 15 | 272,890 | 240,178 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT | | 19,858,941 | 18,421,756 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 27,024,660 | 25,412,645 |
| | | | |



STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF MARCH 31, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022 LIABILITIES

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Note | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| CURRENT | | | |
| Loans and debentures | 18 | 881,326 | 883,795 |
| Suppliers | 16 | 1,697,417 | 1,929,723 |
| Taxes payable | 17 | 245,235 | 538,690 |
| Income tax and social contribution | 8b | - | 88,043 |
| Payroll and related charges | | 149,019 | 162,661 |
| Regulatory charges payable | 19 | 429,179 | 393,389 |
| Employee and management profit-sharing | | 47,808 | 52,273 |
| Post-employment obligations | 20 | 289,196 | 274,904 |
| Public lighting contribution | | 372,094 | 312,475 |
| Accounts payable related to energy generated by residential consumers | | 510,559 | 455,273 |
| Interest on equity, and dividends, payable | | 508,078 | 504,052 |
| Amounts to be refunded to consumers | 17 | 1,505,176 | 1,154,798 |
| Leasing liabilities | 15 | 55,715 | 43,602 |
| Other liabilities | | 368,278 | 325,837 |
| TOTAL CURRENT | | 7,059,080 | 7,119,515 |
| NON-CURRENT | | | |
| Loans and debentures | 18 | 5,198,274 | 3,692,203 |
| Provisions | 21 | 1,405,726 | 1,342,624 |
| Post-employment obligations | 20 | 3,501,965 | 3,550,093 |
| Regulatory charges payable | 19 | 37,947 | 55,437 |
| Amounts to be refunded to consumers | 17 | 420,936 | 1,632,200 |
| Interest on equity, and dividends, payable | 1, | 679,794 | 679,794 |
| Leasing liabilities | 15 | 240,684 | 216,271 |
| Other liabilities | -10 | 19,246 | 19,248 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT | | 11,504,572 | 11,187,870 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 18,563,652 | 18,307,385 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Share capital | 22 | 5,834,312 | 5,371,998 |
| Advance for future capital increase | 22 | 450,000 | 3,371,330 |
| Profit reserves | 22 | 3,270,982 | 3,270,982 |
| Equity valuation adjustments | 22 | (1,508,854) | (1,537,720) |
| Retained Earnings | 22 | 414,568 | (1,337,720) |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 8,461,008 | 7,105,260 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | 27,024,660 | 25,412,645 |
| TOTAL LIADILITIES AND EQUIT | | 27,024,660 | 25,412,045 |



STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except earnings per share)

| | Note | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | · |
| NET REVENUE | 23 | 10,926,394 | 9,679,436 |
| OPERATING COSTS | | | |
| Cost of energy | 24a | (6,091,925) | (5,704,087) |
| Infrastructure and construction cost | 24b | (1,517,409) | (1,112,782) |
| Operating costs | 24c | (1,588,138) | (2,763,777) |
| | 210 | (9,197,472) | (9,580,646) |
| | | (0,201,112) | (=,===,===, |
| GROSS INCOME | | 1,728,922 | 98,790 |
| | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 24c | | |
| Expected credit losses | | (29,415) | (133,709) |
| General and administrative expenses | | (244,162) | (265,379) |
| Other operating expenses, net | | (383,048) | (312,845) |
| | | (656,625) | (711,933) |
| Operating income before financial income (expenses) and taxes | | 1,072,297 | (613,143) |
| Finance income | 25 | 313,765 | 405,157 |
| Finance expenses | 25 | (394,548) | (712,741) |
| Income before income tax and social contribution tax | 23 | 991,514 | (920,727) |
| | | | |
| Current income tax and social contribution tax | 8c | (150,506) | (155,798) |
| Deferred income tax and social contribution tax | 8c | (106,039) | 552,174 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | | 734,969 | (524,351) |
| Basic and diluted earnings (losses) per shares, R\$ | 22 | 0.31 | (0.22) |



STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except earnings per share)

| | Note | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| NET REVENUE | 23 | 5,549,457 | 4,931,119 |
| | | | |
| OPERATING COSTS | | | |
| Cost of energy | 24a | (3,038,649) | (2,836,650) |
| Infrastructure and construction cost | 24b | (859,801) | (683,279) |
| Operating costs | 24c | (782,541) | (2,089,903) |
| | | (4,680,991) | (5,609,832) |
| GROSS INCOME | | 868,466 | (678,713) |
| | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 24c | | |
| Expected credit losses | | (21,334) | (89,450) |
| General and administrative expenses | | (127,174) | (153,135) |
| Other operating expenses, net | | (228,509) | (170,999) |
| | | (377,017) | (413,584) |
| Operating income before financial income (expenses) and taxes | | 491,449 | (1,092,297) |
| Finance income | 25 | 189,527 | 218,830 |
| Finance expenses | 25 | (177,962) | (551,217) |
| Income before income tax and social contribution tax | | 503,014 | (1,424,684) |
| Current income tax and social contribution tax | 8c | 2,843 | - |
| Deferred income tax and social contribution tax | 8c | (140,418) | 524,406 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | | 365,439 | (900,278) |
| Basic and diluted earnings (losses) per shares, R\$ | 22 | 0.15 | (0.38) |



STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| Net income (loss) for the period | 734,969 | (524,351) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | |
| Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years | | |
| Post retirement liabilities adjustment - remeasurement of obligations of the defined benefit plans (note 20) | 43,737 | - |
| Income tax and social contribution tax on remeasurement of defined benefit plans (note 8) | (14,871) | _ |
| | 28,866 | - |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD, NET OF TAXES | 763,835 | (524,351) |

The Explanatory Notes are an integral part of the interim financial information.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| Net income (loss) for the period | 365,439 | (900,278) |
| | | |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | 365,439 | (900,278) |



STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except where otherwise stated)

| | Share capital | Profit reserves | Equity valuation adjustments | Retained earnings | Total equity | Share capital |
|---|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021 | 5,371,998 | - | 3,404,039 | (1,833,371) | - | 6,942,666 |
| Net loss for the period | _ | _ | _ | _ | (524,351) | (524,351) |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | | | | - | (524,351) | (524,351) |
| Interest on equity capital declared (R\$0.0553 per share) | | - | | - | (282,719) | (282,719) |
| AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 | 5,371,998 | | 3,404,039 | (1,833,371) | (807,070) | 6,135,596 |
| | | | | | | |
| AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 | 5,371,998 | | 3,270,982 | (1,537,720) | | 7,105,260 |
| Net income for the period | - | - | - | - | 734,969 | 734,969 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of taxes | | _ | | 28,866 | | 28,866 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | | | _ | 28,866 | 734,969 | 763,835 |
| Capital increase | 462,314 | (194,000) | - | - | - | 268,314 |
| Advance for future capital increase | | 644,000 | - | - | - | 644,000 |
| Interest on equity capital declared (R\$0.1358 per share) | | | | | (320,401) | (320,401) |
| AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 | 5,834,312 | 450,000 | 3,270,982 | (1,508,854) | 414,568 | 8,461,008 |



STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Note | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS | | | |
| Net income (loss) for the period | | 734,969 | (524,351) |
| ADJUSTMENTS: | | | |
| Post-employment obligations | 20 | 189,738 | 225,518 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 13 and 15a | 391,114 | 354,256 |
| Expected credit losses | 24c | 29,415 | 133,709 |
| Other provisions | 24c | 172,296 | 1,515,558 |
| Adjustment of assets in progress | 13 | (15,584) | (7,053) |
| Write-off of net residual value of unrecoverable Concession financial assets and Intangible assets | 11a and 13 | 37,623 | 10,309 |
| Refunded of PIS/Pasep and Cofins over ICMS credits to customers - realization | 23 | (1,257,507) | (935,491) |
| Financial interest and inflation adjustment | | 214,139 | 538,523 |
| Adjustment to expectation of contractual cash flow from the concession | 11a | (77,575) | (38,762 |
| Amortization of transaction cost of loans | 18 | 2,008 | 874 |
| CVA (Parcel A Compensation) Account and Other Financial Components in tariff adjustment | 23 | 143,809 | 972,040 |
| Deferred income tax and social contribution tax | 8a | 106,039 | (552,174 |
| Deterring moonie tax and social continuation tax | - Cu | 670,484 | 1,692,956 |
| (Increase) decrease in assets | | 070,464 | 1,032,330 |
| | | (215 605) | CF 961 |
| Receivables from customers, traders and concession holders | | (315,605) | 65,861 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | | (12,749) | (11,039) |
| CVA (Parcel A Compensation) Account and Other Financial Components in tariff adjustment | _ | · : | 190,658 |
| Recoverable taxes | 7 | (77,534) | 170,438 |
| Income tax and social contribution tax recoverable | | (18,397) | (15,177) |
| Escrow deposits | | 19,041 | 5,833 |
| Public lighting contribution | | (25,297) | 34,578 |
| Reimbursement of tariff subsidies | 10 | (26,261) | 196,457 |
| Low-income subsidy | | (2,248) | (3,729) |
| Others | | (105,212) | (241,935) |
| | | (564,262) | 391,945 |
| Increase (decrease) in liabilities | | | |
| Suppliers | | (245,417) | (473,489) |
| Taxes payable | | 534,962 | 443,452 |
| Income tax and social contribution tax payable | | 150,506 | 155,798 |
| Payroll and related charges | | (13,642) | 30,268 |
| Public lighting contribution | | 59,619 | (65,595) |
| Regulatory charges | 19 | 18,406 | (244,792) |
| Post-employment obligations | 20 | (179,837) | (165,708) |
| Provisions | 21 | (69,911) | (62,997 |
| Employees' and managers' profit sharing | 21 | | |
| Others | | (4,465) | (18,882) |
| Others | | 125,831 | 103,173 |
| | | 376,052 | (298,772) |
| Cash generated by operating activities | | 482,274 | 1,786,129 |
| Interest paid on loans and debentures | 18 | (180,280) | (160,970) |
| Interest paid in leasing contracts | 15 | (26,456) | (937) |
| NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | 275,538 | 1,624,222 |
| | | | |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Marketable securities - cash investments | 5 | (392,119) | (176,717 |
| Intangible assets | 13 | (55,182) | (26,207) |
| Contract assets | 12 | (1,437,260) | (1,070,325) |
| NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | (1,884,561) | (1,273,249 |
| , , | | (=/== -/===/ | (=/== =/= ==) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Loans and debentures obtained, net | 18 | 1,988,311 | 987,575 |
| Leasing liabilities paid | 15 | (601) | (29,525 |
| Payment of loans and debentures | 18 | (564,339) | (548,393 |
| Interest on capital and dividends paid | 10 | (304,339) | (170,477) |
| Advance for future capital increase | | 644,000 | (170,477 |
| · | | 644,000 | |
| NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | 2,067,371 | 239,180 |
| NET CHANCE IN CACH AND CACH FOUND ALENTS | | 450.040 | F00 1-1 |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 458,348 | 590,153 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 4 | 440,700 | 198,694 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD | 4 | 899,048 | 788,847 |
| | | | |



STATEMENTS OF ADDED VALUE FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Sales of energy and services | 13,966,989 | 14,549,997 |
| Distribution construction revenue | 1,517,409 | 1,112,782 |
| Adjustment to expectation of reimbursement of distribution concession financial assets | 77,575 | 38,762 |
| Adjustment to estimated credit losses | (29,415) | (133,709 |
| | 15,532,558 | 15,567,832 |
| INPUTS ACQUIRED FROM THIRD PARTIES | | |
| Energy bought for resale | (4,967,318) | (4,549,599 |
| Charges for use of national grid | (1,611,107) | (1,618,064 |
| Outsourced services | (1,353,616) | (1,044,929 |
| Materials | (884,503) | (687,342 |
| Other operating costs | (341,441) | (1,584,128 |
| | (9,157,985) | (9,484,062 |
| GROSS VALUE ADDED | 6,374,573 | 6,083,770 |
| | | |
| RETENTIONS | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | (391,114) | (354,256 |
| NET ADDED VALUE PRODUCED BY THE COMPANY | 5,983,459 | 5,729,514 |
| ADDED VALUE RECEIVED BY TRANSFER | | |
| Financial revenues | 330,066 | 417,156 |
| ADDED VALUE TO BE DISTRIBUTED | 6,313,525 | 6,146,670 |
| DISTRIBUTION OF ADDED VALUE | | |
| Employees | 666,489 | 698,834 |
| Direct remuneration | 403,221 | 374,610 |
| Post-employment obligations and Other benefits | 239,320 | 264,509 |
| FGTS fund | 23,948 | 22,780 |
| Programmed Voluntary Retirement Plan ('PDVP') | - | 36,935 |
| Taxes | 4,487,950 | 5,237,957 |
| Federal | 2,858,899 | 2,234,285 |
| State | 1,625,330 | 3,000,188 |
| Municipal | 3,721 | 3,484 |
| Remuneration of external capital | 424,117 | 734,230 |
| Interest | 419,515 | 728,993 |
| Rentals | 4,602 | 5,239 |
| Remuneration of own capital | 734,969 | (524,351 |
| Interest on Equity | 320,401 | 282,719 |
| Retained earnings (losses) | 414,568 | (807,070 |
| | | |



NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except where otherwise indicated)

1. OPERATING CONTEXT

Cemig Distribuição S.A. ('Cemig D', 'Cemig Distribuição' or 'the Company') is a Brazilian corporation registered for trading with the Brazilian Securities Commission (Comissão de Valores Mobiliários, or CVM), and in the Brazilian Register of Corporate Taxpayers (CNPJ) under No. 06.981.180/0001-16. A wholly-owned subsidiary of Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais - Cemig ('Cemig'), it was incorporated on September 8, 2004, and began operating on January 1, 2005, pursuant to the separation of activities ('unbundling') of Cemig. Its shares are not traded on any exchange. It is domiciled in Brazil, with head office in Belo Horizonte city, Minas Gerais.

Its corporate objects are: to study, plan, project, build and commercially operate systems of distribution and sale of energy and related services for which concessions are granted to it under any form of law.

The Company has a concession area of 567,478 km², comprising approximately 97% of the Brazilian state of Minas Gerais, serving 9,132,370 customers, on June 30, 2023.

The Fifth Amendment to the concession contracts, signed with the Mining and Energy Ministry, extended the concession for 30 years, from January 1, 2016. The amendment establishes standards of service quality and economic-financial indicators that the Company must meet during the new concession period.

Based on the facts and circumstances at this date, management has assessed the Company's capacity to continue operating normally and believes that its operations have the capacity to generate funds to enable the continuation of its business in the future. In addition, Management is not aware of any material uncertainties that could generate significant doubts about its ability to continue operating. Therefore, this interim financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis.



2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1. Statement of compliance

The Interim Accounting Information has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), Technical Pronouncement 21 (R1) ('CPC21'), which applies to interim financial statements, and the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities Commission (Comissão de Valores Mobiliários, or CVM), applicable to preparation of Quarterly Information (Informações Trimestrais, or ITR).

Presentation of the Added Value Statements (Demonstrações do Valor Adicionado - DVA) is required by the Brazilian corporate law, and by the accounting practices adopted in Brazil for listed companies (CPC 09 - Added Value Statements). IFRS does not require presentation of this statement. As a result, under IFRS this statement is presented as supplementary information, without prejudice to the financial statements as a whole.

With the exception of the new rules, or alterations to rules, coming into effect on January 1, 2023, this interim accounting information has been prepared according to principles, practices and criteria consistent with those adopted in preparation of the financial statements at December 31, 2022.

Thus, this interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the said financial statements, approved by the Company's Board of Directors on March 25, 2023.

Management certifies that all the material information in the interim financial accounting, and only that information, is being disclosed herein, and is the same information used by management in its administration of the Company.

The Company's Board of Directors authorized the issuance of this interim financial information on August 3, 2023.

2.2. Correlation between the Explanatory Notes published in the Annual Financial Statements and those in the Interim Financial Information

| Number of the N | otes | Tidle of the Nether |
|-----------------|---------------|---|
| Dec. 31, 2022 | Jun. 30, 2023 | Title of the Notes |
| 1 | 1 | Operational contexto |
| 2 | 2 | Basis of preparation |
| 3 | - | Concessions |
| 4 | 3 | Operational segments |
| 5 | 4 | Cash and cash equivalents |
| 6 | 5 | Marketable securities |
| 7 | 6 | Customers and traders; Concession holders (power transport) |
| 8 | 7 | Recoverable taxes |
| 9 | 8 | Income tax and social contribution tax |
| 10 | 9 | Escrow deposits |
| 11 | 10 | Reimbursement of tariff subsidies |
| 12 | 11 | Concession financial assets and liabilities |
| 13 | 12 | Contract assets |
| 14 | 13 | Intangible assets |
| - | 14 | Special obligations |
| 15 | 15 | Leasing - Right of Use |
| 16 | 16 | Suppliers |
| 17 | 17 | Taxes and amounts reimbursement to customers |
| 18 | 18 | Loans and debentures |
| 19 | 19 | Regulatory charges |
| 20 | 20 | Post-employment obligations |



| Number of the | Notes | Title of the Notes | |
|---------------|---------------|---|--|
| Dec. 31, 2022 | Jun. 30, 2023 | Title of the Notes | |
| 21 | 21 | Provisions | |
| 22 | 22 | Equity and remuneration to shareholders | |
| 23 | 23 | Revenue | |
| 24 | 24 | Operating costs and expenses | |
| 25 | 25 | Financial revenue and expenses | |
| 26 | 26 | Related party transactions | |
| 27 | 27 | Financial instruments and risk management | |
| - | 28 | Periodic tariff review | |
| 28 | - | Insurance | |
| 29 | - | Contractual obligations | |
| 30 | 29 | Risks related to compliance with laws and regulations | |
| 31 | 30 | Subsequent events | |

The explanatory notes of financial statements as of December 31, 2022 that have not been included in this consolidated interim financial information because they had no material changes, and/or were not applicable to the interim financial information, are as follows:

| Number of the Notes | Title of the Notes |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 3 | Concessions |
| 28 | Insurance |
| 29 | Contractual obligations |

2.3. Regrouping of items in the Statement of income

Starting in the third quarter of 2022, the Company made some adjustments in the classification of expenses in its profit and loss account (Statement of income), so as to group certain items more accurately in accordance with their function. Description of the nature of each type of expense continues to be presented in the related Notes to the financial statements, without alteration. These adjustments do not affect margins, or indicators, and are merely improvements proposed by the Company's management. To maintain comparability, the corresponding information for the period ended June 30, 2022 is being presented using the same criteria. The Company considers these adjustments not to be material.

2.4. New pronouncements, or revisions of pronouncements, applied for the first time in 2023

The alterations to CPC 23 / IAS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, CPC 26 / IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements, and CPC 32 / IAS 12 - Income Taxes, and the application of CPC 50 / IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts, which come into effect for years starting on or after January 1, 2023, have had no impact on the Company's interim accounting information.

3. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company operates only in energy distribution, and only in the Brazilian State of Minas Gerais. Its Income statement reflects this activity. Management believes that its Income statements and the other information contained in these Notes provide the required information about its sole operational segment.



4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Contas bancárias | 40,810 | 83,858 |
| Aplicações financeiras | | |
| Certificados de Depósitos Bancários (1) | 725,251 | 309,894 |
| Aplicações automáticas - Overnight (2) | 132,987 | 46,948 |
| | 858,238 | 356,842 |
| | 899,048 | 440,700 |

- (1) Bank Certificates of Deposit (Certificados de Depósito Bancário, or CBDs), accrued interest at 80% to 112%, of the CDI Rate (Interbank Rate for Interbank Certificates of Deposit or Certificados de Depósito Inter-bancário CDIs) published by the Custody and Settlement Chamber (Câmara de Custódia e Liquidação, or Cetip) on June 30, 2023 (80% to 112% on December 31, 2022). For these CDBs, the Company and its subsidiaries have repo transactions which state, on their trading notes, the bank's commitment to repurchase the security, on demand, on the maturity date of the transaction, or earlier.
- (2) Automated applications (Overnight) transactions are repos available for redemption on the following day. They are usually backed by Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds and referenced to a pre-fixed rate of 13.38% to 13.64% on June 30, 2023 (13.62% to 13.64% on December 31, 2022). Their purpose is to settle the short-term obligations of the Company and its subsidiaries, or to be used in the acquisition of other assets with better return to replenish the portfolio.

Note 27 of this interim financial information provides information in relation to the exposure of the Company to interest rate risks, and a sensitivity analysis of their effects on financial assets and liabilities.

5. MARKETING SECURITIES

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Bank certificates of deposit (1) | 370,665 | 30,587 |
| Financial Notes (LFs) - banks (2) | 216,954 | 182,161 |
| Treasury Financial Notes (LFTs) (3) | 79,741 | 64,208 |
| Debentures (4) | 4,175 | 2,647 |
| Others | 1,353 | 1,166 |
| | 672,888 | 280,769 |
| | | |
| Current asset | 671,821 | 279,717 |
| Non-current asset | 1,067 | 1,052 |

- (1) Bank Certificates of Deposit (Certificados de Depósito Bancário, or CBDs), are remunerated at a percentage of the CDI Rate (Interbank Rate for Interbank Certificates of Deposit or Certificados de Depósito Inter-bancário CDIs) published by the Custody and Settlement Chamber (Câmara de Custódia e Liquidação, or Cetip) varying between 103% to 104.3% on June 30, 2023 (103% to 104.4% of the CDI Rate on December 31, 2022), according to the operation.
- (2) Bank Financial Notes (Letras Financeiras, or LFs) are fixed-rate fixed-income securities, issued by banks and that accrued interest a percentage of the CDI rate published by Cetip. The LFs had remuneration rates varying between 103.3% and 109.89% of the CDI rate on June 30, 2023 (103.3% and 110.26% on December 31, 2022).
- (3) Treasury Financial Notes (LFTs) are fixed-rate securities, their yield follows the daily changes in the Selic rate between the date of purchase and the date of maturity. The LFTs had remuneration rates varying between 13.67% and 13.87% on June 30, 2023 (13.65% and 13.88% on December 31, 2022).
- (4) Debentures are medium and long term debt securities, which give their holders a right of credit against the issuing company. The debentures have remuneration varying from TR+1% to 114.29% of the CDI Rate on June 30, 2023 (TR+1% to 114.29% of the CDI Rate on December 31, 2022).

The accounting policy and the classification of these securities and the financial investments in related parties' securities are stated in notes 27 and 26 of this interim financial information. The earnings of these securities are properly stated in the Statements of Cash Flows in the investment activity.



6. RECEIVABLES FROM CUSTOMERS, TRADERS AND CONCESSION HOLDERS

| | Balances no | ot yet due | В | alances past d | ue | To | tal |
|--|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Customer type | Billed energy | Not yet billed energy | Up to 90 days | 91 to 360 days | More than 360 days | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
| Residential | 716,635 | 276,184 | 393,508 | 243,962 | 360,296 | 1,990,585 | 1,800,806 |
| Industrial | 40,657 | 60,013 | 21,610 | 27,698 | 120,175 | 270,153 | 255,015 |
| Commercial, services and others | 282,627 | 158,462 | 103,634 | 94,828 | 197,813 | 837,364 | 796,559 |
| Rural | 130,508 | 92,258 | 49,154 | 30,936 | 48,005 | 350,861 | 292,220 |
| Public authorities | 65,265 | 34,006 | 3,467 | 248 | 17,100 | 120,086 | 97,942 |
| Public lighting | 49,565 | 581 | 207 | 1 | 971 | 51,325 | 12,303 |
| Public services | 63,427 | 36,226 | 4,940 | 3,251 | 31,681 | 139,525 | 125,823 |
| Subtotal - customers | 1,348,684 | 657,730 | 576,520 | 400,924 | 776,041 | 3,759,899 | 3,380,668 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | 72,097 | 285,666 | 22,830 | 6,303 | 75,657 | 462,553 | 460,272 |
| Energy in spot market - supply | - | - | 8,390 | - | 7,876 | 16,266 | 56,315 |
| Provision for expected credit losses | (124,247) | (11,770) | (50,385) | (94,014) | (520,965) | (801,381) | (758,857) |
| | 1,296,534 | 931,626 | 557,355 | 313,213 | 338,609 | 3,437,337 | 3,138,398 |
| Current | | | | | | | |
| Receivables from customers, traders and concession holders | | | | | | 3,047,560 | 2,761,370 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | | | | | | 348,870 | 333,642 |
| Non-current | | | | | | | |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | | | | | | 40,907 | 43,386 |

The Company exposure to credit risk related to customers and traders is provided in Note 27 of this interim financial information. The transactions involving related parties is provided in Note 26 of this interim financial information.

The expected credit losses are considered sufficient to cover eventual losses in the realization of these assets and their composition, by class of consumer, is as follows:

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Residential | 312,162 | 269,007 |
| Industrial | 113,169 | 122,227 |
| Commercial, services and others | 208,552 | 194,431 |
| Rural | 34,405 | 31,070 |
| Public authorities | 28,771 | 26,621 |
| Public lighting | 302 | (88) |
| Public services | 31,244 | 32,346 |
| Concession holders - Transport of energy | 72,776 | 83,243 |
| | 801,381 | 758,857 |

Changes in the expected credit losses are as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 758,857 |
|--------------------------------|---------|
| Additions, net (Note 24) | 29,415 |
| Amounts written off, reversals | 13,109 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 801,381 |

7. RECOVERABLE TAXES

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current | | |
| ICMS tax recoverable | 396,285 | 404,590 |
| Cofins tax (a) | 484,750 | 1,170,056 |
| PIS/Pasep taxes (a) | 104,802 | 253,606 |
| Others | 424 | 413 |
| | 986,261 | 1,828,665 |
| Non-current | | |
| ICMS tax recoverable | 600,946 | 515,972 |
| Cofins tax (a) | 21,277 | 19,973 |
| PIS/Pasep taxes (a) | 4,620 | 4,336 |
| | 626,843 | 540,281 |
| | 1,613,104 | 2,368,946 |



a) Pis/Pasep and Cofins taxes credits over ICMS

The Company has recorded at June 30, 2023 the amount of R\$589,552 in current assets (R\$1,421,739 at December 31, 2022) and R\$25,897 in non-current assets (R\$24,309 at December 31, 2022) corresponding to the tax credits of PIS/Pasep and Cofins over ICMS, with updating by the Selic rate to the date of their actual offsetting.

In the first quarter of 2023, credits of PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes were offset against payable federal taxes in the amount of R\$820,641 (R\$823,148 in 2022).

8. INCOME AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION TAXES

a) Income tax and social contribution tax recoverable

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Income tax | 70,637 | 61,390 |
| Social contribution tax | 43,732 | 14,888 |
| | 114,369 | 76,278 |
| | | |
| Current | 30,960 | - |
| Non-current | 83,409 | 76,278 |

b) Income tax and social contribution tax payable

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current | | |
| Income tax | - | 77,292 |
| Social contribution tax | | 10,751 |
| | - | 88,043 |

The Company has some uncertainties relating to the treatments of certain taxes on profit, and management has concluded that it is more probable than not that the tax authority will accept the Company's conclusions. The effects of the potential contingencies are stated in Note 21.

c) Deferred income tax and social contribution tax

| Temporary differences of income tax and social contribution tax | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Tax loss / negative basis | 311,650 | - |
| Post-employment obligations | 1,246,016 | 1,238,981 |
| Expected credit losses | 313,973 | 295,384 |
| Impairment | 16,937 | 22,271 |
| Operational Provisions (1) | 81,928 | 523,338 |
| Provisions for contingencies | 414,430 | 396,213 |
| Administrative tax | 4,313 | 4,500 |
| Provision for profit shares | 16,255 | 17,773 |
| Others | 9,843 | 8,586 |
| | 2,415,345 | 2,507,046 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | |
| Adjustment to expectation of cash flow - Concession assets | (234,270) | (212,326) |
| Borrowing costs capitalized | (173,775) | (169,801) |
| Funding cost | (8,716) | (5,425) |
| | (416,761) | (387,552) |
| Total net assets presented in the balance sheet | 1,998,584 | 2,119,494 |

⁽¹⁾ In 2022, a provision was recorded as a result of Law 14385/22, which specifies that 100% of the amounts arising from tax charged in excess (as defined by the court ruling that PIS, Pasep and Cofins taxes could not be charged on amounts of ICMS tax included within electricity bills) should be reimbursed to consumers. The amount refers to the period as from the 11th year, i.e. as from the date of the final judgment subject to no further appeal, net of the portion included in the 2022 and 2023 Annual Tariff Adjustment.



The changes in deferred income tax and social contribution tax were as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 2,119,494 |
|--|-----------|
| Effects allocated to net income | (106,039) |
| Effects allocated to Statement of comprehensive income | (14,871) |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 1,998,584 |

d) Reconciliation of income tax and social contribution tax effective rate

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Profit before income tax and social contribution tax | 991,514 | (920,727) |
| Nominal rate | 34% | 34% |
| Income tax and social contribution tax - nominal expense | (337,115) | 313,047 |
| Tax effects applicable to: | | |
| Interest on equity and dividends payable | 108,937 | 96,124 |
| Tax incentives | 12,350 | 13,433 |
| Non-deductible contributions and donations | (1,710) | (2,658) |
| Non-deductible penalties | (55,480) | (21,560) |
| Selic rate on tax overpayments | 13,199 | _ |
| Others | 3,274 | (2,010) |
| | (256,545) | 396,376 |
| Effective rate | 25.87% | (43.05)% |
| Current tax | (150,506) | (155,798) |
| Deferred tax | (106,039) | 552,174 |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Profit before income tax and social contribution tax | 503,014 | (1,424,684) |
| Nominal rate | 34% | 34% |
| Income tax and social contribution tax - nominal expense | (171,025) | 484,393 |
| Tax effects applicable to: | | |
| Interest on equity and dividends payable | 56,228 | 51,769 |
| Tax incentives | 397 | - |
| Non-deductible contributions and donations | 279 | (1,184) |
| Non-deductible penalties | (28,160) | (9,153) |
| Selic rate on tax overpayments | 1,975 | - |
| Others | 2,731 | (1,418) |
| | (137,575) | 524,407 |
| Effective rate | (27.35)% | (36.81)% |
| | | |
| Current tax | 2,843 | - |
| Deferred tax | (140,418) | 524,406 |

ESCROW DEPOSITS 9.

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Labor claims | 178,166 | 203,119 |
| | | |
| Tax contingencies | | |
| Income tax on Interest on Equity | 12,497 | 12,198 |
| Income tax and Social Security contribution on 'Anuênio' employee indemnity (1) | 223,353 | 218,771 |
| JCP in the Income tax and Social Security contribution calculation base (2) | 92,143 | 85,832 |
| Others | 71,744 | 64,197 |
| | 399,737 | 380,998 |
| Others | | |
| Regulatory | 32,331 | 31,428 |
| Third party | 8,679 | 5,786 |
| Customer relations | 5,871 | 6,166 |
| Court embargo | 17,321 | 13,056 |
| Patrimonial | 4,481 | 4,448 |
| Others | 6,495 | 6,278 |
| | 75,178 | 67,162 |
| | 653,081 | 651,279 |

 ⁽¹⁾ More details in Note 21 - Provisions under the section relating to the 'Anuênio indemnity';
 (2) More details in Note 21 - Provisions - Interest on Equity.



10. REIMBURSEMENT OF TARIFF SUBSIDIES

Subsidies given on tariffs charged to users of distribution services are reimbursed to distributors by payments of funds from the Energy Development Account (CDE).

In the first half of 2023, the amount recognized as subsidies revenues was R\$554,619 (R\$485,093 in the first half of 2022). Of such amounts, Cemig D has a receivable of R\$117,184 (R\$90,923 on December 31, 2022) in current assets.

11. CONCESSION FINANCIAL AND SECTOR ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

| FINANCIAL AND SECTORIAL CONCESSION ASSETS | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Financial assets related to infrastructure (a) | 1,538,165 | 1,369,652 |
| CVA (Parcel A Compensation) Account and Other Financial Components in tariff-setting (b) | 890,809 | 944,090 |
| | 2,428,974 | 2,313,742 |
| | | |
| Current asset | 458,615 | 746,031 |
| Non-current asset | 1,970,359 | 1,567,711 |

a) Financial assets related to infrastructure

The changes in concession financial assets related to infrastructure are as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 1,369,652 |
|---|-----------|
| Transfers of contract assets (Note 12) | 91,586 |
| Disposals | (648) |
| Adjustment of expectation of cash flow from the concession financial assets | 77,575 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 1,538,165 |

As a result of ratification of Cemig's 5th Periodic Tariff Review (Revisão Tarifária Periódica - RTP), R\$39,516 was added to inflation correction of financial assets, with reference to November 30, 2022 as base date. The increase arises from the difference between (a) the estimate of updating of the assets used by the Company and (b) the New Replacement Value for these assets ratified in the RTP process.

b) Account for compensation of variation of parcel A items (CVA) and Other financial components

The balance of these sector financial assets and liabilities, which are presented at net value, in assets or liabilities, in accordance with the tariff adjustments that have been authorized or are to be ratified, are as follows:



| | | Jun. 30, 2023 | | | Dec. 31, 2022 | |
|------------------------|--|--|---------|---|--|---------|
| BALANCE SHEET | Amounts ratified by Aneel in the last tariff adjustment | Amounts to be ratified by Aneel in the next tariff adjustments | Total | Amounts ratified by Aneel in the last tariff adjustment | Amounts to be ratified by Aneel in the next tariff adjustments | Total |
| Assets | 183,459 | 707,350 | 890,809 | 544,370 | 399,720 | 944,090 |
| Current asset | 183,459 | 275,156 | 458,615 | 544,370 | 201,661 | 746,031 |
| Non-current asset | - | 432,194 | 432,194 | - | 198,059 | 198,059 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total current, net | 183,459 | 275,156 | 458,615 | 544,370 | 201,661 | 746,031 |
| Total non-current, net | - | 432,194 | 432,194 | - | 198,059 | 198,059 |
| Total, net | 183,459 | 707,350 | 890,809 | 544,370 | 399,720 | 944,090 |

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | | | Dec. 31, 2022 | | | |
|--|---|--|-----------|---|--|-------------|--|
| FINANCIAL COMPONENTS | Amounts ratified by Aneel in the last tariff adjustment | Amounts to be ratified by Aneel in the next tariff adjustments | Total | Amounts ratified by Aneel in the last tariff adjustment | Amounts to be ratified by Aneel in the next tariff adjustments | Total | |
| Items of 'Parcel A' | | | | | | | |
| Energy Development Account (CDE) quota | (1,646) | 1,093 | (553) | 140,528 | (139,639) | 889 | |
| Tariff for use of transmission facilities of grid participants | 242,595 | 84,600 | 327,195 | 4,297 | 211,497 | 215,794 | |
| Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply | 30,188 | 9,364 | 39,552 | 180 | 17,786 | 17,966 | |
| Alternative power source program (Proinfa) | (38,660) | - | (38,660) | 38,984 | (7,872) | 31,112 | |
| ESS/EER System Service/Energy Charges | (528,351) | 107,000 | (421,351) | 377,682 | 204,843 | 582,525 | |
| Energy bought for resale | (552,065) | (229,619) | (781,684) | 233,721 | (1,321,656) | (1,087,935) | |
| Other financial components | | | | | | | |
| Over contracting of supply (1) | 767,227 | 264,037 | 1,031,264 | 40,617 | 708,966 | 749,583 | |
| Neutrality of Parcel A | (62,951) | 273,727 | 210,776 | (32,683) | 235,990 | 203,307 | |
| Other financial items | 389,787 | 210,544 | 600,331 | (235,974) | 537,513 | 301,539 | |
| Excess demand and reactive power | (62,665) | (13,396) | (76,061) | (22,983) | (47,707) | (70,690) | |
| TOTAL | 183,459 | 707,350 | 890,809 | 544,369 | 399,721 | 944,090 | |

(1) In 2017 and 2018 Cemig D was overcontracted (i.e. it contracted more supply than the demand that occurred in practice). The gain arising from the sale of the excess supply of energy in the spot market (at prices higher than it was bought for) was provisionally passed through to consumers by Aneel in the tariff adjustments of 2018 and 2019, including the portion in excess of the limit of 105% of the regulatory load - thus reducing the tariff that was set by these annual adjustments, in the form of application of a negative financial component. Since this is a case of voluntary overcontracting, the Company considers that, based on the regulations in force at the time, the portion above the regulatory limit should be recovered in the subsequent tariff adjustment. In 2020, by SGT/SEM Dispatch 2508, part of the amount relating to the overcontracting of 2017 - a total of R\$39,270 - was recognized and taken into account in the tariff adjustment process of 2021. As a result of administrative appeals presented to Aneel, these amounts were adjusted by Aneel Dispatch 2168 of 2022, recognizing the entirety of the overcontracting of 2017 as voluntary. With the publication of the dispatch, and considering the present rules, the gains that had not yet been recovered through the tariff in relation to the overcontracting of 2017, of which the updated value is R\$228,477, were recognized by Aneel in the 2023 tariff process. In relation to the over-contracting of 2018, in the amount of R\$28,275, the Company continues to recognize the right to the amount, and awaits publication of the related dispatch.

Changes in balances of sector financial assets and liabilities are as follow:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 944,090 |
|--|-----------|
| Net constitution of financial assets (liabilities) | 430,080 |
| Assets realized | (573,889) |
| Transfer of other assets (1) | (1,550) |
| Updating - Selic rate (Note 25) | 92,078 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 890,809 |

(1) Amounts relating to the reversal, for the purpose of moderation of tariffs, of the credits that could not be returned to consumers in final billing, as specified in §6 of Article 141 of Normative Resolution (REN) 1,000 of 2021.



12. CONCESSION CONTRACT ASSETS

Changes in concession contract assets are as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 1,849,852 |
|--|-----------|
| Additions | 1,462,227 |
| Transfers to financial assets (Note 11) | (91,586) |
| Transfers to intangible assets (Note 13) | (450,309) |
| Adjustment of assets in progress (1) | 15,584 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 2,785,768 |

⁽¹⁾ Refers to the reversal of provisions recorded in previous years for losses recorded in assets in progress (canceled works).

The amount of additions in the period of January to June 2023 were R\$1,613,710 and includes the amount of R\$24,967 under the heading capitalized borrowing costs (R\$16,250 in the same period of 2022), as presented in Note 18 of this interim financial information. The capitalization of financial charges is a non-cash transaction, and is therefore not reflected in the cash flow statements.

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

a) a) Balance composition

| | | Jun. 30, 2023 | | | Dec. 31, 2022 | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | Historic cost | Accumulated amortization | Amount, net | Historic cost | Accumulated amortization | Amount, net |
| Assets of concession | 26,419,265 | (11,559,761) | 14,859,504 | 25,760,065 | (11,151,378) | 14,608,687 |
| (-) 'Special obligations' (c) | (5,501,028) | 1,912,126 | (3,588,902) | (5,287,534) | 1,809,300 | (3,478,234) |
| Net concession assets | 20,918,237 | (9,647,635) | 11,270,602 | 20,472,531 | (9,342,078) | 11,130,453 |
| Intangible assets in progress | 138,745 | - | 138,745 | 184,465 | - | 184,465 |
| Total intangible assets | 21,056,982 | (9,647,635) | 11,409,347 | 20,656,996 | (9,342,078) | 11,314,918 |

b) Changes in intangible assets

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 11,314,918 |
|--|------------|
| Additions | 55,182 |
| Disposals | (36,975) |
| Transfers of contract assets (Note 12) | 450,309 |
| Amortization | (374,087) |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 11,409,347 |

The principal annual amortization rates, which take into account the expected useful life of assets, reflect the level of consumption expected from them and are reviewed annually by management, as follows:

| Distribution | (%) | Administration | (%) |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------|
| System cable - below 69 KV | 6.67 | Software | 20.00 |
| System cable - below 69 KV | 3.57 | Vehicles | 14.29 |
| Structure - Posts | 3.57 | General equipment | 6.25 |
| Overhead distribution transformer | 4.00 | Buildings | 3.33 |
| Circuit breaker - up to 69 kV | 3.03 | | |
| Capacitor bank - up to 69 kV | 6.67 | | |
| Voltage regulator - up to 69 kV | 4.35 | | |
| Eletronic meder | 7.69 | | |

The average annual and amortization rate of assets linked to the distribution concession is 4.09%, which is representes by activity as follows:

| Distribution | Administration |
|--------------|----------------|
| 3.91% | 15.72% |



Under the regulations of the energy segment, property, plant and equipment used in the distribution concession are linked to these services, and cannot be withdrawn, disposed of, assigned or provided in guarantee without the prior express authorization of the Grantor.

14. SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS

Obligations linked to the concession representing contributions by outside parties, consumers, the federal government, states and municipalities, among others, in works for supply of electricity, as governed by specific regulations.

These obligations linked to concession break down as follows:

| Obligations Linked to the Concession | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Customer Financial Participation | (5,013,133) | (4,753,794) |
| Participation of the Union, States and Municipalities (1) | (612,837) | (593,689) |
| Universalization of the Public Electricity Service | (306,080) | (306,080) |
| Others, Exceeding Demand and Surplus Reactives | (359,628) | (351,017) |
| Engergy Efficiency Program (PEE) | (95,552) | (95,552) |
| Donations and Grants For Investments in the Service Granted | (4,071) | (4,071) |
| Research and Development | (7,648) | (6,967) |
| Financial Update - Special Obligations | (21,482) | - |
| (-) Accumulated Amortization | 1,912,126 | 1,809,300 |
| Total | (4,508,305) | (4,301,870) |

| Allocation | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Infrastructure under construction - Contract Asset | (813,100) | (732,030) |
| Infrastructure - Intangible in Service | (3,588,902) | (3,478,234) |
| Infrastructure - Financial Asset | (106,303) | (91,606) |
| Total | (4,508,305) | (4,301,870) |

⁽¹⁾ The participation of the federal government, states and municipalities is the most significant (70% of the total): these are usually works relating to extension and modification of distribution networks that are not 'universalized'.

The amortization rate of the linked obligations is the average rate for the activity into which the asset was incorporated. The annual average is 4.09%, which breaks down by activity as follows:

| Distribution | Administration | |
|--------------|----------------|--|
| 3,91% | 15,72% | |

15. LEASING

a) Right of use assets

Changes in the right of use asset are as follows:

| | Real estate property | Vehicles | Total |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------|
| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 149,795 | 90,383 | 240,178 |
| Disposals (ended contracts) | (1,775) | | (1,775) |
| Addition | 2,749 | - | 2,749 |
| Amortization (1) | (4,180) | (13,122) | (17,302) |
| Remeasurement (2) | 90 | 48,950 | 49,040 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 146,679 | 126,211 | 272,890 |

⁽¹⁾ Amortization of the Right of Use recognized in the Statement of income is net of use of the credits of PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes on payments of rentals, a total R\$275 in the first half of 2023 (R\$249 in the same period of 2022);

⁽²⁾ The Company has identified events which lead to re-evaluation and modifications of its principal contracts: in these cases the leasing liability is remeasured with an adjustment, in Assets, to Rights of use.



b) Leasing liabilities

The changes in the lease liabilities are as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 259,873 |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Addition | 2,749 |
| Disposals (ended contracts) | (2,045) |
| Interest incurred (1) | 13,839 |
| Leasing paid | (601) |
| Interest in leasing contracts paid | (26,456) |
| Remeasurement | 49,040 |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 296,399 |
| Current liabilities | 55,715 |
| Non-current liabilities | 240,684 |

⁽¹⁾ Financial expenses recognized in the Income Statement are net of incorporation of the credits for PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes on payments of rentals, in the amounts of R\$736 in the first quarter of 2023 (R\$690 in the same period of 2022).

Additions and settled in leases are non-cash transactions, and therefore are not reflected in the Statements of Cash Flows.

The potential right to recovery of PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes embedded in the leasing consideration, according to the periods specified for payment, is as follows:

| Cash flow | Nominal | Adjusted to present value | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Consideration for the leasing | 619,747 | 296,399 | |
| Potential PIS/Pasep and Cofins | 42,662 | 14,717 | |

For lease liability and right of use measuring and remeasuring, the Company used the technique of discounted cash flow, without considering projected future inflation in the flows to be discounted, as per the prohibition imposed by CPC 06 (R2) / IFRS 16.

The cash flows of the leasing contracts are, in their majority, updated by the IPCA inflation index, annually. Below is an analysis of maturity of lease contracts:

| Maturity of lease contracts | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 2023 | 29,168 |
| 2024 | 58,126 |
| 2025 | 57,986 |
| 2026 | 57,844 |
| 2027 | 47,973 |
| 2028 to 2048 | 368,650 |
| Undiscounted values | 619,747 |
| Embedded interest | (323,348) |
| Lease liabilities | 296,399 |

16. SUPPLIERS

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Energy on spot market - CCEE | 127,667 | 95,928 |
| Charges for use of energy network (1) | 211,478 | 204,119 |
| Energy purchased for resale (2) | 605,632 | 682,239 |
| Itaipu Binacional | 221,868 | 273,618 |
| Materials and services | 530,772 | 673,819 |
| | 1,697,417 | 1,929,723 |

⁽¹⁾ The charges payable by distribution and generation agents for use of the facilities that are components of the national grid are set by an Aneel Resolution.



17. TAXES PAYABLE AND AMOUNTS TO BE REFUNDED TO CUSTOMERS

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Taxes and contributions | | · |
| Current | | |
| ICMS | 90,254 | 53,004 |
| Cofins | 56,368 | 72,901 |
| PIS/Pasep | 12,085 | 15,661 |
| INSS | 32,285 | 27,589 |
| ISSQN | 16,933 | 16,191 |
| Income tax on Interest on Equity | 24,806 | - |
| Others | 12,504 | 12,544 |
| | 245,235 | 197,890 |
| Amounts to be refunded to customers | | |
| Current | | |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins | 1,164,003 | 1,154,798 |
| ICMS (1) | 341,173 | 340,800 |
| Non-current Non-current | | |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins | 420,936 | 1,632,200 |
| | 1,926,112 | 3,127,798 |
| | 2,171,347 | 3,325,688 |

⁽¹⁾ On June 23, 2022, Complementary Law 194 came into force with immediate effect, making changes to the National Tax Code (CTN) and to Complementary Law 87/96 (the 'Kandir Law'), (i) classifying electricity, among other goods, as essential, (ii) prohibiting the setting of rates of ICMS tax for transactions with these goods at a level higher than those of transactions in general, and (iii) removing this tax from electricity transmission and distribution services, and from sector charges linked to transactions in electricity.

The amounts of PIS, Pasep, and Cofins taxes to be repaid to consumers in relation to the credits due to Cemig D as a result of the legal action which ruled that ICMS tax was not applicable, totaled R\$1,584,939 at June 30, 2023. Up to June 30, 2023, a total of R\$5,200,878 had been restituted to clients (R\$3,943,371 up to December 2022).

As a result of the analysis by the Brazilian tax authority ('Receita Federal'), for the purpose of auditing and confirming the amount of the tax credit to which Cemig D was entitled, the credit was reduced by R\$66,681, of which amount R\$23,223 corresponds to the original credit. This reduction was posted in both Assets and Liabilities, and resulted in the equivalent reduction in the amount to be repaid to consumers.

18. LOANS AND DEBENTURES

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | | | | | | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Financing source | Principal maturity | Annual financial cost % | Currency | Current | Non-current | Total | Total |
| BRAZILIAN CURRENCY | | | | | | | |
| Eletrobrás | 2023 | UFIR + 6% to 8.00% | R\$ | 765 | - | 765 | 2,380 |
| Total of loans | | | | 765 | | 765 | 2,380 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Debentures - 3th Issue - 3rd Series (1) | 2025 | IPCA + 5.10% | R\$ | 310,181 | 299,330 | 609,511 | 911,878 |
| Debentures - 7th Issue - 1st Series (1) | 2024 | CDI + 0.454% | R\$ | 543,131 | - | 543,131 | 814,697 |
| Debentures - 7th Issue - 2nd Series (1) | 2026 | IPCA + 4.10% | R\$ | 3,360 | 1,913,904 | 1,917,264 | 1,864,547 |
| Debentures - 8th Issue - 1st Series (1) | 2027 | CDI + 1.35% | R\$ | 3,095 | 500,000 | 503,095 | 503,095 |
| Debentures - 8th Issue - 2nd Series (1) | 2029 | IPCA + 6.10% | R\$ | 1,462 | 520,292 | 521,754 | 507,408 |
| Debentures - 9th Issue - Single Series (1) | 2026 | CDI + 2.05% | R\$ | 20,102 | 2,000,000 | 2,020,102 | - |
| (-) Discount on the issuance of debentures (2) | | | | - | (10,386) | (10,386) | (12,048) |
| (-) Transaction costs | | | | (770) | (24,866) | (25,636) | (15,959) |
| Total of debentures | | | | 880,561 | 5,198,274 | 6,078,835 | 4,573,618 |
| Total loans and debentures | | | | 881,326 | 5,198,274 | 6,079,600 | 4,575,998 |

⁽¹⁾ Nominal, unsecured, book-entry debentures not convertible into shares, with no renegotiation clauses;

⁽²⁾ Discount on the sale price of the 2nd series of the Seventh and Eighth issue;



Raising of funding

On June 6, 2023, Cemig D concluded the procedures for financial settlement of its 9th issue of unsecured non-convertible debentures, with surety guarantee, in a single series, for public distribution under the automatic distribution regime, in accordance with the CVM regulations.

Two million debentures were issued, for a total value of R\$2,000,000 (two billion Reais), with remuneration at the CDI rate +2.05%, and maturity in 3 years. The nominal unit value of the debentures will be paid in two equal installments: 50% of the balance on May 15, 2025, and 50% on May 15, 2026, the principal maturity date. The proceeds will be used to replenish the cash position of Cemig D, including financing its operations and investment program.

| Financing source | Entry Date | Principal Maturity | Financial charges | Total |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| BRAZILIAN CURRENCY | | | | |
| Debentures - 9th Issue - Single Series | June 2023 | 2026 | CDI + 2.05% | 2.000.000 |
| (-) Transaction costs | | | | (11.689) |
| Total of raising of funding | | | _ | 1.988.311 |

Fitch Ratings has allocated a credit risk rating of AA+(bra) to this issue.

The composition of loans and debentures, by index, with the respective amortization, is as follows:

| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 onwards | Total |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------------|-----------|
| Indexers | | | | | | | |
| IPCA (1) | 15,673 | 300,414 | 1,255,197 | 956,953 | - | 520,292 | 3,048,529 |
| UFIR/RGR (2) | 765 | - | - | - | - | - | 765 |
| CDI (3) | 296,329 | 269,999 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 500,000 | - | 3,066,328 |
| Total by Indexers | 312,767 | 570,413 | 2,255,197 | 1,956,953 | 500,000 | 520,292 | 6,115,622 |
| (-) Transaction costs | (385) | (1,469) | (6,740) | (6,725) | (855) | (9,462) | (25,636) |
| (-) Discount | - | - | (5,032) | (5,032) | - | (322) | (10,386) |
| Overall total | 312,382 | 568,944 | 2,243,425 | 1,945,196 | 499,145 | 510,508 | 6,079,600 |

- (1) Expanded National Customer Price (IPCA) Index;
- (2) Fiscal Reference Unit (Ufir / RGR);
- (3) CDI: Interbank Rate for Certificates of Deposit.

The variations in the indexors used for inflation correction of loans in the periods presented were as follows:

| Indexer | Accumulated change in first semester of 2023 (%) | Accumulated change in first semester of 2022 (%) |
|---------|--|--|
| IPCA | 2.87 | 5.49 |
| CDI | 6.44 | 5.36 |
| Indexer | Accumulated change in second quarter of 2023 | Accumulated change in second quarter of 2022 |
| | (%) | (%) |
| IPCA | 0.76 | 2.22 |
| CDI | 3.09 | 2.86 |



Changes in loans and debentures are as follows:

| Balance on December 31, 2022 | 4,575,998 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Loans obtained | 2,000,000 |
| Transaction costs | (11,689) |
| Net borrowings | 1,988,311 |
| Monetary variation | 85,018 |
| Financial charges provisioned | 172,884 |
| Amortization of transaction cost | 2,008 |
| Financial charges paid | (180,280) |
| Amortization of financing | (564,339) |
| Balance on June 30, 2023 | 6,079,600 |

Borrowing costs, capitalized

Costs of loans directly related to acquisition, construction or production of an asset, that necessarily requires a substantial time to be concluded for the purpose of use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the corresponding asset. All other costs of loans are recorded in Expenses in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs include interest and other costs incurred by the Company in relation to loans and debentures.

The Company transferred to intangible assets and to concession contract assets the costs of loans linked to construction in progress, as follows:

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Costs of loans and debentures | 172,884 | 129,262 |
| Financing costs on intangible assets and contract assets (1) (Notes 12 and 13) | (24,967) | (16,250) |
| Net effect in Profit or loss | 147,917 | 113,012 |

⁽¹⁾ The average capitalization rate p.a. on June 30, 2023 was 12.17% (13.46% on June 30, 2022).

The amounts of the capitalized borrowing costs have been excluded from the statement of cash flows, in the additions to cash flow of investment activities, as they do not represent an outflow of cash for acquisition of the related asset.

Guarantees

The guarantees of the debt balance on loans, on June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| Surety and receivables | 2,446,630 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Promissory notes and Sureties | 609,327 |
| Receivables | 3,022,878 |
| Shares | 765 |
| TOTAL | 6,079,600 |

Restrictive covenants

There are early maturity clauses for cross-default in the event of non-payment by the Company, of any pecuniary obligation with individual or aggregate value greater than R\$50 million ("cross default").



The Company has contract with financial covenants as follows:

| Security (2) | Covenant | Ratio required Cemig D- Issuer | Ratio required Cemig (guarantor) | Compliance required |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 7 th , 8 th and 9 th debenture issue | Net debt / (Ebitda adjusted) (1) | The following or less: 3.5 | Ratio to be the following, or less: 3.0 | Half-yearly and anual |

- (1) Adjusted Ebtida corresponds to earnings before interest, income taxes and social contribution on net income, depreciation and amortization, calculated in accordance with CVM Resolution 156, from which non-operating income, any credits and non-cash gains that increase net income are subtracted, to the extent that they are non-recurring, and any cash payments made on a consolidated basis during such period in respect of non-cash charges that were added back in the determination of Ebtida in any prior period, and increased by non-cash expenses and non-cash charges, to the extent that they are non-recurring.
- (2) Non-compliance with financial covenants leads to early maturity, creating immediate demandability of payment by the Company of the Nominal Unit Value or the Updated Nominal Unit Value (as the case may be) of the debentures, plus any other charges due, without the need for advice, notification or any action through the courts or otherwise.

Management monitors these indexes, so that the conditions are satisfied.

19. REGULATORY CHARGES

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Liabilities | | |
| Energy Efficiency Program (EEP) | 199,321 | 220,801 |
| Research and development (R&D) | 130,350 | 112,458 |
| Energy System Expansion Research | 4,282 | 3,226 |
| National Scientific and Technological Development Fund | 8,847 | 6,735 |
| Energy Development Account (CDE) (2) | 66,818 | 46,557 |
| CDE on R&D (1) | 2,654 | 2,021 |
| CDE on PEE (1) | 1,769 | 4,041 |
| Global Reversion Reserve (RGR) | 24,545 | 24,545 |
| Emergency capacity charge | 26,325 | 26,325 |
| Aneel inspection charge | 2,199 | 2,101 |
| Customer charges - Tariff flags | 16 | 16 |
| | 467,126 | 448,826 |
| Current liabilities | 429,179 | 393,389 |
| Non-current liabilities | 37,947 | 55,437 |

- (1) Refers to the amount transferred from the R&D account, which will be paid as CDE over R&D, in accordance with Aneel Dispatch 904 of March 30, 2021.
- (2) Charging of the 'CDE Covid Account' began in May 2021, as ratified by Dispatch 939 of April 5, 2021, under Normative Resolution 885 of June 23, 2020.

20. POST-EMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS

The changes occurred in net liabilities are as follows:

| | Pension plans and retirement supplement plans | Health Plan | Dental Plan | Total |
|---|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net liabilities at December 31, 2022 | 1,389,416 | 2,392,168 | 43,413 | 3,824,997 |
| Expense recognized in statement of income | 81,562 | 139,614 | 2,552 | 223,728 |
| Cost of past service | - | (33,123) | (867) | (33,990) |
| Contributions paid | (105,433) | (73,020) | (1,384) | (179,837) |
| Actuarial losses (gains) | | (43,088) | (649) | (43,737) |
| Net liabilities at June 30, 2023 | 1,365,545 | 2,382,551 | 43,065 | 3,791,161 |
| | | | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
| Current liabilities | | | 289,196 | 274,904 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | 3,501,965 | 3,550,093 |

Amounts recorded as current liabilities refer to contributions to be made by Cemig and its subsidiaries in the next 12 months for the amortization of the actuarial liabilities.



The amounts recorded in the expense recognized in the result for the first half of 2023 refer to the installments of costs with post-employment obligation, in the amount of R\$179,283 (R\$204,832 in the same period of 2022), plus the charges and monetary variation of the debt agreed with Forluz, in the amount of R\$10,455 in the first half of 2023 (R\$21,933 in the same period of 2022).

Health Plan and Dental Plan

As from December 2022, Cemig Saúde offered all active employees of Cemig an alternative, new, health plan, called the Premium Plan, in substitution of the Integrated Health Plan (PSI) that was in effect up to that date. The Premium Plan is financed entirely by the Company. In counterpart to the Company bearing the entire cost, those employees who accept the new plan will no longer have the contribution by Cemig to payment for their health plan in their retirement. This was available to employees up to January 31, 2023, and migration of some of the employees to the Premium Plan reduced the number of employees covered by the PSI.

In light of CPC 33 (R1) - *Employee Benefits*, this situation constitutes a curtailment event, requiring the Company to remeasure its post-employment liabilities for the base date March 31, 2023. In the first half of 2023, the effects of the curtailment have been recognized in the income statement as a cost of past service, as to R\$33,123 for the health plan and R\$867 for the dental plan.

Since the new discount rate was higher, there was a reduction of the liability, and as a result, an actuarial gain of R\$43,088 for the health plan, and R\$649 for the dental plan. These were recorded in Other comprehensive income in the first quarter of 2023.

Debt agreed with the pension fund (Forluz)

At June 30, 2023 the Company has an obligation recognized for past actuarial deficits relating to the pension fund in the amount of R\$127,611 (R\$182,140 on December 31, 2022). This amount has been recognized as an obligation payable, and is being amortized up to June 2024, through monthly installments calculated by the system of constant installments (known as the 'Price' table), and adjusted by the IPCA (Amplified National Consumer Price) inflation index published by the Brazilian Geography and Statistics Institute (IBGE), plus 6% per year. Because the Company is required to pay this debt even if Forluz has a surplus, the Company decided to record the debt in full, and record the effects of monetary updating and interest in Financial revenue (expenses).

Agreement to cover the deficit on Forluz Pension Plan 'A'

Forluz and the sponsors Cemig, Cemig GT and Cemig D have signed a Debt Assumption Instrument to cover the deficit of Plan A for the years of 2015, 2016 e 2017. On June 30, 2023 the total amount payable by Cemig as a result of the Plan A deficit is R\$392,756 (R\$396,483 on December, 31, 2022, referring to the Plan A deficits of 2015, 2016 and 2017). The monthly amortizations, calculated by the constant installments system (Price Table), will be paid until 2031 for the 2015 and 2016 deficits, in the amount of R\$259,890, and up to 2033 for the 2017 deficit, in the amount of R\$132,866. Remuneratory interest applicable to the outstanding



balance is 6% p.a., plus the effect of the IPCA. If the plan reaches actuarial surplus before the full period of amortization of the debt, also Company will not be required to pay the remaining installments and the contract will be extinguished.

Restricted deposits made to Forluz

In accordance with the specific legislation, Forluz submitted a proposal to Cemig for signature of new Debt Assumption Instruments between Forluz and the sponsors Cemig, Cemig GT and Cemig D, in accordance with a plan for coverage of the deficits of Plan A of Forluz found in 2019, 2020 and 2021. For resolution of the deficit, if the plan reaches actuarial balance before the full period of amortization of the contract, the Company is dispensed from payment of the remaining installments and the contract is extinguished.

Recognizing the legal obligation in relation to the deficit of Plan A, corresponding to 50% of the minimum amount, and obeying the contribution parity rule, the Company made payments into a court escrow account at the official bank, which remain at the disposal of Forluz to be redeemed at any moment. The deposits are made monthly in the amount of 50% of the installment of each one of the Deficit Resolution Agreements relating to 2019, 2020 and 2021, as follows:

| | Resolution of the 2019 deficit | Resolution of the 2020 deficit | Resolution of the 2021 deficit |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Start of escrow payments | May 2021 | April 2022 | In process |
| Total amount requested by Forluz | R\$116,228 | R\$182,316 | R\$485,205 |
| Amount based on contribution parity | R\$58,114 | R\$91,158 | R\$242,603 |
| Number of installments | 166 | 158 | 159 |
| Remuneratory interest | IPCA + 6% | IPCA + 6% | IPCA + 6% |
| Balance deposited on June 30, 2023 | R\$15,746 | R\$13,267 | R\$4,173 |

Regarding the 2019 Deficit Equalization, Forluz, due to the Debt Assumption Instrument not being signed for coverage of the minimum amount proposed in the plan for solution of the Plan A actuarial deficit for 2019, and the refusal of the payments in consignment made by the Company, on April 27, 2021 Forluz filed legal action against sponsors Cemig, Cemig GT and Cemig D, applying for approval and confirmation of the request to ensure compliance with the contracting of the debt for coverage of the deficit of Plan A, in the amount of R\$160,425, in consolidated.

In 2022 the first instance of the Employment-law Appeal Court of Minas Gerais gave a decision in favor of Forluz, and against the Company's application - but in this dispute appeal lies to higher instances. As a result the Company, based on the assessments of its specialists, has opted to maintain the assessment of chances of loss in the action as 'possible'.

21. PROVISIONS

Company is involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings at several courts and government bodies, arising in the normal course of business, regarding employment-law, civil, tax, environmental and regulatory matters, and other issues.



In this context, considering the assessment of the Company and its legal advisers, provisions were constituted for the legal actions in which the expectation of loss is assessed as 'probable', as follows:

| | Dec. 31, 2022 | Additions | Reversals | Settled | Jun. 30, 2023 |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------|
| Labor | 297,311 | 31,111 | (2,458) | (31,111) | 294,853 |
| Civil | | | | | |
| Customer relations | 36,679 | 33,775 | (5,590) | (23,455) | 41,409 |
| Other civil actions | 32,687 | 12,829 | - | (5,517) | 39,999 |
| | 69,366 | 46,604 | (5,590) | (28,972) | 81,408 |
| Tax | 937,320 | 48,749 | - | (36) | 986,033 |
| Regulatory | 34,293 | 3,336 | - | (2,031) | 35,598 |
| Others | 4,334 | 11,523 | (262) | (7,761) | 7,834 |
| Total | 1,342,624 | 141,323 | (8,310) | (69,911) | 1,405,726 |

Also, there are legal actions in which the chances of loss have been assessed as 'possible', since the Company's legal advisers have assessed the actions as having a possibility of being decided in favor of the Company, and provisions have not been constituted for them - as follows:

| Possible losses | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Labor | 1,135,403 | 997,927 |
| Civil | | |
| Customer relations | 219,838 | 194,128 |
| Other civil actions | 471,328 | 444,688 |
| | 691,166 | 638,816 |
| Tax | 1,271,101 | 1,191,496 |
| Regulatory | 1,138,042 | 869,338 |
| Others (1) | 1,033,573 | 949,190 |
| Total | 5,269,285 | 4,646,767 |

⁽¹⁾ The main figures are presented in specific paragraphs in the Provisions chapter.

The Company management, in view of the extended period and the Brazilian judiciary, tax and regulatory systems, believes that it is not practical to provide information that would be useful to the users of this interim financial information in relation to the the timing of any cash outflows, or any possibility of reimbursements.

The Company believes that any disbursements in excess of the amounts provisioned, when the respective claims are completed, will not significantly affect the Company and its subsidiaries' result of operations or financial position.

The main provisions and contingent liabilities are provided below, with the best estimation of expected future disbursements for these contingencies:

Tax

The Company is involved in numerous administrative and judicial claims actions relating to taxes, including, among other matters, subjects relating to the Urban Property Tax (Imposto sobre a Propriedade Territorial Urbana, or IPTU); the Social Integration Program (Programa de Integração Social, or PIS-Pasep) and the Contribution to Finance Social Security (Contribuição para o Financiamento da Seguridade Social, or Cofins). The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$173,994 (R\$152,686 on December 31, 2022), of which R\$11,532 (R\$10,091 on December 31, 2022) has been recorded - the amount estimated as probably necessary for settlement of these disputes.



Social Security contributions on income sharing payments

The Brazilian tax authority (Receita Federal) has filed administrative and court proceedings against the Company, relating to social security contributions on the payment of profit shares to its employees over the period 1999 to 2016, alleging that the Company did not comply with the requirements of Law 10,101/2000 on the argument that it did not previously establish clear and objective rules for the distribution of these amounts. In August 2019, the Regional Federal Court of the First Region published a decision against the Company on this issue. As a result the Company, based on the opinion of its legal advisers, reassessed the chances of loss from 'possible' to 'probable' for some portions paid as profit-sharing amounts, maintaining the classification of the chance of loss as 'possible' for the other portions, since it believes that it has arguments on the merit for defense and/or because it believes that the amounts questioned are already within the period of limitation.

The amount of the contingencies is approximately R\$1,035,709 (R\$982,070 on December 31, 2022), of which R\$874,949 has been provisioned (R\$829,721 on December 31, 2022), this being the estimate of the probable amount of funds to settle these disputes.

Indemnity of employees' future benefit (the 'Anuênio')

In 2006 the Company paid an indemnity to its employees, totaling R\$127,058, in exchange for rights to future payments (referred to as the Anuênio) for time of service, which would otherwise be incorporated, in the future, into salaries. The Company did not pay income tax nor Social Security contributions in relation to these amounts because it believed that amounts paid as indemnity are not taxable. However, given the possibility of dispute and to avoid risk of future penalty payments, the Company and its subsidiaries filed legal actions for recognition of the right of non-taxation on these Anuênio payments, making separate submissions and argument in relation to (a) income tax and (b) the social security contribution, in the aggregate historic amount of R\$87,268, which is considered sufficient for payment of the lawsuit.

In the action relating to applicability of the social security contribution, a court judgment was given that impedes consideration of an appeal to the Federal Supreme Court - thus consideration by the Higher Appeal Court remains. Additionally, in October 2022, a judgment was published refusing to recognize the Special Appeal filed by the Company, reducing the chances of success in the action. As a result the assessment of the chances of loss in this action were altered from 'possible' to 'probable', and a provision made for the amount deposited in escrow. The chances of loss in the action relating to applicability of income tax on the amounts of the anuênios, due to its current phase of procedure, have been maintained as 'possible'. The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$223,353 (R\$218,772 on December 31, 2022), of which R\$99,552 (R\$97,508 on December 31, 2022) has been provisioned.

Social Security contributions

The Brazilian federal tax authority (Secretaria da Receita Federal) has filed administrative proceedings related to several matters: employee profit sharing; the Workers' Food Program



(Programa de Alimentação do Trabalhador, or PAT); education benefit; food benefit; Special Additional Retirement payment; overtime payments; hazardous occupation payments; matters related to Sest/Senat (transport workers' support programs), and fines for noncompliance with accessory obligations. The Company has presented defenses and await judgment. The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$118,463 (R\$112,362 on December 31, 2022). Management has classified the chance of loss as 'possible', also taking into account assessment of the chance of loss in the judicial sphere, (the claims mentioned are in the administrative sphere), based on the evaluation of the claims and the related case law.

Non-homologation of offsetting of tax credit

The federal tax authority did not ratify the Company's declared offsetting, in Corporate income tax returns, of carry-forwards and undue or excess payment of federal taxes - IRPJ, CSLL, PIS/Pasep and Cofins - identified by official tax deposit receipts ('DARFs' and 'DCTFs'). The Company is contesting the non-homologation of the amounts offset. The amount of the contingency is R\$62,735 (R\$60,454 on December 31, 2022), and the chance of loss was classified as 'possible', since the relevant requirements of the National Tax Code (CTN) have been complied with.

The Social Contribution tax on net income (CSLL)

The federal tax authority issued a tax assessment against the Company for the years of 2012 and 2013, alleging undue non-addition, or deduction, of amounts relating to the following items in calculating the Social Contribution tax on net income: (i) taxes with liability suspended; (ii) donations and sponsorship (Law 8,313/91), and (iii) fines for several alleged infringements. The amount of this contingency is R\$382,506 (R\$355,930 on December 31, 2022). The Company evaluated the tax treatments adopted, which are susceptible to questioning by the tax authorities, and concluded that it is more likely than not that they will be accepted by the tax authorities.

Interest on Equity

The Company filed an application for mandamus, with interim relief, requesting the right to deduct, from the basis of calculation of corporate income tax and Social Contribution tax, the expense relating to payment of Interest on Equity in 4Q20 calculated on the basis of prior periods (the first and second quarters of 2020), and for cancellation of the demand for new supposed credits of corporate income tax and the Social Contribution relating to the amount that was not paid as a result of the deduction of the said financial expense, with application of fines. The amount of the contingencies in this case is approximately R\$70,400 (R\$66,693 on December 31, 2022).

Reversal of credits in calculation of PIS/ Pasep and Cofins taxes

On August of 2021 the Brazilian tax authority (Receita Federal do Brasil) issued two infringement notices relating to calculation of the PIS, Pasep and Cofins taxes, for tax triggering events from August 2016 and December 2017, alleging insufficiency of payment of



these contributions on the basis of supposed undue posting as credits of the expenses on the Proinfa charge, and absence of reversal of the credits related to non-technical losses. The Company is contesting these infringement notices. The amount of the contingency is R\$189,974 (R\$179,848 on December 31, 2022); the Company has classified the chances of loss as 'possible', due to the scarcity of case law on the subject.

<u>Labor claims</u>

The Company is involved in various legal claims filed by its employees and by employees of service providing companies. Most of these claims relate to overtime and additional pay, severance payments, various benefits, salary adjustments and the effects of such items on a supplementary retirement plan. In addition to these actions, there are others relating, complementary additions to or re-calculation of retirement pension payments by Forluz, and salary adjustments.

The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$1,430,256 (R\$1,295,238 at December 31, 2022), of which R\$294,853 (R\$297,311 at December 31, 2022) has been recorded - the amount estimated as probably necessary for settlement of these disputes.

<u>Customers claims</u>

The Company is involved in various civil actions relating to indemnity for personal injury and for material damages, arising, principally, from allegations of irregularity in measurement of consumption, and claims of undue charging, in the normal course of business, totaling R\$261,247 (R\$230,807 at December 31, 2022), of which R\$41,409 (R\$36,679 at December 31, 2022) has been recorded - this being the probable estimate for funds needed to settle these disputes.

Other civil proceedings

The Company is involved in various civil actions claiming indemnity for personal and material damages, among others, arising from incidents occurred in the normal course of business, in the amount of R\$511,327 (R\$477,375 on December 31, 2022), of which R\$39,999 (R\$32,687 at December 31, 2022) has been recorded - the amount estimated as probably necessary for settlement of these disputes.

Regulatory

The Company is involved in numerous administrative and judicial proceedings, challenging, principally: (i) tariff charges in invoices for use of the distribution system by a self-producer; (ii) alleged violation of targets for continuity indicators in retail supply of energy; and (iii) the tariff increase made during the federal government's economic stabilization plan referred to as the 'Cruzado Plan', in 1986. The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$598,993 (R\$374,696 on December 31, 2022), of which R\$35,598 (R\$34,293 at December 31, 2022) has been recorded as provision - the amount estimated as probably necessary for settlement of these disputes.



Public Lighting Contribution (CIP)

The Company is defendant in several public civil claims (class actions) requesting nullity of the clause in the Energy Supply Contracts for public illumination signed between the Company and the several municipalities of its concession area, and restitution by the Company of the difference representing the amounts charged in the last 20 years, in the event that the courts recognize that these amounts were unduly charged. The actions are grounded on a supposed error by Cemig in the estimation of the period of time that was used in calculation of the consumption of energy for public illumination, funded by the Public Lighting Contribution (Contribuição para Iluminação Pública, or CIP).

The Company believes it has meritorious arguments for judicial defense in such lawsuits, having even obtained a favorable partial decision and, therefore, did not set up a provision for this lawsuit, estimated at R\$48,900 (R\$45,642 at December 31, 2022), having classified the probability of loss as probable due to the inapplicability of the Consumer Protection Code on the case, as it is a regulation specific to the electricity sector, provided for in Aneel Resolutions 414 and 456.

Exclusion of customers classified as low-income

The Federal Public Attorneys' Office filed a class action against the Company and the grantor (Aneel), to avoid exclusion of customers from classification in the Low-income residential tariff sub-category, requesting an order for the Company to pay twice the amount paid in excess by customers. A decision was given in favor of the plaintiffs, but the Company and the grantor (Aneel) have filed an interlocutory appeal and await judgment. The amount of the contingency is approximately R\$525,747 (R\$483,294 on December 31, 2022). The Company has classified the chances of loss as 'possible' due to other favorable decisions on this matter.

Other legal actions in the normal course of business

The Company is involved, on the plaintiff or defendant side, in other litigation, on a lesser scale, including: environmental matters; removal of residents from risk areas; and indemnities for rescission of contracts, related to the normal course of its operations - in the estimated amount of R\$303,083 (R\$259,881 at December 31, 2022), of which R\$7,684 has been provisioned (R\$4,193 on December, 31, 2022), this being the probable estimate of funds required to settle these matters.

'Luz Para Todos' Program

The Company is a party in disputes alleging losses suffered by third parties as a result of supposed breach of contract at the time of implementation of part of the rural electrification program known as the 'Luz Para Todos'. The estimated amount of the contingency is approximately R\$500,169 (R\$470,248 on December 31, 2022). Of this total, R\$150 (R\$141 on December 31, 2022) has been provisioned the amount estimated as probably necessary for settlement of these disputes.



Contractual imbalance

Cemig D is party in other disputes arising from alleged non-compliance with contracts in the normal course of business, for an estimated total of R\$238,154 (R\$223,395 on December 31, 2022). Cemig D has classified the chance of loss as 'possible' due to the analysis of case law on this topic.

22. EQUITY AND REMUNERATION TO SHAREHOLDERS

a) Share Capital

On June 30, 2023 the Company's issued and outstanding share capital is R\$5,834,312 (R\$5,371,998 on December 31, 2022), represented by 2,359,113,452 nominal common shares, fully subscribed, without nominal value, wholly owned by Cemig (Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais).

Advances against Future Capital Increase

On February 27, March 10, March 17 and April 25, 2023, the Company's parent company, Cemig (Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais - Cemig) made Advances against Future Capital Increase to the Company, in the amounts of R\$100,000, R\$94,000, R\$350,000 and R\$100,000, to strengthen its cash position, and for operational expenses and execution of Cemig D's investments. The Annual and Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company on April 27, 2023 approved an increase in the Company's share capital by R\$462,314, comprising R\$268,314, proposed on December 31, 2022, and R\$194,000 of the proposals mentioned above. As a result the Company's share capital increased from R\$5,371,998 to R\$5,834,312.

An Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 14, 2023, among other matters, approved an increase in the Company's share capital in the amount of R\$450,000 from the AFACs, increasing the share capital from R\$5,834,312 to R\$6,284,312, with no change in the common shares (which are nominal, and without par value).

b) Equity valuation adjustments

These refer to the adjustments to post-employment benefit obligations, in accordance with an actuarial opinion, which comprise gains or losses resulting from remeasurements of the net defined-benefit liability - of which the balance on June 30, 2023 was R\$1,508,854 (R\$1,537,720 on December 31, 2022).

The curtailment event that was recognized for the first quarter of 2023 affected the actuarial assumptions, in that it altered the discount rates applicable to the plans. Since the new discount rate was higher, there was a reduction of the liability, and as a result an actuarial gain of R\$43,088 for the health plan, and R\$649 for the dental plan.



c) Earnings per share

O resultado por ação foi calculado com base no número médio ponderado de ações ordinárias em circulação da Companhia em cada um dos períodos mencionados, conforme segue:

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total number of shares | 2,359,113,452 | 2,359,113,452 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | 734,969 | (524,351) |
| Basic and diluted earnings per common share (R\$) | 0.31 | (0.22) |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total number of shares | 2,359,113,452 | 2,359,113,452 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | 365,439 | (900,278) |
| Basic and diluted earnings (losses) per common share (R\$) | 0.15 | (0.38) |

The Company does not have any dilutive instruments. Hence its diluted earnings per share is the same as its basic earnings per share.

d) Remuneration to stockholders

On March 22, 2023 the Executive Board, upon authorization by the Board of Directors, approved declaration of Interest on Equity in the amounts of R\$155,026 and R\$165,375, respectively. The Executive Board is responsible for determining the locations and processes of payment, and posting the amounts of Interest on Equity against the mandatory dividend for the 2023 business year, in a proposal to be submitted to the General Meeting of Stockholders. Under the tax legislation, the amount of income tax withheld at source is not taken into account when imputing the declared amounts of Interest on Equity against the minimum mandatory dividend; and is calculated at 15%.

23. REVENUE

The revenue of the Company is as follows:

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue from supply of energy - captive customers, in Cemig's concession area (a) | 9,819,628 | 11,468,771 |
| Reimbursement of PIS/Pasep and Cofins over ICMS credits to customers- realization (*) | 1,257,507 | 935,491 |
| Revenue from use of the energy distribution systems (TUSD) - free customers (b) | 2,113,176 | 1,788,661 |
| Sector financial assets and liabilities, net | (143,809) | (972,040) |
| Distribution construction revenue | 1,517,409 | 1,112,782 |
| Adjustment to expectation of cash flow from financial assets of distribution concession | 77,575 | 38,762 |
| Fine for violation of service continuity indicator | (71,379) | (51,199) |
| Mechanism for the sale of surplus | (3,766) | 205,849 |
| Other operating revenues (c) | 995,632 | 1,174,464 |
| Taxes and charges reported as deductions from revenue (d) | (4,635,579) | (6,022,105) |
| | 10,926,394 | 9,679,436 |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue from supply of energy - captive customers, in Cemig's concession area (a) | 5,097,880 | 5,475,415 |
| Reimbursement of PIS/Pasep and Cofins over ICMS credits to customers- realization (*) | 561,518 | 498,773 |
| Revenue from use of the energy distribution systems (TUSD) - free customers (b) | 1,125,668 | 920,530 |
| Sector financial assets and liabilities, net | (164,650) | (271,933) |
| Distribution construction revenue | 859,801 | 683,279 |
| Adjustment to expectation of cash flow from financial assets of distribution concession | 46,731 | 19,030 |
| Fine for violation of service continuity indicator | (32,910) | (19,305) |
| Mechanism for the sale of surplus | - | 66,855 |
| Other operating revenues (c) | 558,157 | 762,406 |
| Taxes and charges reported as deductions from revenue (d) | (2,502,738) | (3,203,931) |
| | 5,549,457 | 4,931,119 |

^(*) For more information, see Note 17 of this interim financial information.



a) Revenue from supply of energy

This table shows supply of energy by type of customer:

| | MWh (1) | | R\$ | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
| Residential | 5,929,031 | 5,609,896 | 4,926,451 | 5,839,839 |
| Industrial | 675,111 | 768,063 | 558,692 | 679,159 |
| Commercial, services and others | 2,214,819 | 2,321,478 | 2,442,510 | 2,821,664 |
| Rural | 1,313,432 | 1,382,247 | 926,308 | 1,027,348 |
| Public authorities | 463,203 | 427,628 | 351,417 | 355,340 |
| Public lighting | 537,353 | 570,596 | 243,342 | 303,579 |
| Public services | 524,511 | 691,906 | 332,227 | 467,109 |
| Subtotal | 11,657,460 | 11,771,814 | 9,780,947 | 11,494,038 |
| Own consumption | 14,915 | 16,711 | | - |
| Wholesale supply to other concession holders | - | - | 76,716 | 28,054 |
| Unbilled revenue | | | (38,035) | (53,321) |
| Total | 11,672,375 | 11,788,525 | 9,819,628 | 11,468,771 |

| | MWh (1) | | R\$ | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
| Residential | 2,944,206 | 2,768,128 | 2,531,658 | 2,724,031 |
| Industrial | 340,970 | 399,303 | 291,568 | 334,891 |
| Commercial, services and others | 1,101,140 | 1,173,445 | 1,255,870 | 1,359,370 |
| Rural | 796,071 | 841,411 | 536,103 | 539,604 |
| Public authorities | 239,549 | 223,437 | 186,873 | 176,026 |
| Public lighting | 267,837 | 285,585 | 126,351 | 136,207 |
| Public services | 252,158 | 351,948 | 167,976 | 220,132 |
| Subtotal | 5,941,931 | 6,043,257 | 5,096,399 | 5,490,261 |
| Own consumption | 7,370 | 6,857 | | _ |
| Wholesale supply to other concession holders | - | - | 36,249 | 15,260 |
| Unbilled revenue | | | (34,768) | (30,106) |
| Total | 5,949,301 | 6,050,114 | 5,097,880 | 5,475,415 |

⁽¹⁾ Data not reviewed by independent auditors.

b) Revenue from use of network - Free Customers

A significant part of the large industrial customers in the concession area of Cemig D have the status of 'Free Clients'. Most of them are buying their supply from Cemig's generation and transmission company, Cemig GT. Thus, the charges for the use of the distribution network ('TUSD') of these Free Clients are made, separately, by Cemig D. They are recorded in the item 'Revenue from use of the network'.

c) Other operating revenues

| Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|-----------------|---|
| 10,120 | 9,098 |
| 11,544 | 13,591 |
| 187,323 | 150,544 |
| 591,506 | 731,149 |
| 190,341 | 321,077 |
| - | (51,684) |
| 4,798 | 689 |
| 995,632 | 1,174,464 |
| | 10,120 11,544 187,323 591,506 190,341 - 4,798 |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Charged service | 5,003 | 4,804 |
| Other services | 6,728 | 6,769 |
| Low income Subsidies | 100,102 | 78,184 |
| Other Subsidies (1) | 348,424 | 414,603 |
| Rental and leasing | 93,411 | 257,696 |
| Transactions on the CCEE | - | (51,684) |
| Others | 4,489 | 350 |
| | 558,157 | 710,722 |



(1) This comprises: (i) revenue recognized as a result of the subsidies applying to the tariffs applicable to users of electricity distribution service, in the amounts of: R\$503,672 in first half 2023 (compared to R\$485,093 in 1H22), and R\$278,105 in second quarter 2023 (compared to R\$239,152 in 2Q22) - these amounts include subsidies for incentive-bearing sources, rural supply, nocturnal irrigation, generation from incentive-bearing sources, and public service; and revenue under the Electricity Offsetting System (Sistema de Compensação de Energia Elétrica - SCEE), governing offsetting for distributed generation, released by Aneel in the 2023 Tariff Review. (ii) revenue from the Tariff Flag system, in the amounts of R\$36,873 in 1H23 (R\$251,489 in 1H22), and R\$19,351 in 2Q23 (R\$175,399 in 2Q22), - recognized due to the Company's creditor position in the Flag Tariff Account (CCRBT); (iii) revenue recognized as a result of the subsidies related to the Program to Encourage Voluntary Reduction in Electricity Consumption, in the amount of R\$13 in 1H23 (vs. reversal of R\$5,433 in 1H22), and R\$21 in 2Q23 (R\$52 in 2Q22); and (iv) revenue of R\$50,947 in 2Q23, comprising amounts provided by Eletrobras or by its subsidiaries under CNPE Resolution 15/2021, and passed to electricity distribution concession and permission holders.

d) Deductions on revenue

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Taxes on revenue | | |
| ICMS | 1,623,688 | 2,999,469 |
| PIS/Pasep | 196,230 | 229,561 |
| Cofins | 903,845 | 1,057,372 |
| ISSQN | 582 | 632 |
| | 2,724,345 | 4,287,034 |
| Charges to the customer | | |
| Engergy Efficiency Program (PEE) | 17,514 | 32,423 |
| Energy Development Account (CDE) | 1,806,256 | 1,890,421 |
| Research and Development (R&D) | 19,357 | 11,945 |
| National Scientific and Technological Development Fund (FNDCT) | 27,653 | 17,065 |
| Energy System Expansion Research (EPE of MME) | 13,826 | 8,532 |
| Customer charges - the 'Flag Tariff' system | - | (251,821) |
| CDE on R&D | 8,296 | 5,119 |
| CDE on PEE | 5,531 | 10,239 |
| Energy Services Inspection Charge | 12,801 | 11,148 |
| | 1,911,234 | 1,735,071 |
| | 4,635,579 | 6,022,105 |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Taxes on revenue | | |
| ICMS (1) | 981,062 | 1,427,294 |
| PIS/Pasep | 97,673 | 141,327 |
| Cofins | 449,886 | 650,937 |
| ISSQN | 342 | 334 |
| | 1,528,963 | 2,219,892 |
| Charges to the customer | | |
| Engergy Efficiency Program (PEE) | 8,706 | 16,204 |
| Energy Development Account (CDE) | 921,456 | 935,677 |
| Research and Development (R&D) | 9,622 | 5,970 |
| National Scientific and Technological Development Fund (FNDCT) | 13,746 | 8,529 |
| Energy System Expansion Research (EPE of MME) | 6,872 | 4,264 |
| CDE on R&D | 4,124 | 2,558 |
| CDE on PEE | 2,750 | 5,117 |
| Energy Services Inspection Charge | 6,499 | 5,720 |
| | 973,775 | 984,039 |
| | 2,502,738 | 3,203,931 |

⁽¹⁾ On June 23, 2022, Complementary Law 194 came into force with immediate effect, making changes to the National Tax Code (CTN) and to Complementary Law 87/96 (the 'Kandir Law') including: (i) classifying electricity, among other goods, as essential, (ii) prohibiting the setting of rates of ICMS tax for transactions with these goods at a level higher than those of transactions in general, and (iii) removing this tax from electricity transmission and distribution services, and from sector charges linked to electricity operations. In February 2023 judgment was given in Action for Unconstitutionality (Ação Direta de Inconstitucionalidade - ADI) No. 7195, which suspended the effects of Article 3, Sub-item X, of Complementary Law 87/96, as amended by Complementary Law 194/2022, which had excluded transmission and distribution services, and sector charges related to electricity operations, from the calculation base for ICMS tax. Cemig has adjusted its procedures due to this decision.



24. OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES

a) Cost of energy

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|--|--|--|
| Energy purchased for resale | | |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional | 572,886 | 803,911 |
| Physical guarantee quota contracts | 477,514 | 459,205 |
| Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants | 179,835 | 178,596 |
| Spot market | 171,449 | 172,137 |
| 'Bilateral' contracts | 252,724 | 236,746 |
| Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions | 1,946,719 | 1,469,946 |
| Proinfa Program | 255,789 | 302,827 |
| Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') | 1,110,402 | 926,231 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits | (337,472) | (313,905) |
| | 4,629,846 | 4,235,694 |
| Basic Network Usage Charges | | |
| Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply | 84,695 | 70,723 |
| Transmission charges - Basic Grid | 1,085,155 | 908,877 |
| Connection Charges | 61,322 | 48,568 |
| Distribution charges | 3,755 | 3,420 |
| System Services Charge (CCEE-ESS) | 8,767 | 365,136 |
| Reserve Energy Charge (CCEE-EER) | 367,412 | 221,339 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits | (149,027) | (149,670) |
| | | |
| | 1.462.079 | 1.468.393 |
| | 1,462,079 6,091,925 | 5,704,087 |
| Energy nurchased for resale | | 1,468,393 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 |
| 071 | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market | Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 |
| Energy purchased for resale Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geracão distribuída') | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply Transmission charges - Basic Grid | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply Transmission charges - Basic Grid Connection Charges | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 31,177 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 36,412 454,806 24,276 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply Transmission charges - Basic Grid Connection Charges Distribution charges | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 31,177 1,751 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 36,412 454,806 24,276 1,899 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply Transmission charges - Basic Grid Connection Charges Distribution charges System Services Charge (CCEE-ESS) | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 31,177 1,751 6,263 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 36,412 454,806 24,276 1,899 16,901 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits Basic Network Usage Charges Tariff for transport of Itaipu supply Transmission charges - Basic Grid Connection Charges Distribution charges System Services Charge (CCEE-ESS) Reserve Energy Charge (CCEE-EER) | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 31,177 1,751 6,263 178,481 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 36,412 454,806 24,276 1,899 16,901 104,208 |
| Supply from Itaipu Binacional Physical guarantee quota contracts Quotas for Angra I and II nuclear plants Spot market 'Bilateral' contracts Energy acquired in Regulated Market auctions Proinfa Program Distributed generation ('Geração distribuída') | 6,091,925 Apr to Jun/2023 310,711 238,435 89,918 99,298 127,295 995,113 127,895 491,670 (174,303) 2,306,032 43,886 545,733 31,177 1,751 6,263 | 5,704,087 Apr to Jun/2022 409,856 233,089 89,298 108,330 126,663 835,650 151,413 472,642 (169,732) 2,257,209 36,412 454,806 24,276 1,899 16,901 |

2,836,650

3,038,649



b) Construction infrastructure costs

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Personnel | 61,936 | 50,554 |
| Materials | 834,143 | 646,021 |
| Outsourced services | 569,851 | 388,743 |
| Financial charges | 24,967 | 16,250 |
| Leasing and Rentals | 2,647 | 2,331 |
| Taxes and charges | 646 | 723 |
| Other | 23,219 | 8,160 |
| | 1,517,409 | 1,112,782 |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Personnel | 36,852 | 22,474 |
| Materials | 470,939 | 403,350 |
| Outsourced services | 322,105 | 240,873 |
| Financial charges | 14,406 | 8,720 |
| Leasing and Rentals | 1,649 | 1,548 |
| Taxes and charges | 514 | 493 |
| Other | 13,336 | 5,821 |
| | 859,801 | 683,279 |



c) Other operating costs and expenses

| | Operatin | g costs | PCE | | General and administrative expenses | | Other operating expenses, net | | Total | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
| Personnel | 322,784 | 332,322 | - | - | 118,953 | 124,642 | - | - | 441,737 | 456,964 |
| Employees' and managers' income sharing | 147 | 79 | - | - | - | 2,326 | 49,981 | 48,930 | 50,128 | 51,335 |
| Post-employment obligations | - | - | - | - | - | - | 179,283 | 203,585 | 179,283 | 203,585 |
| Materials | 38,520 | 26,037 | - | - | 11,841 | 15,284 | - | - | 50,361 | 41,321 |
| Outsourced services | 699,817 | 566,379 | - | - | 78,631 | 85,690 | - | - | 778,448 | 652,069 |
| Depreciation and amortization (Note 13b) | 367,265 | 299,644 | - | - | 6,822 | 32,086 | - | - | 374,087 | 331,730 |
| Amortization of Right of use - lease (note 15) | 17,027 | 22,526 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17,027 | 22,526 |
| Provisions (reversals) for contingencies | 133,013 | 95,540 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 133,013 | 95,540 |
| Expected credit losses of accounts receivable | - | - | 29,415 | 133,709 | - | - | 9,974 | 14,912 | 39,389 | 148,621 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes to be refunded to customers (2) | - | 1,405,106 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,405,106 |
| Other operation costs and expenses, net (1) | 9,565 | 16,144 | _ | | 27,915 | 5,351 | 143,810 | 45,418 | 181,290 | 66,913 |
| | 1,588,138 | 2,763,777 | 29,415 | 133,709 | 244,162 | 265,379 | 383,048 | 312,845 | 2,244,763 | 3,475,710 |

| | Operatin | g costs | PCE | | General and administrative expenses | | Other operating expenses, net | | Total | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
| Personnel | 153,127 | 183,595 | - | - | 63,945 | 73,353 | - | - | 217,072 | 256,948 |
| Employees' and managers' income sharing | 147 | 79 | - | - | - | 2,326 | 25,367 | 24,931 | 25,514 | 27,336 |
| Post-employment obligations | - | - | - | - | - | - | 106,017 | 100,998 | 106,017 | 100,998 |
| Materials | 17,621 | 14,308 | - | - | 7,405 | 10,752 | - | - | 25,026 | 25,060 |
| Outsourced services | 339,067 | 280,027 | - | - | 38,145 | 48,412 | - | - | 377,212 | 328,439 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 183,762 | 151,650 | - | - | 3,680 | 15,982 | - | - | 187,442 | 167,632 |
| Amortization of Right of use - lease | 9,432 | 11,249 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9,432 | 11,249 |
| Provisions (reversals) for contingencies | 77,111 | 36,073 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 77,111 | 36,073 |
| Expected credit losses of accounts receivable | - | - | 21,334 | 89,450 | - | - | 7,304 | 13,201 | 28,638 | 102,651 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes to be refunded to customers (2) | - | 1,405,106 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,405,106 |
| Other operation costs and expenses, net (1) | 2,274 | 7,816 | | | 13,999 | 2,310 | 89,821 | 31,869 | 106,094 | 41,995 |
| | 782,541 | 2,089,903 | 21,334 | 89,450 | 127,174 | 153,135 | 228,509 | 170,999 | 1,159,558 | 2,503,487 |

⁽¹⁾ The following expenses were recognized in 2023, posted in Other operational expenses: a regulatory fine of R\$10,660 resulting from an Aneel inspection in 2019 to check the procedures and criteria adopted by the Company in application of the conditions required by regulations established for Micro- and Mini-Distributed Generation; and financial compensation totaling R\$62,103 for delay in the commercial services arising from alterations in Aneel Normative Resolution 1000 of December 7, 2021.



25. FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| FINANCE INCOME | | · |
| Income from financial investments | 31,463 | 25,829 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins charged on finance income (1) | (16,301) | (11,999) |
| Accruals on energy bills | 137,246 | 193,376 |
| Foreign exchange variations - Itaipu Binacional | 13,111 | 32,213 |
| Interest | 7,362 | 15,085 |
| Interests of escrow deposits | 20,843 | 19,959 |
| Interest - CVA (Note 11b) | 92,078 | 111,216 |
| Others | 27,963 | 19,478 |
| | 313,765 | 405,157 |
| FINANCE EXPENSES | | |
| Charges on loans and debentures (Note 18) | (147,917) | (113,012) |
| Amortization of transaction cost (Note 18) | (2,008) | (874) |
| Forluz - Interest charges | (10,455) | (21,933) |
| Interest - loans and debentures (Note 18) | (85,018) | (139,778) |
| Interest on PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes credits over ICMS refundable (2) | (68,181) | (375,383) |
| R&D and PEE - monetary adjustments | (19,300) | (16,208) |
| Interest on leases (Note 15) | (13,103) | (9,511) |
| Interest - Others | (9,402) | (11,815) |
| Others | (39,164) | (24,227) |
| | (394,548) | (712,741) |
| NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES) | (80,783) | (307,584) |

| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| FINANCE INCOME | | |
| Income from financial investments | 20,776 | 16,828 |
| PIS/Pasep and Cofins charged on finance income (1) | (10,255) | (4,089) |
| Accruals on energy bills | 75,597 | 100,252 |
| Foreign exchange variations - Itaipu Binacional | 11,222 | 8,248 |
| Interest | 2,923 | 14,226 |
| Interests of escrow deposits | 12,355 | 11,258 |
| Interest - CVA (Note 11b) | 65,468 | 59,217 |
| Others | 11,441 | 12,890 |
| | 189,527 | 218,830 |
| FINANCE EXPENSES | | |
| Charges on loans and debentures (Note 18) | (78,011) | (56,774) |
| Amortization of transaction cost (Note 18) | (1,136) | (442) |
| Forluz - Interest charges | (4,475) | (11,761) |
| Interest - loans and debentures (Note 18) | (19,590) | (77,589) |
| Interest on PIS/Pasep and Cofins taxes credits over ICMS refundable (2) | (32,445) | (366,020) |
| R&D and PEE - monetary adjustments | (9,412) | (9,130) |
| Interest on leases (Note 15) | (6,711) | (4,664) |
| Interest - Others | (6,567) | (6,428) |
| Others | (19,615) | (18,409) |
| | (177,962) | (551,217) |
| NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES) | 11,565 | (332,387) |

⁽²⁾ PIS/Pasep and Cofins expenses are levied on financial income and interest on own capital.

⁽³⁾ The interet of the tax credits related to PIS/Pasep and Cofins, arising from the exclusion of ICMS from its calculation basis, and the liability to be refunded to consumers is presented by net value. With the offsetting of the credits, the liability to be refunded to consumers exceeded the value of the credits to be received, generating a net financial expense.



26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Cemig D's main balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

| | ASSET | rs | LIABILI | ΓIES | REVE | NUES | EXPE | NSES |
|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| ENTITY | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
| Transactions with energy (3) | | | | | | | | |
| Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais | 72 | 70 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cemig Geração e Transmissão | 1,324 | 4,634 | 25,361 | 28,488 | 15,713 | 18,135 | (163,877) | (138,723) |
| Aliança Geração | 4,245 | 4,070 | 11,196 | 11,366 | 24,102 | 29,229 | (63,043) | (58,776) |
| Norte Energia | - | - | 29,750 | 30,263 | - | - | (134,538) | (119,684) |
| Taesa | - | - | 9,193 | 10,891 | - | - | (63,762) | (59,624) |
| Hidrelétrica Cachoeirão | - | - | - | - | 837 | - | - | - |
| Hidrelétrica Pipoca | - | 108 | - | - | 891 | - | - | - |
| Connection charges | | | | | | | | |
| Cemig Geração e Transmissão (5) | - | - | 13,964 | 10,874 | - | - | (48,933) | (38,926) |
| Customers and traders | | | | | | | | |
| Governo do Estado de Minas Gerais (1) | 42,697 | 36,558 | - | - | 87,050 | 85,851 | - | - |
| Cooperation Working Agreement (2) | | | | | | | | |
| Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais | - | - | 14,429 | 26,483 | - | - | (20,121) | (22,485) |
| Cemig Geração e Transmissão | - | - | 352 | 2,565 | - | - | (134) | (431) |
| Loan with related parties | | | | | | | | |
| Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais (4) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (15,194) | (3,024) |
| Interest on Equity, and dividends | | | | | | | | |
| Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais | - | - | 1,187,872 | 1,183,846 | - | - | - | - |
| FIC Pampulha | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 132,987 | 46,948 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Marketable securities | 317,367 | 278,552 | - | - | 3,420 | 5,618 | - | - |
| Non-current | | | | | | | | |
| Marketable securities | 1,066 | 1,052 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Forluz | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Post-employment obligations (6) | - | - | 154,070 | 143,863 | - | - | (81,562) | (86,514) |
| Supplementary pension contributions - Defined contribution plan (7) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (26,482) | (26,066) |
| Administrative running costs (8) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (14,220) | (12,965) |
| Operating leasing (9) | - | - | 18,686 | 18,686 | - | - | (12,304) | (11,352) |
| Non-current | | | | | | | | |
| Post-employment obligations (6) | - | - | 1,211,475 | 1,245,553 | - | - | - | - |
| Operating leasing (9) | 130,817 | 133,724 | 131,561 | 132,151 | - | - | - | - |
| Cemig Saúde | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Health Plan and Dental Plan (10) Non-current | - | - | 155,919 | 151,833 | - | - | (142,166) | (139,004) |
| Health Plan and Dental Plan (10) | | | 2,269,697 | 2,283,748 | | | | |

As principais condições relacionadas aos negócios entre partes relacionadas estão demonstradas abaixo:

- (1) Refers to the sale of energy to the State Government of Minas Gerais considering that the price of energy is that defined by Aneel through a resolution on the Company's annual tariff adjustment;
- (2) Technical Cooperation Working Agreement between Cemig, Cemig D and Cemig GT, instituted by Aneel Dispatch 3,208/2016. Principally includes reimbursement of expenses related to sharing of infrastructure, personnel, transport, telecoms and IT;
- (3) The transactions in purchase and sale of energy between generators and distributors take place through auctions in the Regulated Market, organized by the federal government. In the Free Market, the transactions are carried out either through auctions, or by direct contracting, under the applicable legislation. Operations in transport of energy, on the other hand, are carried out by the transmission companies, and arise from the centralized operation of the National Grid, executed by the National System Operator (ONS);
- (4) These refer to loan contracts signed between the Company and its parent company, on February 10 in the amount of R\$150,000, and on February 15, 2023 in the amount of R\$200,000. The loans in question, which were guaranteed by a Promissory Note issued by Cemig D to the benefit of its parent company, were settled on June 7, 2023, plus interest in the amounts of R\$6,657 and R\$8,538, respectively, corresponding to interest at 110% of the CDI rate. The loans had the consent of Aneel;
- (5) This refers to the contract (CCT) for connection of the distribution facilities to the transmission system;
- (6) The contracts of Forluz are updated by the Expanded Customer Price Index (Índice Nacional de Preços ao Consumidor Amplo, or IPCA) calculated by the Brazilian Geography and Statistics Institute (IBGE) and will be amortized up to business year 2024 (more details in Note 20 of this interim financial information);
- (7) The Company's contributions to the pension fund for the employees participating in the Mixed Plan, and calculated on the monthly remuneration, in accordance with the regulations of the Fund.



- (8) Funds for annual current administrative costs of the Pension Fund in accordance with the specific legislation of the sector. The amounts are estimated as a percentage of the Company's payroll;
- (9) Rental of the Company's administrative head office, in effect up to August 2024 (Júlio Soares building, able to be extended every five years, up to 2034), with annual inflation adjustment by the IPCA index and price reviewed every 60 months. On September 20, 2022 the lease contract was adjusted upward by 8.72%, corresponding to accumulated IPCA inflation over the prior 12 months;
- (10) Post-employment obligations relating to the employees' health and dental plan (more details in Note 20 of this interim financial information).

Cash investments in FIC Pampulha

Cemig and its subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities invest part of their financial resources in an investment fund which has the characteristics of fixed income and obeys the Company's cash investment policy. The amounts invested by the fund are reported as cash and cash equivalent or marketable securities line in current and non-current assets.

The funds applied are allocated only in public and private fixed income securities, subject only to credit risk, with various maturity periods, obeying the unit holders' cash flow needs.

Remuneration of key management personnel

The total remuneration of key personnel, comprising the Executive Board, the Fiscal Council, the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, are within the limits approved at a General Shareholders' Meeting, and the effects on the Statement of income of the in year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

| | Jan to Jun/2023 | Jan to Jun/2022 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Remuneration | 5,883 | 5,007 |
| Income sharing (reversal) | (55) | 578 |
| Pension plans | 749 | 647 |
| Health and dental plans | 39 | 54 |
| Life insurance | 8 | 15 |
| Total (1) | 6,624 | 6,301 |

⁽¹⁾ The company does not directly remunerate the members of the key personnel. They are paid by the controlling stockholder. These expenses are refunded through the sharing agreement for human resources and infrastructure between Cemig, Cemig Distribuição, Cemig Geração e Transmissão and other subsidiaries of the Group, consented to by Aneel in its Dispatch 3,208/2016.



27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Financial instruments classification and fair value

The main financial instruments are as follows:

| | Laurel | Jun. 30 |), 2023 | Dec. 31 | l, 2022 |
|---|--------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Level | Balance | Fair value | Balance | Fair value |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Marketable securities - Cash investments | | 3,365 | 3,365 | 39,581 | 39,581 |
| Receivables from customers, traders and concession holders (Note 6) | | 3,437,337 | 3,437,337 | 3,138,398 | 3,138,398 |
| Restricted cash | | 570 | 570 | 1,444 | 1,444 |
| Concession financial assets - CVA (Parcel 'A' Costs Variation Compensation) Account, and Other financial components | | 890,809 | 890,809 | 944,090 | 944,090 |
| Reimbursement of tariff subsidies | | 117,184 | 117,184 | 90,923 | 90,923 |
| Low-income subsidy | | 64,727 | 64,727 | 62,479 | 62,479 |
| Escrow deposits | | 653,081 | 653,081 | 651,279 | 651,279 |
| | | 5,167,073 | 5,167,073 | 4,928,194 | 4,928,194 |
| Fair value through profit or loss | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents - cash investments | 2 | 858,238 | 858,238 | 356,842 | 356,842 |
| Marketable securities | | | | | |
| Bank certificates of deposit | 2 | 370,665 | 370,665 | 30,587 | 30,587 |
| Treasury Financial Notes (LFTs) | 1 | 79,741 | 79,741 | 64,208 | 64,208 |
| Financial Notes - Banks | 2 | 216,008 | 216,008 | 144,798 | 144,798 |
| Debentures | 2 | 3,109 | 3,109 | 1,595 | 1,595 |
| | | 669,523 | 669,523 | 241,188 | 241,188 |
| Concession financial assets - Distribution infrastructure | 3 | 1,538,165 | 1,538,165 | 1,369,652 | 1,369,652 |
| | | 3,065,926 | 3,065,926 | 1,967,682 | 1,967,682 |
| | | 8,232,999 | 8,232,999 | 6,895,876 | 6,895,876 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Loans and debentures | | (6,079,600) | (6,079,600) | (4,575,998) | (4,575,998) |
| Debt with pension fund (Forluz) | | (127,611) | (127,611) | (182,140) | (182,140) |
| Equalization of pension fund deficit (Forluz) | | (392,756) | (392,756) | (396,483) | (396,483) |
| Suppliers | | (1,697,417) | (1,697,417) | (1,929,723) | (1,929,723) |
| Leasing transactions | | (296,399) | (296,399) | (259,873) | (259,873) |
| | | (8,593,783) | (8,593,783) | (7,344,217) | (7,344,217) |

Information about (i) financial instrument classifications and fair value; and (ii) methodology for calculating the fair value of positions is disclosed in note 27 of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

b) Financial risk management

Exchange rate risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of appreciation in exchange rates due to the payment of energy purchased from Itaipu. The risk exposure of Cemig D is mitigated by the account for compensation of variation of parcel A items (CVA).

The net exposure to exchange rates is as follows:

| Exposure to exchange rates | Jun. 30 | , 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|--|
| Exposure to exchange rates | Foreign currency | R\$ | Foreign currency | R\$ | |
| US dólar | | | | | |
| Suppliers (Itaipu Binacional) (Note 16) | (46,038) | (221,868) | (52,440) | (273,618) | |
| Net liabilities exposed | | (221,868) | | (273,618) | |



Sensitivity analysis

Based on finance information from its financial consultants, the Company estimates that in a probable scenario the variation of the exchange rates of foreign currencies in relation to the Real on June 30, 2024 will be an appreciation of the dollar by 3.34%, to R\$4.98. The Company has prepared a sensitivity analysis of the effects on the Company's net income arising from depreciation of the Real exchange rate in relation to this 'adverse' scenario:

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Jun. 30, 2024 | | |
|---|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Risk: foreign exchange rate exposure | Balance | 'Probable' scenario US\$ R\$4.98 | 'Adverse' scenario US\$ R\$5.99 | |
| US dólar | | | | |
| Suppliers (Itaipu Binacional) (Note 16) | (221,868) | (229,271) (2 | | |
| Net liabilities exposed | (221,868) | (229,271) | (275,673) | |
| Net effect of exchange variation | _ | (7,403) | (53,805) | |

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of decrease in Brazilian domestic interest rates on June 30, 2023. This risk arises from the effect of variations in Brazilian interest rates on net financial income comprised by financial revenues from cash investments made by the Company, and also to the financial assets related to the CVA and other financial components, and to the financial expenses associated to loans and debentures in Brazilian currency, and also sectorial financial liabilities.

Part of the loans in Brazilian currency is obtained from several financial agents that specify interest rates taking into account basic interest rates, the risk premium compatible with the companies financed, their guarantees, and the sector in which they operate.

This exposure occurs as a result of net assets indexed to variation in interest rates, as follows:

| Risk: Exposure to domestic interest rate changes | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash equivalents - cash investments (Note 4) | 858,238 | 356,842 |
| Marketable securities (Note 5) | 672,888 | 280,769 |
| CVA and Other financial components in tariffs (Note 11b) | 890,809 | 944,090 |
| | 2,421,935 | 1,581,701 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Loans and debentures - CDI rate (Note 18) | (3,066,328) | (1,317,792) |
| Net liabilities exposed | (644,393) | 263,909 |



Sensitivity analysis

In relation to the most significant interest rate risk, Company estimates that, in a probable scenario, at June 30, 2024 Selic rates will be 10.75%. The Company made a sensitivity analysis of the effects on its net income arising from a decrease in the rate. Fluctuation in the CDI rate accompanies the fluctuation of Selic rate.

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Jun. 30, 2024 | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Risk: Increase in Brazilian interest rates | Balance | 'Probable' scenario Selic 10.75% | 'Adverse' scenario Selic 15.50% | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash equivalents - cash investments (Note 4) | 858,238 | 950,499 | 991,265 | |
| Marketable securities (Note 5) | 672,888 | 745,223 | 672,888 | |
| CVA and Other financial components in tariffs - Selic rate (Note 11b) | 890,809 | 986,571 | 890,809 | |
| | 2,421,935 | 2,682,293 | 2,554,962 | |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Loans and debentures - CDI rate (Note 18) | (3,066,328) | (3,395,958) | (3,541,609) | |
| Net liabilities exposed | (644,393) | (713,665) | (986,647) | |
| Net effect of variation in interest rates | | (69,272) | (342,254) | |

Inflation risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of increase in inflation index on June 30, 2023. A portion of the loans and debentures as well as the pension fund liabilities are adjusted using the IPCA (Expanded National Customer Price). The revenues are also adjusted using the IPCA or IGP-M index, mitigating part of the Company risk exposure. This table presents the Company's net exposure to inflation index:

| Exposure to increase in inflation | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Assets | | |
| Concession financial assets related to infrastructure - IPCA index (*) (Note 11a) | 1,538,165 | 1,369,652 |
| | 1,538,165 | 1,369,652 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Loans and debentures - IPCA index (Note 18) | (3,048,529) | (3,283,833) |
| Debt agreed with pension fund (Forluz) - IPCA index (Note 20) | (127,611) | (182,140) |
| Forluz deficit solution plan - IPCA index (Note 20) | (392,756) | (396,483) |
| | (3,568,896) | (3,862,456) |
| Net liabilities exposed | (2,030,731) | (2,492,804) |

^(*) Portion of the concession financial assets relating to the Regulatory Remuneration Base of Assets ratified by the grantor (Aneel) after the 4rd tariff review cycle.



Sensitivity analysis

In relation to the most significant risk of reduction in inflation index, reflecting the consideration that the Company has more assets than liabilities indexed to inflation indexes, the Company estimates that, in a probable scenario, at June 30, 2024 the IPCA inflation index will be 4.52% and the IGPM inflation index will be 1.94%. The Company made a sensitivity analysis of the effect on the result in an 'Adverse' scenario, as follows:

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Jun. 30 |), 2024 |
|---|---------------|--|--|
| Risk: increase in inflation index | Balance | 'Probable' scenario IPCA 4.52% IGPM 1.94% | 'Adverse' scenario IPCA 6.35% IGPM 5.49% |
| Assets | | | |
| Concession financial assets related to infrastructure - IPCA index (*) (Note 11a) | 1,538,165 | 1,607,690 | 1,635,838 |
| | 1,538,165 | 1,607,690 | 1,635,838 |
| | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Loans and debentures - IPCA index (Note 18) | (3,048,529) | (3,186,323) | (3,242,111) |
| Debt agreed with pension fund (Forluz) - IPCA index (Note 20) | (127,611) | (133,379) | (135,714) |
| Equation of the deficit on Pension Plan (Forluz) - IPCA Index (Note 20) | (392,756) | (410,509) | (417,696) |
| | (3,568,896) | (3,730,211) | (3,795,521) |
| Net liabilities exposed | (2,030,731) | (2,122,521) | (2,159,683) |
| Net effect of variation in IPCA and IGP-M indexes | | (91,790) | (128,952) |

^(*) Portion of the concession financial assets relating to the Regulatory Remuneration Base of Assets ratified by the grantor (Aneel) after the 4rd tariff review cycle

Liquidity risk

The information on how the Company manages liquidity risk is given in Note 27 to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The flow of payments of the Company and subsidiaries obligation to suppliers, debts with the pension fund, loans and debentures, at floating and fixed rates, including future interest up to contractual maturity dates, is as follows:

| | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 months to 1 year | 1 to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|--|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Financial instruments at (interest rates): | | | | | | |
| - Floating rates (*) | | | | | | |
| Loans and debentures | | | | | | |
| | 51,541 | 100,988 | 1,235,521 | 5,934,237 | - | 7,322,287 |
| Debt with pension plan (Forluz) | | | | | | |
| | 10,905 | 21,909 | 100,928 | - | - | 133,742 |
| Equation of the deficit on Pension Plan (Forluz) - | | | | | | |
| IPCA Index | 4,840 | 9,711 | 44,677 | 259,826 | 264,756 | 583,810 |
| | 67,286 | 132,608 | 1,381,126 | 6,194,063 | 264,756 | 8,039,839 |
| - Fixed rate | | | | | | |
| Cumpliars | | | | | | |
| Suppliers | 1,521,019 | 176,179 | 219 | - | - | 1,697,417 |
| | 1,588,305 | 308,787 | 1,381,345 | 6,194,063 | 264,756 | 9,737,256 |

^(*) The lease payment flow is presented in note 15.

Risk of debt early maturity

The Company has loan and debentures contracts with restrictive covenants related to compliance with a financial index. More details in Note 18 of this interim financial information.



Credit risk and other operational risks

The information on how the Company manages: (i) credit risk; (ii) risk of overcontracting or undercontracting supply of electricity; (iii) risk to continuity of the concession; and (iv) hydrological risk, is given in Note 28 to the financial statements for 2022.

c) Capital management

The Company's net liabilities in relation to its equity at the end of the period are presented as follows:

| | Jun. 30, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2022 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total liabilities | 18,563,652 | 18,307,385 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (899,048) | (440,700) |
| Marketable securities | (671,821) | (279,717) |
| Net liabilities | 16,992,783 | 17,586,968 |
| | | |
| Total equity | 8,461,008 | 7,105,260 |
| Net liabilities / equity | 2.01 | 2.48 |

28. PERIODIC TARIFF REVIEW

On May 23, 2023, by Ratifying Resolution 3202 of that date, Aneel ratified the result of Cemig D's Periodic Tariff Review. This established an average tariff increase of 13.27% for consumers: For Group A (high and medium voltage) the average increase was 8.94%; and for Group B (low voltage) the average increase was 15.55%. The percentage increase corresponding to the Company's Manageable Costs ('Portion B') was 0.66%; the remaining, 12.61%, portion of the total percentage has a null effect on the Company's profit, since it consists of direct pass-throughs to the tariff of the following items of increased costs: (i) increase of 5.09% in Nonmanageable ('Portion A') costs - mainly purchase of power supply, transmission costs, sector charges and non-recoverable revenues; and (ii) 7.52% increase in the Other financial components element of the tariff. These increases are in effect from May 28, 2018 to May 27, 2024.

29. RISKS RELATED TO COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Parliamentary Committee of Inquiry ('CPI')

On June 17, 2021, the Legislative Assembly of Minas Gerais has established a Parliamentary Committee of Inquiry ('CPI') to investigate management acts of Cemig since 2019. The CPI was empowered to investigate the facts that were the basis for the request for its establishment, and by means of requirements, the CPI requested various information and documents related mainly to people management and procurement processes, which were fully met by the Company in compliance with the stipulated deadlines.

On February 18, 2022 the CPI approved its final report, to be submitted to the Public Attorneys' Office of Minas Gerais State, and other public control bodies, for assessment of what further submissions of it should be made. So far, there has been no definition of measures that may be adopted by MPMG due to the results of the CPI.



The Company carries out regular internal audits; and no material impacts on the interim financial information for the first half of 2023, nor for prior fiscal year, have been identified.



FINANCIAL RESULTS

(The operational information was not reviewd by the independent auditors)

Net income for the quarter

Cemig Distribuição presented, in the second quarter of 2023, net income of R\$365,439 compared to net loss of R\$900,278 in the same period of 2022. The main variations in the comparison of the results of the three months of 2023 and 2022 are presented below:

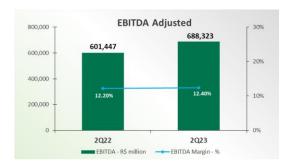
Ebitda (Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization)

| Lajida - R\$ mil | 2Q23 | 2Q22 |
|--|----------|-----------|
| Net income (loss) for the period | 365,439 | (900,278) |
| + Income tax and Social Contribution tax | 137,575 | (524,406) |
| + Net financial revenue (expenses) | (11,565) | 332,387 |
| + Depreciation and amortization | 196,874 | 178,881 |
| = Ebitda (1) | 688,323 | (913,416) |
| Refunded of PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits on ICMS | - | 1,660,356 |
| TDRA* related to infrastructure | - | (145,493) |
| = Adjusted EBITDA (2) | 688,323 | 601,447 |

^{*} Term of Debt Recognition Agreement

- (1) Ebitda is a non-accounting measure prepared by the Company, reconciled with the consolidated interim financial information in accordance with CVM Circular SNC/SEP n. 1/2007 and CVM Resolution n. 156/2022. It comprises Net income adjusted by the effects of net financial revenue (expenses), Depreciation and amortization, and Income and Social Contribution taxes. Ebitda is not a measure recognized by Brazilian GAAP nor by IFRS; it does not have a standard meaning; and it may be non-comparable with measures with similar titles provided by other companies. The Company publishes Ebitda because it uses it to measure its own performance. Ebitda should not be considered in isolation or as a substitution for net income or operational profit, nor as an indicator of operational performance or cash flow, nor to measure liquidity nor the capacity for payment of debt.
- (2) The Company adjusts the Ebitda calculated in accordance with CVM Resolution 156/2022 by excluding the items that, by their nature, do not contribute to the information on the potential gross cash generation since they are extraordinary.





Cemig D reports Ebitda in 2Q23 of R\$688,323 positive compared to R\$913,416 negative in 2Q22; Ebitda margin in 2Q23 was 12.40% (positive), compared to 18.52% negative in 2Q22. The difference reflects recognition, in 2022, of the effects of coming into force of Law 14,385/22, which determined the full allocation of PIS/Pasep and Cofins credits on ICMS to users of electricity distributors

Ebitda adjusted to exclude non-recurring items was 14.44% higher year-on-year in 2Q23, at R\$688,323, compared to R\$601,447 in 2Q22. Ebitda margin in 2Q23 was 12.40%, compared to 12.19% in 2Q22.

Operational revenue



The composition of the Company's revenue is as follows:

| | Segundo Trim/2023 | Segundo Trim/2022 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Revenue from supply of energy - captive customers, in Cemig's concession area | 5,097,880 | 5,475,415 |
| Reimbursement of PIS/Pasep and Cofins over ICMS credits to customers- realization | 561,518 | 498,773 |
| Revenue from use of the energy distribution systems (TUSD) - free customers | 1,125,668 | 920,530 |
| CVA and Other financial components | (164,650) | (271,933) |
| Distribution construction revenue | 859,801 | 683,279 |
| Adjustment to expectation from reimbursement of distribution concession financial assets | 46,731 | 19,030 |
| Fine for violation of service continuity indicator | (32,910) | (19,305) |
| Mechanism for the sale of surplus | - | 66,855 |
| Other operating revenues | 558,157 | 762,406 |
| Taxes and charges levied on revenues | (2,502,738) | (3,203,931) |
| | 5,549,457 | 4,931,119 |

Revenue from supply of energy - captive customers, in Cemig's concession area

Total revenue from energy sold to final customers in was R\$5,097,880 in 2Q23, compared to R\$5,475,415 in 2Q22, representing a reduction of 6.90%. The main factors in this revenue, in 2Q23, were:

| | 2Q23 | | 2Q22 | | | Change (%) | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|--|---------|---------|
| Composition of supply by consumption class | MWh³ | R\$ | Average price/MWh billed (R\$/MWh) (1) | MWh³ | R\$ | Average price/MWh billed (R\$/MWh) (1) | MWh³ | R\$ |
| Residential | 2,944,206 | 2,531,658 | 859.88 | 2,768,128 | 2,724,031 | 984.07 | 6.36 | (7.06) |
| Industrial | 340,970 | 291,568 | 855.11 | 399,303 | 334,891 | 838.69 | (14.61) | (12.94) |
| Commercial, Services and Others | 1,101,140 | 1,255,870 | 1,140.52 | 1,173,445 | 1,359,370 | 1,158.44 | (6.16) | (7.61) |
| Rural | 796,071 | 536,103 | 673.44 | 841,411 | 539,604 | 641.31 | (5.39) | (0.65) |
| Public authorities | 239,549 | 186,873 | 780.10 | 223,437 | 176,026 | 787.81 | 7.21 | 6.16 |
| Public lighting | 267,837 | 126,351 | 471.75 | 285,585 | 136,207 | 476.94 | (6.21) | (7.24) |
| Public services | 252,158 | 167,976 | 666.15 | 351,948 | 220,132 | 625.47 | (28.35) | (23.69) |
| Subtotal | 5,941,931 | 5,096,399 | 857.70 | 6,043,257 | 5,490,261 | 908.49 | (1.68) | (7.17) |
| Own consumption | 7,370 | _ | _ | 6,857 | _ | _ | 7.48 | |
| Wholesale supply to other concession holders (2) | - | 36,249 | - | - | 15,260 | - | - | 137.54 |
| Wholesale supply not yet invoiced, net | - | (34,768) | | - | (30,106) | | | 15.49 |
| Total | 5,949,301 | 5,097,880 | | 6,050,114 | 5,475,415 | | (1.67) | (6.90) |

- (1) The calculation of the average price does not include revenue from supply not yet billed.
- (2) Includes Regulated Market Energy Sale Contracts (CCEARs) and 'bilateral contracts' with other agents
- (3) Data not reviewed by independent auditors.
 - The volume of energy billed to consumers in the Services category was 28.35% lower, mainly due to migration of some of the facilities of a large client in the water and sewerage sector to the Free Market;
 - The volume of energy billed to consumers in the Industrial category was 14.61% lower, due to migration of clients from the captive market to the Free Market;
 - The volume of energy billed to Commercial and services consumers was 6.16% lower, mainly due to migration of clients to Mini-and Micro-Distributed Generation;
 - Volume of energy billed to clients in the Public lighting category was 6.21% lower, due to installation of LED lamps in some prefectures;



The volume of energy billed to Residential consumers was 6.36% higher, reflecting: (i) a year-on-year increase of 3.3% in the number of consumers; and (ii) average monthly consumption per consumer 3.0% higher.

In addition to the above comments, it should also be noted the significant reduction of the ICMS rate in the electricity tariffs in the second quarter of 2023 due to the setting of the ICMS rate, as of the second half of 2022, for all consumption classes, at the maximum limit of 18%.

Revenue from Use of Distribution Systems (the TUSD charge)

This is revenue from charging Free Customers the Tariff for Use of the Distribution System (TUSD), on the volume of energy distributed. From 2Q23 this was R\$1,125,668, compared to R\$920,530 in the same period in 2022, an increase of 22.28%.

This mainly reflects the average tariff for Free Clients being 22.82% higher in 2Q23 than in 2022. Also, the volume of energy transported in 2Q23 was 3.29% higher than in 2022.

| | MWh (1) | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| | Apr to Jun/2023 | Apr to Jun/2022 | Var % | | |
| Industrial | 5,272,256 | 5,236,044 | 0.69 | | |
| Commercial | 464,652 | 422,505 | 9.98 | | |
| Rural | 9,251 | 9,128 | 1.35 | | |
| Public services | 105,977 | - | - | | |
| Public authorities | 656 | 666 | - | | |
| Concessionaires | 78,183 | 73,729 | 6.04 | | |
| Total energy transported | 5,930,975 | 5,742,072 | 3.29 | | |

⁽¹⁾ Data not reviewed by independent auditors.

CVA and Other financial components in tariff adjustments

Cemig D recognizes in its interim financial information the positive or negative variations between actual non-controllable costs and the costs that are used in calculating rates charged to customers. These balances represent the amounts that should be reimbursed to the customers or passed on to Cemig D in the next tariff adjustments of Cemig D.

Deductions from revenue of R\$164,450 were recognized in 2Q23, compared to R\$271,933 in 2Q22. The difference mainly reflects higher charges for the use of the National Grid and electricity purchased for resale, in relation to the coverage granted in the recent tariff process.

See more information in note 11b of this interim financial information.

Construction revenue

The construction revenues associated with infrastructure of the electricity distribution concession in 2Q23 totaled R\$859,801 - an increase of 25.83% compared with R\$683,279 in 2Q22. This is basically due to the higher volume of execution of the Company's investment plan than in 2Q22, with greater mobilization of teams at the construction



phase, plus increase in the average cost of works, as prices of various materials and services are higher in 2Q23.

This revenue is fully offset by Construction costs, of the same amount, and corresponds to the Company's investments in assets of the concession in the period.

Taxes and regulatory charges reported as Deductions from revenue

The sector charges and taxes that are treated as deductions from revenue totaled R\$2,502,738 in 2Q23, or 21.89% less than in 2Q22 (R\$3,203,931). This is mainly a reflection of (i) reduction of the ICMS tax rate for all categories of consumer, and (ii) removal of applicability of this tax to (a) distribution services and (b) the sector charges linked to electricity operations, as mentioned above.

Operating costs and expenses (excluding financial income/expenses)

Operating costs and expenses totaled R\$5,058,008 in 2Q23, or 16.03% lower than in 2Q22 (R\$6,023,416).

The following paragraphs comment on the main variations. See more on the breakdown of Operating costs and expenses in Note 24 of this interim financial information.

Outsourced services

The expense on outsourced services in 2Q23 was R\$377,212, 14.85% higher than in 2Q23 (R\$328,439). The main factors were:

- Expenses on maintenance and conservation of facilities and equipment 22.39% higher, at R\$144,956 in 2Q23, compared to R\$118,436 in 2Q22. This mainly reflects the total billed for contracted services being 20% higher, plus the increase in corrective maintenance services in 2023 due to a longer rainy period;
- Charges for disconnection and reconnection 25.43% lower, at R\$19,737 in 2Q23, compared to R\$26,467 in 2Q22. This reflects digitalization of collection, with a lower number of physical disconnections, which are more costly, and implementation of remote disconnections, which can cost as little as one-tenth as much. A new contract was also negotiated in 2Q23 for lower prices of physical disconnection;
- Expenses on consultancy were 68.63% lower, at R\$1,993 in 2Q23, compared to R\$6,354 in 2Q22. This reduction is due to the Company implementing a new methodology for financial controls, in 2Q22;
- Expenses on inspection of consumer units were 29.85% higher, at R\$12,255 in 2Q23, compared to R\$9,438 in 2Q22. This reflects intensification of Cemig's combat of non-technical losses in 2Q23, principally in the project for inspection of consumer



units. The principal aim of the project is to keep the Company's losses within the limits specified by the regulator.

Energy bought for resale

The expense on electricity purchased for resale in 2Q23 was R\$2,306,032, or 2.16% higher than in 2Q22 (R\$2,257,209). The main factors are:

- Expenses on electricity acquired at auctions in the Regulated Market were 19.08% higher, at R\$995,113 in 2Q23, compared to R\$835,650 in 2Q22. This increase reflects the annual contractual adjustments, linked to the IPCA, and the entry of a new auction;
- Expenses on Distributed Generation were 4.03% higher in 2Q23, at R\$491,670, compared to R\$472,642 in 2Q22. This higher figure reflects the higher number of generation units installed and the higher volume of energy injected into the grid (1,101,458 MWh in 2Q23, compared to 714,820 MWh in 2Q22);
- Expenses in the cost with binational energy from Itaipu were 24.19% lower, being R\$310,711 in 2Q23, compared to R\$409,856 in the same period of 2022. This reduction is mainly due to the reduction in the price of Itaipu's demand, in dollar, from US\$24.73/KW to US\$16.19KW, defined by resolution.

This is a non-manageable cost: the difference between the amounts used as a reference for calculation of tariffs and the costs actually incurred is compensated for in the subsequent tariff adjustment. For more details please see Note 24a of this interim financial information.

Charges for use of the transmission network and other system charges

Charges for use of the transmission network in 2Q23 totaled R\$732.617, compared with R\$579,441 in 2Q22, an increase of 26.44%.

These charges are payable by energy distribution and generation agents for use of the facilities that are components of the national grid as well as the electric system. The amounts to be paid and/or received by the Company are set by a Resolution from the Regulator (Aneel).

The difference primarily reflects entry into operation of reserve energy contracts under the Simplified Competitive Procedure (PCS) of 2021, with a consequent increase in the reserve energy charges in the period.

This is a non-manageable cost: the difference between the amounts used as a reference for calculation of tariffs and the costs actually incurred is compensated for in the subsequent tariff adjustment. More details see note 11b of this interim financial information.



Operational provisions

Operating provisions were R\$105,749 in 2Q23 compared to R\$1,543,830 in 2Q22, representing a decrease of 93.15%. The main variations that explain this decrease are:

- constitution, in 2022, of an operating provision, in the updated amount of R\$1,405,106, arising from the accounting effects of the enactment of Law No. 14,385/22, which determines the full allocation, for the benefit of consumers, of the amounts subject to repetition of debt by the distributors, related to the exclusion of ICMS from the calculation basis of PIS/Pasep and Cofins;
- increase in provisions for employment-law contingencies, which presented a net constitution of R\$15,480 in the second quarter of 2023, compared to R\$2,533 in the same period of 2022. This variation is mainly due to recent unfavorable decisions against the Company related mainly to its own employees;
- Provisions for third-party liability legal contingencies were 59.38% higher year-on-year: net new provisions of R\$26,586 were made in 2Q23, compared to net new provisions of R\$16,681 made in 2Q22. This increase mainly arises from disputes related to consumer relations, in the normal course of business;
- Provisions for client default 76.15% lower in 2Q23, at R\$21,334, compared to R\$89,450 in 2Q22, due to (i) lower default in the period, and (ii) changes in the criteria for measuring default, to be more in line with the real default behavior of the Company's clients in practice.

Net financial revenue (expenses)

The net financial result in the second quarter of 2023 was a financial income of R\$11,565, compared to a net financial expense of R\$332,387 in the same period of 2022. The items that make up the financial result and that presented the most significant variations are listed below:

- Reduction of 91.14% in net financial expense with the restatement of tax credits related to PIS/Pasep and Cofins resulting from the exclusion of ICMS from their calculation basis, amounting to R\$32,445 in the second quarter of 2023, compared to R\$366,020 in the same period of 2022. This variation is due to the complement, in the second quarter of 2022, of the monetary restatement of the liability related to the portion of tax credits corresponding to the period of the last 10 years, in compliance with the legal determination of full allocation by the distributors, for the benefit of consumers, of the amounts subject to the repetition of the debt;
- Expenses on monetary updating of loans and debentures were 74.75% lower, at R\$19,590 in 2Q23, compared to R\$77,589 in 2Q22. This is mainly due to the difference in the IPCA inflation index (the main indexor used for updating the Company's debts) between the two periods it was 0.76% in 2Q23, but 2.22% in 2Q22;



- Income from cash investments was 23.46% higher in 2Q23, at R\$20,776, compared to R\$16,828 in 2Q22. This reflects the higher volume of cash invested in the period, reflecting the proceeds of the Company's 9th debenture issue;
- Net revenue from monetary updating on the balances of the CVA account, and of Other financial components, in the tariff calculation, was 10.56% higher in 2Q23: a gain of R\$65,468, compared to R\$59,217 in 2Q22. This basically reflects alteration in the criterion used by Aneel for monetary updating of the financial component approved in the 2023 tariff process;
- Revenue from late charges on electricity bills was 24.59% lower in 2Q23, at R\$75,597, compared to R\$100,252 in 2Q22. This reflects: (i) the lower level of default in the period, due to increase in use of collection tools; (ii) change in the charging of ICMS tax; and (iii) alteration of the inflation updating indexor from the IGPM inflation index (in effect up to May 2022) to the IPCA inflation index (in effect as from June 2022), in accordance with Aneel Normative Resolution 932/2021.

For a breakdown of financial revenues and expenses see Note 25 of this interim financial information.



Income tax and social contribution tax

In 2Q23 Cemig D's expense on income tax and the Social Contribution tax totaled R\$137,575, on pretax profit of R\$503,014. In 2Q22 the Company's expense on income tax and the Social Contribution tax was R\$524,406, on pretax profit of R\$1,424,684.

These effective rates are reconciled with the nominal tax rates in Note 8d of this interim financial information.

Reynaldo Passanezi Filho Chief Executive Officer **Dimas Costa** Chief Trading Officer **Leonardo George de Magalhães** Chief Finance and Investor Relations Officer

Marney Tadeu Antunes
Chief Distribution and Sales Officer

Marco da Camino Ancona Lopez Soligo Chief Officer Cemigpar

Thadeu Carneiro da Silva Chief without portfolio **Henrique Motta Pinto** Chief Regulation and Legal

Mário Lúcio Braga Controller Accountant - CRC-MG 47.822 José Guilherme Grigolli Martins Financial Accounting and Equity Interests Manager Accountant - CRC-1SP/242.451-O4



KPMG Auditores Independentes Ltda.

Rua Paraíba, 550 - 12º andar - Bairro Funcionários

30130-141 - Belo Horizonte/MG - Brasil

Caixa Postal 3310 - CEP 30130-970 - Belo Horizonte/MG - Brasil

Telefone +55 (31) 2128-5700

kpmg.com.br

A free translation from Portuguese into English of Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly Information prepared in Brazilian currency in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by International Accounting Standards Board - IASB

Report on Review of interim Financial Information - ITR (Free Translation)

To the Board Directors and Shareholders of **Cemig Distribuição S.A.**Campinas - SP

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim financial information of Cemig Distribuição S.A. ("the Company"), included in the Quarterly Information Form (ITR), for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, which comprises the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and the respective statements of income, and other comprehensive income for the three and sixmonths periods then ended, and changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, comprising explanatory footnotes.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the interim financial information in accordance with CPC 21(R1) and International Standard IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by International Accounting Standards Board — (IASB), and for presentation of these interim financial information in accordance with the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information (ITR). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards on Review Engagements (NBC TR 2410 - Revisão de Informações Intermediárias Executada pelo Auditor da Entidade and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards on Auditing and, consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion on the interim financial information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information included in the quarterly information referred to above was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34, applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information - ITR and presented in accordance with the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission - CVM.

Emphasis of matter

Risks related to compliance with laws and regulations

As mentioned in note 29 to the interim financial information, there are investigations being conducted by public authorities regarding the Company and in its parent company Companhia Energética de Minas Gerais – Cemig. We are currently unable to foresee future developments or potential impacts of these investigations conducted by public authorities in the financial statements. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other matters

Statements of Value Added

The quarterly information referred to above include the statements of value added (DVA) for the six-month period ended June 30, 2023, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's management, and presented as supplementary information for the purposes of IAS 34. These statements were submitted to the same review procedures followed together with the review of the Company's interim financial information, in order to form our conclusion whether they are reconciled to the interim financial information and to the accounting records, as applicable, and whether their form and content are in accordance with the criteria set on Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the statements of value added were not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the criteria set on that Standard and consistently with the interim financial information taken as a whole.

Belo Horizonte, August 03, 2023

KPMG Auditores Independentes Ltda.

CRC SP-014428/O-6 F-MG
Free-translation – Original version issued in Portuguese¹

Thiago Rodrigues de Oliveira Contador CRC 1SP259468/O-7

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